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All Iranian Resistance to Anglo-Soviet Forces Ends

London, Aug. 28.

A TEHERAN despatch to the Vichy news agency says that the new Iranian Government has decided to cease resistance.

Teheran Confirms Order

Confirmation of the Iran Government's intention to cease hostilities came by the Teheran radio, which declared that the new Premier, Ali Furughi, told Parliament all armed forces have been ordered to refrain from resistance.—Reuter.

Berlin. Aug. 28.

A new Iran Government has been formed, states a Teheran despatch to the official German news agency.

The Prime Minister is Ali Furughi, who was Prime Minister in 1932 to 1935, and the Foreign Minister is Ali Soheily.

A special meeting of the Cabinet was called to consider cessation of hostilities in view of the superiority of Soviet and British troops, thus saving furher bloodshed.—Reuter.

British Action in Iran Described

BY REUTERS SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT WITH BRITISH FORCES IN SOUTHERN IRAN

Khurramshahr, Aug. 28.

Taking the initiative jointly with Russia, it was in order to thwart Germany's clear intentions to seize Persian oil fields and to use the country as a springboard for attacking India and the Middle East, that British and Indian troops, under the supreme command of General Wavell, launched a three-point attack in Southern Iran.

Within less than 24 hours, British Forces had retaken control of the world's largest oil refinery plants at Abadan, captured the whole of the Iranian navy, seized the strategic wireless station at Khurramshahr, and trapped several axis merchantmen in the harbour at Bandarshahpur.

In addition, some 700 prisoners and some field batteries have already been captured in the British northward drive.

Blazing Heat

Operations were conducted in blazing heat and scorching south winds, sweeping in off the Persian gulf. Starting from Basra in the early hours of Monday, Lieut.-Gen. Harvey of the Indian Army in command of the attacking forces, pushed forward on three lines of attack. The first line consisted of Indian infantry which sailed down the Tigris in tugs, and sloops and made a surprise landing at Abadan.

Forces of an Indian infantry brigade made a night-long forced march across sandy wastes and captured Kurramshahr from the north, while a third Indian infantry column supported by mechanised units headed due north and was soon threatening Ahwaz, the keytown of important Persian oil fields.

Delayed by Sandstorm

The R.A.F. bomber in which I flew to the fighting zone was delayed by a most severe sandstorm, and when we arrived we found British and Indian forces cleaning up and resting for the next stage of operations.

Meanwhile, the Royal Navy had out-actioned two Persian gunboats, which opened up fire, then sank the Iranian flagship Babar and captured four Nazi vessels lurking in the harbour of Bandarshahpur. About the same time a column of Indian infantry, supported by British Artillery and Signallers, which had made a forced march from Basra, approached Khurramshahr from the north, capturing the wireless station. It was here that Admiral Bayendor, Iran's Navy Chief was killed in action, while gallantly defending the wireless station.

He was buried today by the British authorities, with full military honours.

Throughout the operations, the Iranian air force did not put in an appearance. The Royal Air Force, co-operating very closely with ground forces, straffed the aerodrome at Ahwaz, destroying several planes on the ground.

Troop Carriers' Part

Royal Air Force troop-carriers also landed infantry for protection of the civilian population.

Although the entire operational plan is shrouded in secrecy, it is known further British forces are penetrating to the centre of Iran from Baghdad, while the Russians were known yesterday to have advanced some 25 miles towards Teheran.

Although Iranian resistance is at present very limited, it is too early to speculate whether increased resistance is to be expected in the mountain regions.

Meanwhile, General Wavell's forces are relentlessly pushing on, determined to link up with those of their Russian allies and, at the earliest possible moment, to rid Iran once and for all of the Nazi menace.—Reuter.

O.C. British Troops In Iran Disclosed

London, Aug. 28.

The officer in charge of British and Indian forces in Iran is Lieutenant-General Edward Pellew-Quinan.

He has seen active service in Egypt, France, Iraq and the north-west Frontier, and has been twice wounded and six times mentioned in despatches.

He was formerly in command of the Waziristan District and in 1938 received the D.S.O. for services in the field during operations in that area in the previous year.—Reuter.

Hull Insists On Freedom Of the Seas

Washington, Aug. 28.

Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, yesterday indicated the United States would insist on maintaining freedom of the seas in shipping supplies to Vladivostok.

During a press conference Mr. Hull declined to make a direct statement regarding the Japanese attitude toward such shipments. Answering a question, however, as to whether the United States would insist on freedom of the seas in the Pacific, he said that until that policy was revoked reporters could assume it would remain in force.

Meanwhile, Admiral Kichisaburo Nomura, Japanese Ambassador, conferred with Mr. Hull for 40 minutes. Following the conference, however, he declined to reveal what subject was discussed, although he admitted Japanese resentment might exist because of Russia's priority in obtaining materials here which Japan was unable to acquire.

Representations Not Brought

Admiral Nomura, when he arrived at the State Department, said he brought no formal diplomatic representations from Tokyo. Questioned regarding shipments to Russia, he was non-committal and said he still hoped that "this as well as other problems will be settled."

Asked whether Japanese security would be threatened by shipments to Vladivostok, he replied "I leave that to your judgment."

Meanwhile, informed sources indicated that the United States would join Russia in firmly rejecting Japanese protests against shipments of American war supplies to Russia via Vladivostok.—United Press.

"Evading Clear-Cut Replies"

Tokyo, Aug. 28.

The influential "Asahi" today featured its Washington correspondent's report asserting that the United States Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, "is evading clear-cut replies in his talks with Ambassador Admiral Kichisaburo Nomura."

The report further charged that the United States Government had definitely adopted a military and diplomatic front against Japan. The Moscow conference, the despatching of a military mission to Chungking, shipments to Vladivostok, as well as stringent enforcement of the freezing order "give the impression that the United States Government is attempting to destroy trade with Japan through an economic war," the report declared.

"With assets frozen and negotiations for mail communications between the two countries failing to make any progress, most of the Japanese residents in the United States have been forced to make final decisions. The question of evacuating Japanese residents is now unavoidable," the report stated.—Domei.

New East African Commander Inspects Guard

Lieut.-Gen. Platt, who has been appointed to succeed Lieut.-Gen. Cunningham in East Africa and who played an important part during the campaign now almost concluded, shown reviewing a guard of honour at the Governor's Palace in Asmara. General Cunningham has been transferred to another command in the Middle East.

Laval Recovering After Attack by Gunman

Vichy, Aug. 28.

AFTER a five-hour grilling last night the assailant who shot M. Pierre Laval and M. Marcel Deat at Versailles, allegedly admitted the attack was part of a vast Communist plot.

M. Laval, former Premier, who was ousted from the Petain Cabinet and his position of Vice-Premier last December, and M. Deat, editor of the Paris Œuvre, were both bitter foes of the Petain regime.

They were shot while attending special ceremonies in connection with mobilization at the Borgnes-Desbordes barracks of an anti-Soviet French Legion to fight the Russians.

A third victim of the shooting, Major Durvy, who also escaped death and his condition was said not to be serious.

The Communist plot alleged to have been confessed by the would-be assassin Paul Colette, climaxed a wave of terrorism coincident with first verdicts against Communist chiefs in yesterday's swift trial in a special terrorist court in Paris.

M. Laval apparently was out of danger but M. Deat's wounds were serious, it was reported.

Held by Police

Colette was held by the French police and was not turned over to German authorities, hence it was not expected that Schaumburg reprisals would be operative against French hostages, since the victims were French, not German and the French authorities were handling the case.

A. W. Fadden Elected Australian Premier

Canberra, Aug. 28.

At a joint meeting of the United Australian Party and Country Party, Mr. A. W. Fadden was unanimously elected Prime Minister. Mr. Fadden was the former Treasurer.

Menzies, announced in the House of Representatives that the United Kingdom and Australian Governments had agreed that an Australian Minister should be sent to London as soon as possible.

It is believed that Mr. Menzies' resignation indicates that he himself will be going to London as the Australian Minister.—Reuter.

Acute Situation Now Prevails in Occupied France

Zurich, Aug. 28.

"The situation in the occupied zone of France has grown dramatically acute in the last few weeks," says the Basle newspaper "National Zeitung."

"Anti-German demonstrations, called communist by the occupying power and French authorities, cases of sabotage against traffic and railway accidents, murders of German officers, mass arrests of thousands of alleged communists, establishment of special tribunals by the French Government, German threats to shoot hostages should fresh sabotage occur—the mere enumeration of these events provides eloquent evidence on the state of the nation. It has become the central problem of French internal politics."

Commenting on increased communist activity since the outbreak of war with Russia, the article says: "Communists used the war period in the first year after the armistice to build up a well-camouflaged illegal organization, the nucleus of which has not been reached by any police action."

"Refined Methods of Germans"

The writer ascribes this to the inefficiency of French police mass measures compared with the "refined individualized methods of the Germans."

The paper comments: "The mass nature of the arrests in Paris tempts one to believe that Paris is attempting to give the Germans proof of their energy rather than follow any definite purpose."

Referring to the appeal by General von Stuelpnagel, commander-in-chief of the German army in France, which put Germanophobia on the same footing as communism, the article says: "It is an old trick to call any opposition communist. At present in occupied France practically all supporters of the national resistance idea are not yet reconciled to defeat, and those who oppose in any form the victor power are regarded as communists."

Adding that this applies in the widest sense to the threat to shoot hostages, the paper draws attention to a "highly interesting sentence" in a German public notice, which illustrates the close collaboration between the German and French authorities.

Regarded as Hostages

The notice mentions that there are "not only prisoners in the hands of the German military authorities but also those placed at the Germans' disposal by other official sources."

The paper says "this can only mean that prisoners in the hands of the French police are regarded by the German authorities as hostages and will be shot if sabotage continues."

It adds: "Readiness to collaborate with Germany is restricted to the small upper class but is rejected by the people. Germany is certainly strong enough to repress France however hostile, as it can deal with a parallel phenomenon in Norway, Holland and Serbia. But hopes held in a few German circles that the French might be made allies appear hardly capable of fulfilment at a time when the shooting of hostages is threatened."—Reuter.

Deat's Condition Critical

Vichy, Aug. 28.

M. Marcel Deat, pro-German editor of the "Paris Oeuvre," was sinking and his condition was grave, but the condition of M. Pierre Laval, former pro-Nazi Vice-Premier, improved at noon, according to hospital bulletins from Versailles which were broadcast by Paris today.—United Press.

Accepting the Communist challenge, the French Government, through M. Pierre Pucheu, Interior Minister, and Count Fernand de Brinon, French Ambassador to Paris, ordered intensification of repression against Reds.

One consequence of the shooting was that intensive investigation was begun into the anti-Communist legion to see if it was honeycombed with Red terrorists and agents. Colette had enlisted in the legion and hence was able to stage the shooting.

Laval Out of Danger

Versailles hospital surgeons announced at midnight that M. Laval was out of danger. Although first reports said the bullet wholly traversed M. Laval's body without touching a vital organ, surgeons reported the ball entered the right side, above the liver and near the heart but was not extracted despite a 40 minute operation due to his heart condition.

M. Deat's condition was critical because the bullet lodged at the base of the thorax, causing severe haemorrhage.

Major Durvy and a fourth victim, a Legionnaire named Desert, were both shot in their right arms, but were wholly out of danger.

Desset an anti-Communist volunteer, was hit by the fifth wild shot fired as the crowd struck Colette.

M. Laval telephoned his wife from the hospital and in a clear voice said the bullets had been successfully removed from his arm and liver.

"I'll recover," M. Laval was said to have told his wife.

Assassin Nearly Lynched

The would-be assassin, Paul Colette, was imprisoned after he was nearly lynched by bystanders.

[United Press.

(Continued on page 2, col. 6 *)

R.A.F. Continues Offensive Sweeps Over France

London, Aug. 28.

Ten German fighters were destroyed and eight British fighters were missing during large scale R.A.F. sweeps of the French coast yesterday, authoritative sources here reported last night.

The offensive sweep was staged over Northern France early yesterday.

Reports from Folkestone said that the R.A.F. began a procession across the Channel before breakfast yesterday. Squadrons of bombers and fighters followed each other in parade-like regularity.

As squadron followed squadron, their wings glittered in the brilliant sun. Several groups of fighters later returned.

Many squadrons, flying very high, were heard for more than two hours, said Folkestone reports.—United Press.

Bombers Attack Guarded Convoy

London, Aug. 28.

Pickings are becoming a bit rare these days for the men of the coastal command, therefore when the eager eyes of these flyers observe a large German convoy they allow no obstacle or danger to stand in their way.

On Tuesday, at about noon, a group of Blenheim bombers flying patrol without benefit of fighter escorts sighted a large enemy convoy off the German Frisian Islands. It was observed that the convoy was extremely well protected. The Germans were taking no chances with this precious freight. There were six "flak" ships which are vessels especially fitted as anti-aircraft destroyers bristling with guns guarding the merchantmen while above circled a patrol of Messerschmitts at about 1,000 feet.

Against this formidable line the Blenheims roared in low to attack. The first pilot singled out a freighter as a target and the crew believes it got a hit although it could not be verified because the pilot had to make a snap turn to avoid hitting the ship's mast. Another Blenheim attacked a freighter, dropping bombs amidships and causing a great flash of flames and smoke. Other crews busily occupied themselves bombing and maching-gunning the ships and escorts.

Meanwhile, as was expected, the enemy aircraft escort peeled off and came down to engage the Blenheims which were skilfully intent on creating havoc amongst the merchantmen but the British were ready for them and one flight of Blenheims, acting as a section in formation, adopted evasive tactics while its gunners kept concentrated fire on the German planes.

One gunner alone, according to the Air Ministry news service, fired 1,500 rounds of ammunition. He saw pieces fall off a Messerschmitt but there was no time for checking scores. The "flak ships" put up a fierce defence and one Blenheim in the thick of the barrage was seen to receive a hit and dive into the sea.

Another Convoy Attacked

About an hour later Blenheims with fighter escort found an even larger convoy off the Dutch coast. There were two lines of merchant ships staggered in a line astern with "flak" ships at the four corners of the convoy and two in the middle on the seaward side. Guns on shore reinforced the "flak" ships' barrage. Enemy fighters were seen but they stood off and did not engage either the Blenheims or fighter escort.

A Blenheim attacked one of the largest ships from a height of 50 feet dropping a bomb which blew all the top works from amidships and causing a billow of smoke which covered the entire vessel. Another bomber dropped a missile on the same ship which broke up and quickly sank.

In all, four other ships were hit and left blanketed in flames. Both the fighters and bombers machine-gunned the bridges and decks of many of the ships. "Nothing could have lived on those bridges after we had put such loads of lead in them," said one gunner.—Reuter.

Soviets Fighting Back Fiercely; Nazis Claim Dnieper Crossed

London, Aug. 28.

"DURING the night of August 27, our troops stubbornly fought the enemy in the directions of Kingisepp, Gomel, Dniepropetrovsk and Odessa," declares the latest Soviet communique.

The Germans claim to have crossed the Lower Dnieper, but no confirmation of this has been received from Moscow.

In the course of operations on August 26, 17 German planes were destroyed in air combat. We lost 8 planes."

The first air raid alarm for many days was sounded in Moscow this morning, states the Columbia Broadcasting correspondent in Moscow. Intense barrages were observed in several directions and night fighters were heard over the city, he says.

Berlin claimed this morning that German forces have crossed the Lower Dnieper, and have occupied an important railway town, which is 35 miles south west of the river. This claim, however, has not been confirmed by Moscow.

Whilst the Russian communique reports fighting in the Gomel sector, it is not known whether they have recaptured the city, as reported by the "Daily Mail" Stockholm correspondent. Further north, the Russians merely speak of heavy fighting.—Reuter.

Fighting Along Entire Front

Moscow, Aug. 28.

Titanic battles along the entire Russo-German front were reported yesterday in the Soviet communique.

"Our troops fought the enemy along the whole front," said the communique.

Other Soviet reports related a huge battle in the vicinity of Gomel in which Germans suffered tremendous losses.

Commanding General Ivan Berezovsky reported to headquarters here yesterday that the Germans lost 80,000 dead and wounded, 200 tanks and several hundred guns and planes in the battle of Gomel.

Meanwhile, large scale and continuous German air raids were being staged on the approaches to Leningrad, said reports.

The Moscow radio said that a Nazi air raid on Leningrad was repulsed and over 100 planes were shot down.

Telephone advices from Leningrad reported that Popular Guards were digging a new ring of trenches extending the elaborate defences inward. The reports said the whole city bastion had been changed in appearance.—United Press.

Russians Fighting Stubbornly

London, Aug. 28.

Radio Moscow today reported that Soviet troops yesterday stubbornly fought the Germans in the directions of Kingisepp, Smolensk, Gomel, Odessa and Dniepropetrovsk.

The Soviet troops inflicted heavy casualties on the 132nd German infantry division, Moscow radio claimed.

The battle took place near a village on the right bank of the Dnieper and "after the battle the Germans buried more than 6,000 dead," Moscow radio added.

"Two days ago the Rumanian Command sent four companies to find and destroy guerillas. The guerillas discovered this in time and made a number of ambushes and shot many Rumanian soldiers," Moscow radio reported.

"After losing 200 men, the punitive expedition turned back. The guerillas in the regions of Kotovsk, Balta, Rudnitza and Tarmakov inflicted particularly heavy losses on German and Rumanian troops, killing 400 officers and men and burning down eight munition dumps, four petrol dumps and capturing thirteen machine-guns, two light guns and more than 500 rifles.

"On August 26, the enemy lost seventeen planes in aerial combat. Our losses were light. Railwaymen on the Leningrad railroads were showing extreme heroism in bringing military trains to the front in the face of enemy artillery fire and aerial attacks." Moscow radio concluded.—United Press.

Russians Counter-Attack

Vichy, Aug. 28.

According to a Budapest message to the Vichy news agency last night, Russian troops launched counter-at-

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)

German Troops to Find Tallinn Mass Of Ruins

Stockholm, Aug. 28.

German troops who will enter Tallinn from the southeast will find only the burning, smoking remains of the most beautiful city in the Baltics, it was believed here today, for gigantic flares in the sky were clearly visible near the Estonian capital yesterday.

Originally it was believed that only the port and the ships in harbour were set on fire, but it was now ascertained here that the whole city was a victim of Russia's "scorched earth" policy.

Helsinki reports said that flames were visible for 50 miles across the Gulf of Finland.

The "Aftonbladet" quoted Soviet radio as saying that "not only Tallinn but entire Estonia is burning and there is not even a pack of oats left, not a single tower nor a single bomb.

"Oil shale plants have been destroyed."—United Press.

Serious Shortage of Food in Iran

London, Aug. 28.

Tempted by favourable credit terms which the Germans offered, Iran has sold for export virtually the whole of the year's grain harvest as well as stocks of tea and sugar, with complete disregard of the needs of Iranians, it is learned.

Already there is much destitution. Food riots have taken place in Sharaz, Ispahan, Kerman, Hamadan and Yezd, and even in the capital there is serious shortage, and discontent is rife.

It is estimated that in the oil areas of the south-west existing supplies will suffice for the barest needs of the civil population only until September 15.

In view of this lamentable state of affairs, orders have been given to the General Officer Commanding British troops to import at once into the area occupied by the British 6500 tons of wheat from Iraq.

This represents something like one month's supply and will meet initial requirements. It will in due course be supplemented by further consignments from India.—Reuter.

"Hochi" Writer Urges Japan to Show Courage

Tokyo, Aug. 28.

Mr. Teichi Muto, "Hochi Shimbun" columnist, today said that the emergency situation confronting Japan now had reached its most critical stage and therefore the whole nation desired that the Government show courage.

He urged that the Government show this courage by not hesitating to "push forward with a diplomatic offensive" in the event there was room for a peaceful settlement.

However, he said, if there was no such situation, Japan should "act speedily" because "if time is wasted there will be hundreds of disadvantages and not a single benefit.

"The Government must make a decision.... While we are neither pro-British nor pro-American, we are never the Fifth Columnists of Germany. To speak plainly, we are the Fifth Columnists of Japan. What we most desire is the welfare of Japan."—United Press.

R.A.F. Planes Provide Cover For British Advance in Iran

London, Aug. 28.

ROYAL Air Force fighters continued to provide protection to British forward troops in Iran yesterday, according to an R.A.F. Middle East communique.

One Hawker type plane was shot down while taking off at Ahwaz, while another was attacked on the ground.

British bombers again dropped pamphlets on Ispahan, Giraz and Kasbin. Another force successfully bombed gun positions and troop concentrations holding Pytak pass.

Further reports showed that during operations by British fighters on August 25 four Iranian aircraft, not three as stated in an earlier communique, were destroyed.

In the bombing attacks on Ahwaz aerodrome, direct hits were obtained on a hangar, setting it on fire and destroying at least one Iranian aircraft.

Tripoli Harbour Bombed

British aircraft were also active over Libya, attacking several targets at Cyrenaica and Tripolitania on the night of August 25-26. Tripoli harbour and dumps near the town were again heavily bombed. A particularly violent explosion was seen to hurl masses of debris high into the air, and it was followed by a bright fire. At Benghazi several bombs were dropped on railway sidings and an enemy encampment.

On the same night aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm bombed the harbour at Bardia and obtained direct hits on ships and started fires among petrol dumps.

Bombers of the South African Air Force at the same time heavily damaged concentrations of enemy mechanical transport vehicles near Rasuenna.

Enemy Ships Attacked

In the central Mediterranean, medium bombers of the R.A.F. attacked enemy ships. Direct hits with heavy bombs were obtained on one vessel, while another ship was left sinking.

A number of Italian Macchi C 200's, which approached Malta on Tuesday evening, were engaged by R.A.F. fighters and chased back to Sicily, where three of them were shot down, one falling in a village. Several other enemy fighters were badly damaged, the communique adds.

At Cyprus, R.A.F. fighters intercepted and shot down one S-69 off Famagusta, while in Abyssinia the R.A.F. and the South African air force bombed and machinegunned enemy positions at Gondar.

Only three British aircraft are missing from these operations.—Reuter.

Germans Said Fleeing Iran

Cairo, Aug. 28.

Germans were fleeing Teheran and other parts of Iran and rushing to Kurdistan in an effort to cross the Turkish frontier and evade the Anglo-Soviet forces, usually reliable sources reported today.

The Germans were believed to be travelling by every available means and a few leading Nazis were reported to have obtained planes directly to Turkey.—United Press.

U.S. Tankers Under Government Control

New York, Aug. 28.

Operation of all American tankers has been brought under Government direction through the creation of a Tanker Control Board, it is announced here. The Board will coordinate their allocation and utilization.

An official stated that there was no intention to commandeer tankers, but the Board would pool ships and direct operations with a view to ensuring greater efficiency.—Reuter.

here. One feature has been very successful: the use of air-borne troops.

With the Russians advancing quickly from the north, it is considered likely that any Germans trying to escape over the difficult mountain passes to Turkey will be trapped.

Naval operations have been a complete success and the British have made useful gains in tonnage.

Complete Co-operation

The political side of the Iranian situation is perfectly understood and the situation is fully realized in Egypt.

Iran also comprehends the Allied position, and complete cooperation is being afforded the British troops.

The reasons for the Allies's action in Iran have been fully explained in a series of interviews with Turkish officials, who are greatly interested as they are closely affected.—Reuter.

British Troops Advancing

Simla, Aug. 28.

In the southern area of operations in Iran, mopping-up has been completed at Khurramshahr and all is quiet at Abadan, where the populace appeared to welcome the British arrival, states the latest communique issued here this morning.

British gunboats are moving up the Karun river, which is navigable up to Ahwaz, about 120 miles from Bandar Shahpur.

As British subjects at Bandar Mashur, about eight miles north-east of Bandar Shahpur, are being threatened with arrest, further detachments have been landed at Bandar Shahpur.

In the northern area, the southern column operating from Khaniquin advanced yesterday from Gilan through mountainous country along the single narrow road to Shahabad (Imperial agricultural estate) and occupied it, also Alaibad, 15 miles from Shahabad.

About 2,000 Iranian troops were driven off high ground east of Gilan during this advance. The road was also defended by road blocks and anti-tank guns. The distance from Khaniquin to Shahabad by this route is about 100 miles, which was covered under three days.

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)

Priority Rules Revised

Washington, Aug. 27.

Mr. Edward R. Stettinius, Chairman and Director of the Priorities Board, effecting a broad revision in priority rules, today issued a new regulation providing that American manufacturers must accept orders for the war supplies for the United States, Britain, the Soviet Union, China and certain other countries, even though such acceptance means the delay of present deliveries of civilian goods.

The regulation said that defence orders included those for not only the Army, Navy and other Government defence agencies, but those for Britain, Belgium, China, Greece, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Russia and Yugoslavia, and also gave orders for delivery to any other country in the Western Hemisphere.

Previously, if a manufacturer accepted an order which carried a Government priority or preference rating, he was required to fill it ahead of other orders with a lower rating or none. He was not compelled, however, to accept the order if he did not choose to do so.

Major Provisions

It will be recalled that the requirement forcing a manufacturer to take orders was first included in the regulation, placing pig-iron under priority control. It is now extended to all manufacturers, producers, distributers and dealers in the United States.

Other major provisions in the revised priority system include:

1. A method under which persons, who are unable to obtain material to make defence goods, may receive the help of the Priorities Division in getting deliveries;

2. Requirement that firms holding defence orders must schedule production so that deliveries will be made on the dates required;

3. Subjection of inter-company deliveries, namely deliveries from one branch company to another, to the same restrictions applying to inter-company deliveries;

4. Prohibition against accumulating in excess of inventories.

The revised system calls for extensive records of purchases and deliveries.—Domei.

Nomura to See F.D.R.

Washington, Aug. 28.

The Japanese Ambassador, Admiral Kichisaburo Nomura, is expected to see President Roosevelt today for a personal conference.—Reuter.

Attack On Laval Regarded By Press As Proof Of Deep Unrest In France

New York, Aug. 28.

The attack on M. Laval is regarded by some American newspapers and press commentators as a striking proof of the deep unrest in France.

"The shots which struck him will echo far beyond Versailles in the troubled days looming ahead," says the "New York Times," which adds that it is natural that M. Laval should have been the first victim of rising French resentment against the betrayal of France for collaboration with Germany.

The attack, with the certainty of penalties as a result is merely a symptom of how deep the spirit of revolt has become.

The "New York Herald-Tribune" says: "The attack must be accepted as new indication that beneath the surface, French discontent is seething. The accompanying German drive to round up persons suspected of Communist sympathies shows that unrest is sufficiently widespread to cause the Germans to take special precautions. Evidence has been piling up during the last two weeks that a form of passive resistance is making itself felt in occupied France, and that Germany is unable to overcome it in any other way, and is being driven to use brute force."

Some wireless commentators foresee Hitler's troubles in Russia will be duplicated by large scale unrest in Western Europe, while others express fear of savage reprisals and tighter German control over Vichy.—Reuter.

Leningrad Stands Prepared; Every House Is a Fortress

BY REUTERS SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

Moscow, Aug. 28.

PEOPLE who have arrived here from Leningrad describe the city's tense heroic atmosphere. Every house is like a fortress. Throughout day and night fire-watchers are on every roof. Factories are working at a more intense tempo than ever before.

Women have in many cases replaced men gone to the front, and the city is working with one thought: "all for the front, all for victory."

The appearance of the streets has changed. Shop windows are sandbagged and boarded up. Troops, with band playing, march to the front. Red Cross nurses, wearing blue overalls, are seen everywhere.

The city will clearly be defended by the most modern methods. Anti-aircraft batteries in and around Leningrad are as active and well-equipped as Moscow's, and the Germans have already suffered enormous losses—101 planes in the last two days.

General Outlook Improved

The general outlook has unquestionably improved in recent days. The German advance on Leningrad continues, but slowly, owing to the violent resistance put up for every inch of ground by Russian troops inspired by Leningrad's determination to defend itself to the last.

The eyes of the whole Soviet Union are fixed on Leningrad, and the town's defence has become somehow for every man a question of personal honour.

Leningrad's biggest problem is to maintain communications and supplies with Moscow and Vologda from the east. Indications are that the Germans are for the present moving up along difficult and comparatively inaccessible country before Novgorod and Leningrad, and not venturing too close to the Moscow-Leningrad Railway.

They may not attempt to cut the railway until they are much nearer to Leningrad. For moving heavy equipment the conditions are becoming extremely unfavourable for the Germans, especially if the rainy weather continues and [illegible] precariousness of long lines of communications.

There is a growing feeling in Moscow that Marshal Voroshilov's proud prophecy that Leningrad will never fall in fascist hands is not a vain boast but may be the prelude to one of this war's most glorious epics.

Clearly the Leningrad district has a very large number of troops, to which can be added civil defenders, and also a large quantity of equipment of every kind. Both on account of the number of men and the equipment it will be difficult for the Germans to bring up adequate forces over long distances to smash Leningrad's defence.

Other sections of the front give the impression that the big German drive which started over a fortnight ago is exhausting itself, and that it will take time before another is ready, and time works against the Germans, especially in the north and central sectors.

Effective Counter-offensive

The Germans have certainly not succeeded in crossing the lower Dnieper and are stuck there. What is equally important, the left arm of the anti-Ukraine pincer movement from Gomel, with which the Germans had hoped to penetrate the Briansk, Kharkov and Don basin, has been effectively snapped off by the Russians by what appears to be the war's most effective counter-offensive in the Gomel area.

The German claim of the capture of Dnieperpetrovsk has not been confirmed by the Russians. The failure of the Nazi drive against Kiev is manifest—the Germans got an enormous licking, again there a few days ago—and the defence of Odessa, the Black Sea's "super Tobruk," continues effectively and promises to be a constant thorn in the side of the occupiers of western Ukraine.—Reuter.

Problems of Imperial War Cabinet Discussed

BY REUTER'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

London, Aug. 28.

THERE has been much discussion in political circles on the question of Dominions participation in the direction of the war. Point has been lent to this discussion by the recent proceedings in Australia. In regard to the question of an imperial war cabinet it is felt that admirable though such a suggestion is in theory it presents enormous difficulties in practice. Reference is continually made to the Imperial War Cabinet in the last war but in fact that cabinet met only three times, once in 1917 and twice in 1918.

It was in fact a gathering of Dominions Prime Ministers. There have been attempts during this war to arrange for similar meetings of Dominions Prime Ministers but up to the present it has not been found possible to get them all in this country at the same time.

Full Communications

It must be remembered too that there is very full inter-communication between various Dominions Governments and this country. Moreover the Dominions Secretary attends every meeting of the War Cabinet and there is a meeting every day between the Dominions Secretary and the High Commissioners who are given a very full account of what is going on. There is also a stream of telegrams between Britain and the various British High Commissioners in the Dominions and from them to Britain.

Another suggestion which has been discussed is that visiting Prime Ministers should also be members of the War Cabinet. Although there are certain technical difficulties in this proposal as it is a United Kingdom War Cabinet, in practice any visiting Prime Minister attends the War Cabinet and takes part in all discussions except those of a purely domestic nature and the fact that he is a Dominions Prime Minister gives him a special authority of his own.

Question of Powers

A proposal has also been made that there should be Dominions Ministers attending the War Cabinet, but the point is made as to what powers they should be given by their Governments. A Prime Minister can bind his Government but that would not be the position of any other Minister who would presumably have to refer back for approval any important matter that might arise with all the consequences of delay and also the fact that to a considerable extent he would be duplicating the present action of the High Commissioner.

It is quite certain that the proposal that one Dominions Minister should represent other Dominions would not be acceptable to other Dominions. Each Dominion has its own point of view on various problems that arise and it can and does express it.

War Cabinet Too Large

This difficulty might be solved by the appointment of Ministers from all the Dominions to attend the War Cabinet but already criticism is made in this country that the War Cabinet is too large as at present constituted.

There has been some discussion of the part played by Field Marshal Jan Smuts in the last war but he did not represent either the Dominions or South Africa. He was invited by Mr. David Lloyd George on account of his qualities as a soldier and statesman and it was in his own individual capacity that he acted in the War Cabinet.

That situation would not apply to people who came to this country now as representatives of the Dominions. Australia is the only Dominion that is showing any interest in this matter at the moment. The aim of the Government over here is to secure the fullest possible collaboration with the Dominions.

Apart from a meeting of Dominions Prime Ministers which it is still hoped will be held when circumstances permit, there is no idea at present of summoning an imperial conference. Such a conference, however, would be held when it was felt necessary to deal with many problems coming up for settlement at the end of the war.

Dominions Approve Declaration

All Dominions Governments were kept informed of the progress of the talks, between Presidents Roosevelt and Mr. Winston Churchill somewhere in the Atlantic which led to the formulation of what is now known as the Atlantic charter, states Reuter's lobby correspondent. Wholehearted approval has been expressed by all Dominions Governments to the British Government for the terms and aims of the charter.—Reuter.

Japanese Reported Leaving Foochow

Foochow, Aug. 28.

The Japanese occupation forces are expected to be totally withdrawn within a week, according to unconfirmable reports circulating in the city.

Their ultimate destination is believed to be Indo-China for an offensive against Yunnan Province.—Reuter.

Communists Said Fleeing

Northwestern Hopei, Aug. 28.

Striking with lightning swiftness at half a dozen places in northwestern Hopei Province, Japanese forces today were smashing forward on the heels of retreating Chinese Communist units under the command of General Yang Cheng-wu, field reports reaching Japanese military headquarters here revealed.

Unable to maintain their positions in the face of a determined Japanese advance, the Chinese Communists were reported to be in ragged retreat on all fronts. While one Japanese detachment successfully stormed Communist positions nearby, another unit smashed into Tanghuchen, 20 kilometres southwest of Ihsien central supply base for the Communist forces.

Opposition Crushed

Still another Japanese column crushed Communist opposition to occupy the strategic towns of Peipao and Shensing, approximately 25 kilometres southwest of Ihsien, while a fourth Japanese detachment was close on the heels of Chinese Communists seeking refuge in the Tahsing mountains.

Reports reaching here disclosed that other Japanese columns are closing in on Communist strongholds in the Tahsing mountains.—Domei

Minor Offensives

Two minor Chinese offensives against Japanese troops in Anhwei Province were repulsed on August 26, according to reports reaching here.

One thousand Chinese, belonging to Chiang Kai-shek's 40th Division, on the afternoon of August 26 were dispersed by Japanese units, assisted by aircraft, when they advanced near Kaoshun, 45 kilometres east of Wuhu.

Meanwhile, 400 Chinese troops of the 145th Division, preparing an attack, were trapped by Japanese units 80 kilometres west of Tsingshan, in western Anhwei Province, where they were dealt a crushing blow, leaving behind 190 bodies.

Japanese Army air units on August 26, meanwhile, bombed Kaoshun and Suancheng, south-east of Wuhu, and Siaofeng, near Anking, it was reported.

Two Shensi Towns Bombed

Central China, Aug. 27.

Large formations of Japanese Army aircraft, concentrating their attacks on Chinese Communists on the north-western supply route, heavily bombed Fengsiang, in western Shensi Province, and Paoki on the Lunghai Railway, in Shensi Province.

Military establishments around the two cities were reported to be destroyed when units of Japanese aircraft swooped down on Chinese Red strongholds.—Domei.

Important Base Taken

North China, Aug. 28.

Chenkiayuan, important Chinese Communist headquarters 50 kilometres northwest of Shihmen, was capured yesterday by Japanese forces engaged in carrying out extensive encircling operations against the Reds in the border area of Shansi and Hopeh Provinces.

The assault on Chenkiayuan was reported to have been carried out with the assistance of Japanese Army aircraft in broiling heat. After ousting the Red troops from the town the Japanese again clashed with enemy forces at Chenchwang, approximately 30 kilometres south of Fowping, western Hopeh Province.—Domei.

Japanese Counter-Attack

Hankow, Aug. 28.

Counter attacking 600 Chungking troops of the new 16th Division who last Sunday began an offensive against the Japanese near Joki, north-west Kiangsi, Japanese forces shattered the enemy who fled west, field reports said today.

The Chungking troops abandoned 169 dead, while 14 were taken prisoner. Quantities of war material and equipment were seized.

Meanwhile, a two-hour battle between a Japanese unit and Chunking remnants of the 19th Division near Lake Yao, north-east of Nanchang, resulted in the enemy fleeing.

Mopping up operations launched by four Japanese formations in marshy areas of south Hopeh, cleaned the districts of Tsungyang, and Sienning, of guerillas, who abandoned 75 dead.—Domei.

Duke of Kent Arrives In Hamilton

Hamilton, Ont., Aug. 28.

The Duke of Kent arrived here yesterday and was greeted by civic, Royal Canadian Air Force and R.A.F. officials.

He was escorted along streets lined by Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders and his procession was headed by a detachment of Royal Canadian Air Force personnel.

The Duke visited a factory of the Canadian Westinghouse Co., and inspected its munitions section, after which he lunched at No. 33 Navigation School at Mount Hope.—Reuter.

British Bombers Over Germany

London, Aug. 28.

British bombers were again over south-west Germany last night, according to the official German news agency, D.N.B.

The agency says they dropped a number of bombs at several places. Anti-aircraft fire brought down one British plane, it is claimed.—Reuter.

Eighty Americans Leave Japan

Tokyo, Aug. 28.

Approximately 80 Americans, including 26 officials and a group of missionaries, were scheduled to sail from Kobe today for Shanghai.

The party was scheduled to sail on the Tatuta Maru at 11 a.m. for Shanghai, from where they hope to obtain passage for the United States on American ships.—United Press.

Thailand Buys Gold From Japan

Bangkok, Aug. 28.

It is officially announced that an agreement has been signed between the Yokohama Specie Bank and the National Banking Bureau of the Ministry of Finance for the purchase by Thailand of £2,250,000 worth of gold from Japan.

The purchase is in order that Thai currency may be available to Japan and the price is to be based on prevailing London-New York quotations.—Reuter.

*Iranian Resistance Ceases

(Continued from page 1)

On all fronts, both the British and Russian advance is continuing with speed and determination. The northern column from Khaniquin yesterday advanced through the Paitak Pass, sweeping away opposition and reaching Karind, about 21 miles west of Shahabad, during the afternoon.

It is understood that Russian forces have reached the line Shui-Marand-Ardabil-Kevir, without encountering much opposition, the communique concludes.—Reuter.

Soviets Occupy Four Towns

Moscow, Aug. 28.

The Soviet news agency Tass yesterday said that the Red Army, marching in three columns had had covered about 130 miles into Iran.

The advance formed almost a straight line from the Caspian Sea to Dilman on the Irano-Turkish border and resulted in occupation of Tabriz, Ardebil, Lisar and Dilman, said Tass.

The News agency added that the "advance is continuing according to plan." Tass said that no resistance had been reported from the Iranian front.

Newspapers here yesterday repeated charges that a vast German organization had seized control of Iranian industry, commerce and transportation and had carried on sabotage and espionage.

The Germans were preparing a coup and had built up an anti-Iranian and anti-Soviet ring consisting of Russian white guards and Armenian nationalists to whom they had promised erection of a "greater Armenia" at the expense of Soviet territory.—United Press.

Iranian Admiral Killed

Rome, Aug. 28.

The Iranian Admiral Dagdenor was killed in naval action against British, it was announced officially here yesterday.

Meanwhile, the "Gazetta del Popolo" in a despatch from Teheran, said Iranian troops had succeeded in halting advancing Russian units near Marand, which is halfway between Tabriz and the Russo-Iran frontier.—United Press.

Indian-Iranian Frontier Quiet

Quetta, Aug. 28.

The disclosure that conditions on either side of the Baluchistan-Iranian border were perfectly peaceful was made to Reuter today by Lieut.-General O. F. Norton, commander of the western (independent) district with headquarters at Quetta.—Reuter.

British Reach Karind

Simla, Aug. 28.

The British northern column operating from Khanaquin yesterday advanced through Paitak Pass and swept away opposition, reaching Karind in the afternoon, the General Military Headquarters officially announced today.

General mobilization of the Iranian Army has been ordered, the communique added.

The British communique stated that it was understood that the Russians had reached a line south of Marand and Ardebil without much opposition.—United Press.

*Soviets Fighting Back Fiercely

(Continued on page 2, col. 1 *)

tacks "with all their available forces" on the lower Dnieper River front. The Hungarians claim that so far all have been repulsed.—Reuter.

Nazis Claim Velikilugi Captured

BY "ANNALIST"

London, Aug. 28.

With a blare of trumpets and roll of drums the Germans yesterday announced the capture of Velikilugi, a junction on the direct railway from Riga to Moscow. They claim a big bag of prisoners and 400 guns. The area marks the junction of the armies of Marshal Voroshilov and Marshal Timoshenko and it would be a natural place for the Germans to attempt to drive in a wedge.

A Russian communique again speaks of severe fighting all along the front but does not mention any place specifically. It must be admitted that this severe reticence of Russian communiques does engender a certain degree of nervousness especially as it leaves the field clear for resounding German claims. Fortunately these have so often proved to be exaggerated that they are always treated with extreme reserve.

There is an further news of fighting in the Leningrad area nor more significant still is there any more information available on the subject of Russian counter-attacks in the region of Gomel. In well-informed quarters in London considerable importance is attached to this Soviet attack as it is felt it may have a decisive influence on the salient at Kiev. Here again it is very near to the point of junction between the left flank of Marshal Timoshenko and the right flank of Marshal Budenny.

Having failed in their blitz tactics and a policy of attrition not yet having yielded appreciable results, the Germans are apparently trying to separate the three Russian commands so as to deal piecemeal with the one offering the best chance of success. If they are able to retain the initiative these tactics are certainly full of menace but it is possible that the Russian commanders have some cards up their sleeves.—Reuter.

Situation Worse in Rumania

Lisbon, Aug. 28.

Reliable news has been received from Bucharest that the Soviet bombardment of oil wells and refineries, which incidentally emptied oil tanks at Constanza, has created a petrol shortage in Rumania.

The use of petrol has been officially prohibited, except by military and German cars, and breaches of this decree are punishable by hard labour, or death.

Evidence available shows that the internal situation is daily worsening, and resentment is spreading among the half-starved people, who see their supplies sent to Germany. Many death sentences have been imposed by courts-martial and include former high officials.—Reuter.

Chinese Communists Welcome Roosevelt, Churchill Statement

Yenan (Shansi), Aug. 27.

The publication of the joint Anglo-American declaration and the meeting between the British Prime Minister and the President of the United States prove that Great Britain and the United States are resolved to destroy Fascism, the Chinese Communist party stated in a declaration issued in connection with the Tripartite Conference to be shortly held in Moscow.

The people of China particularly welcome the joint Anglo-American declaration because its third and eighth points are radically anti-Japanese, the Communist party pointed out in its message.

The communist declaration further exhorts the Chinese people to oppose Japan and proclaims: "We, Chinese communists, believe that if the people of China were to redouble their efforts in the defence of the fatherland, the union of the country would be further strengthened, the resistance to the enemy would become more tenacious and the counter-offensive brought nearer to realization. Furthermore we believe that China is fully qualified to assume an important position amongst the nations forming the anti-Fascist front."

"Stressing that the fate of the Chinese nation, as well as that of the entire humanity depends on the outcome of the present struggle against Fascism we appeal to all the political parties of China not to overlook this exceptional opportunity to unite the entire people and to concentrate our efforts in order to make greater progress and achieve victory."—Havas Telemondial.

R.A.F. Rapidly Wresting Air Ascendancy From Germany

London, July 12.

COMPLETING last night more than 150 intense raids on Germany since the Russo-German war began, the R.A.F. is building up with each bomb burst the feeling that Britain is rapidly establishing air ascendancy over the Luftwaffe, says Mr. R. Maillard Stead in the "Christian Science Monitor."

Visiting centres concerned with Britain's intensified sky campaign against the Reich, this writer not only heard this opinion expressed, but also that nearly a month of large-scale dawn to dawn raids is a tale of increasing Allied air offensive which must ultimately negative Nazi military might.

The opinion was not ventured boastfully, it was stated as a matter of inevitable fact by persons in a good position to assess the rise of Britain's airpower at this time when the Germans are having a heavy drain on theirs through deepening commitments on the Russian front.

The weight of the blows with which the R.A.F. is hammering the Reich and the occupied countries from the air day and night has become so heavy that writers of one R.A.F. official communique this week felt justified in using the word "invade" to describe the activities of large bomber forces sent out simultaneously on night raids.

Dawn to Dawn Raids

Dawn to dawn raids on Western Germany—notably Germany's industrial Ruhr Valley and shipping centres along the coast—have been followed up by large-scale daylight assaults on Northern France and the so-called "invasion ports." The pattern was followed today when bombers escorted by large numbers of fighter craft swept across the Channel to bomb the German-held Channel coast following a night of heavy raids on the German naval base at Wilhelmshaven. The fact that the R.A.F. continues these night and day raids—especially the daylight raids—obviously indicates that German opposition to them is at least not strong enough to discourage them.

Raids on Italy Significant

Furthermore, it is significant that while these intensified raids have been going on, the British have been sufficiently strong to renew heavy night attacks on such points in Italy as Naples and the island of Sicily, as well as Crete and occupied Greece.

The R.A.F. has seldom been guilty of exaggeration and when it says a "large force" was over each of five separate German cities that can be taken to mean that the bomber command is now able to dispatch hundreds of planes on simultaneous attack—even though the period of darkness these summer nights is only about four hours.

For the past fortnight almost every night raid on Germany has been followed up by large-scale day raids on Germany and the occupied countries along the Channel coast. Inevitably the toll taken of R.A.F. bombers since the big offensive began has shown a decided increase. On July 10, for instance, the British admitted the loss of eleven planes in combat. But the question of replacements is no longer an embarrassing one for the British and this week I have lined up an American-made striking force that is ready to hit the Germans harder than they have ever been hit before.

Twenty Boeing Bombers

These are the 20 Boeing 17C bombers which have flown across the Atlantic in completion of a cash down order a year and a half ago and which are heralds of new and improved Boeing machines to come later under the provisions of the Lease-Lend law.

"Fortress One," as the Air Ministry has renamed the Boeing type already on hand, is a plane of which British pilots speak most highly. In fact, they describe it as the best bomber there is, taking together the weight of the missiles it can carry and the distance, speed and height it can carry them. It can carry 8,000 pounds of bombs 2,000 miles.

Heavily Armed

The "Fortress" fairly bristles with guns to cover attacks from rear, front, above and below and in construction it is the nearest thing to a block of flats produced in the way of service aircraft. All is the gunners' department with weapons firing out the side through transparent "blisters" and downward through a hatch forward of that is the radio operator's cabin with more guns firing through the hatch at the top, and thence if you take a walk through the bomb department you come to the pilots' cockpit with seats and controls for two. Above is a hatch for the captain of the craft to make stellar reckonings and below, in the nose of the ship, is a cabin for the navigator and bomb aimer where is operated the gyroscopically controlled Sperry Bombsight for which great accuracy is claimed by marksmen who have used it on Nazi shipping.

Engines' Power Saved

What makes the all around performance of the machine so exceptional is the system of supercharging worked by the flow of exhaust gases, thereby using up none of the power in the four Wright Cyclone 1,200 horsepower engines.

The "Fortress" has a range close on to 2,500 miles at a cruising speed of 220 miles an hour, but its special superchargers give it a valuable capacity for reaching 305 miles an hour at 25,000 feet.

The crew varies in number between seven and nine and there is an elaborate system of telephonic intercommunication, although the noise of the engines doesn't forbid conversation by ordinary means.

Sitting in the pilots' seat this writer couldn't help thinking the "fortress" was a prodigious amount of airplane to handle with its wingspan of 103 feet and a length of 68 feet, but a pilot who had flown it said it was "more comfortable than any other service machine and free from any vice."

High Ceiling

"The "Fortress" has operated at 36,000 feet with British crews. Her capacity for big performance at high altitude is only one of the "Fortress" special attributes. It can fly on only two of its motors with a full load, can climb with it on three, can maintain height unloaded on one—which means that on a bombing trip it could have three motors put out of action, jettison its bombs, and get home by using a crossfeed system to supply the suviving engine from the gasoline store routed to the other three.

Important Industry

Turning American planes over to the R.A.F. is becoming an important British industry, and at the assembly depot, where this writer saw the latest array of Boeings being modified for operational purposes, large buildings were allotted for use as special maintenance shops for Pratt and Whitney, Allison, and Wright engines. Engines go in for servicing after 120 hours of flying, and work on them is done by former motor garage mechanics who have volunteered for this work and have been specially trained in a three months' course.

Such is the shape of things to come for Britain on the line of attack. On the line of defence such an improvement has been achieved in the detection of marauding bombers that night fighter pilots are confident of continuing to exact a heavy price from raiders if and when Nazi raids are resumed on the scale they were launched before the Germans came to grips with Russia.

One night this week this writer was in a watchtower at a night fighter station when the Luftwaffe came over, and it was heartening to appreciate the way the defenders put out and kept on the trail of their quarry. "It seems only a short while ago that we just used to take off and hope for the best," said one pilot, "knowing it would be almost sheer chance if we met anything. But now . . . well, it's very different, and if the 'Jerries' are around they know we aren't likely to be far away."

Shanghai Boy in Artillery

2nd. Lieut. Alexander Augustus White, R.A. who left Shanghai on September 27 last, and joined the army in Malaya. He was promoted to 2nd Lieut. about four months ago, and is now attached to the 7th Coast Regiment R.A. stationed at Malaya. His brother, Albert George White, who was in Sydney, Australia, at the outbreak of the war, immediately joined up there and was last heard of from "somewhere" in Palestine, where he was engaged in Secretarial duties at Headquarters there.

Chiang Preparing Offensive Says "Yomiuri"

Tokyo, Aug. 28.

The "Yomiuri" Hongkong correspondent quoting reliable sources said that General Chiang Kai-shek issued an order on August 25 for the opening of a general offensive in north, central and south China on October 10 (Double Tenth).

The "Yomiuri" article claimed that General Chiang feels certain that October will mark a turning point in the South Seas situation, and is stressing Chungking's part in the all-out fight by the Democracies.

The correspondent said that the present Chungking operations in the Third War Zone, covering Chekiang, Anhwei and Kiangsu Provinces, may be considered in the light of "feeling-out operations" for an October offensive.

He added that similar operations may be expected to continue from now until the end of September with a major offensive planned for the autumn in cooperation with Britain, the United States and the Soviet Union.—Domei.

FUNERALS

Mrs. E. A. Basto da Silva

A Requiem Mass was celebrated at the Church of Christ the King yesterday morning by the Rev. Father L. F. McGreal, S. J., for the late Mrs. Etelvira Azedo Basto da Silva, who died after a short illness at the Paulun Hospital last Monday. Immediately after the services at the Church a procession was formed and proceeded to the Pahsienjao Cemetery where burial took place. A beautiful cross of blue and white flowers from "Alice, Alberto, Maria-Augusta, Jose, Aurea, Fernando and Julia," the children of the deceased, and a bouquet of red roses from "Baby Francis and Monica" was lowered into the grave with the casket. The pall-bearers were Messrs: —J. d'Almeida, J. Campos, J. Roliz, A. M. da Silva, C.M.G. da Silva, C. P. Simoes, H. O. White and H. A. White. Although it had been requested that in lieu of flowers donations might be sent to the Florence Spooner Memorial Home or to The Portuguese Ladies Benevolent Society, floral offerings were received from among others:—

Alice, Alberto, Maria-Augusta, Jose, Aurea, Fernando and Julia; Carolina, Laurita, Germano, (Macao); Afrosa (Macao); Harry, Augusta and Cecilia; Baby Francis and Monica; Quina, Augusto and Armando; Hubie and Andrie; Gertie and Chandie; Adalo Roliz; Linda and Cesear; Tony, Olga and Rafael; Alice and Franky; Dick and Nollie; Abillo Basto (Macau); Mrs. M. das Caldas and family; Alberto Collaco Roliz and Carmen; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. White; The Chase Bank; The Florence Spooner Memorial Home; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Mr. Albert Corlett Davis

Funeral services for the late Mr. Albert Corlett Davis, aged 64 years, the dearly-beloved husband of Mrs. Otowa Davis and father of John Arthur Davies, were held yesterday afternoon at the Bubbling Well Cemetary, with Dean A. C. S. Trivett officiating. The late Mr. Davis has resided in Shanghai for many years and his loss will be felt by many friends. The casket was carried to the grave by Messrs. Bert Hope, K. Levchenko, C. T. Lye, Yang Yew-Chih, Wang Tsze Kong and R. O. Scott. Among those sending floral tributes were:—

Otowa and John; H. W. Arno; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bahr; Mrs. Leo J. Bahr; Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hope; Mr. and Mrs. Noda; Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Roche; Mr. Harry Thomas; Dr. C. T. Lye; Mrs. W. Teifor; Mr. Yang Yew-Chih, Wang Tsze Kong; Yung Yui Chih; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Mannheim Heavily Attacked by R.A.F.

London, Aug. 28.

"On Wednesday night, aircraft of the Bomber Command again made a heavy attack upon Mannheim," says an Air Ministry communique.

"Small raids were also made upon other targets in Western Germany and docks at Boulogne, Ostend and Dunkirk.

"None of our aircraft are missing from these operations."—Reuter.

*Laval Recovering After Attack

(Continued from page 1)

The attacks occurred in the midst of flag raising ceremonies in the barracks courtyard as 1,200 volunteers were preparing to leave for Poland on Saturday.

M. Deat, editor of the German controlled "Œuvre," is regarded as one of the most outspoken pro-German and anti-Petain figures in Paris.

M. Durvy is a member of the National Popular Rassemblement Party in Paris—an anti-Petain political organization alleged to be sponsored by the Germans. M. Deat also is a member of this goup.

The shooting threatened to inaugurate a wave of German reprisals, inasmuch as Nazi orders provide severe penalties for anti-Nazi and anti-Vichy trouble makers.

M. Laval, with other French and German high officials, arrived at Versailles yesterday at 5 p.m. to attend the formal raising of French colours over the barracks.

Fired From Few Yards

During the ceremonies two terrorists approached the officials and fired from a distance of a few yards. The official party removed M. Laval to a hospital.

The shooting marked the first terrorist attack since the Schaumburg manifesto in Paris threatening death to French hostages for attacks on Germans.

M. Laval had received numerous threatening letters since the beginning of the Russo-German war, said reliable sources here.

The French government here was informed by telephone yesterday at 8.30 p.m. of the attacks simultaneously, the Minister of Justice, M. Joseph Barthelmy, arrived from Paris where he had instituted anti-terrorist and anti-Communist special courts.

At 10 p.m. the hospital reported that M. Laval's condition was not extremely grave. The bullet entered M. Laval's right side, above the liver, ripped through the abdomen, without tearing the intestines and emerged from the left side without seriously injuring any organs.

The principal assassin, Colette, although he belongs to the Communist Youth Organization, enlisted in the Anti-Communist Legion.—United Press.

French Anti-Communists Mobilized

Vichy, Aug. 28.

The first contingent of an anti-Soviet French legion to fight Russia was mobilized yesterday at Borgnes-Desbordes barracks at Versailles.

Twelve hundred men passed through the hands of medical examiners in preparation for their departure Saturday night from Versailles for Posen, Poland, where they will be equipped and armed.

The Legionnaries will wear German steel helmets with the Tricolor painted on and an arm band in red, white and blue with the word "France" printed across it.

Other contingents are to leave for the front Sept. 3, 7 and 11.—United Press.

Car Is Commandeered By Desperadoes

A car parked on Burkill Road near Park Road, belonging to a Japanese and bearing Municipal licence No. 5964 was commandeered by two desperadoes, one armed with a pistol, last night. After getting into the car they ordered the chauffeur to drive to Nanyang Road near the Seymour Road intersection where they ordered the chauffeur to alight and after one of them had taken the wheel, drove off in a westerly direction.

President Roosevelt Issues New Proclamation

Washington, Aug. 28.

PRESIDENT Roosevelt yesterday issued an all inclusive proclamation further preventing machine tools, military equipment, and machinery from reaching non-military countries.

The proclamation presumably was designed to prevent such materials from moving through the Philippines to Axis firms enumerated on the July blacklist.

Official sources explained that the proclamation actually applied to both products orginating in the United States and the Philippines, but in effect applied mostly to re-exports imported from the United States.

The order will not affect the current practice of issuing licences in Manila for exports already restricted for products such as iron ore.

It was understood that officials were concerned over the leakage of canned foodstuffs and rice more than any other products.

Tight Control on Re-Exports

The President's proclamation placed re-exports from the Philippines under tight control, thus plugging the leak in foodstuffs and other foodstuffs escaping from the Philippines to Axis nations.

The proclamation accomplished what insular legislation had submitted to Washington for Presidential approval and sought somewhat differently.

Federal export control officials felt that all export control could best be handled unifiedly by Federal authority.

Under the proclamation, the President shut off further re-exports of materials originating in the United States and which were shipped to the Philippines.

Essential to U.S. Defence

The action was taken on the materials, mainly foodstuffs, vegetable oils and animal fibres were essential to United States defence.

President Manuel Quezon, it was understood, initiated the action some months ago to halt re-exports of rice, canned fish, evaporated milk and several other important products which have drained the Commonwealth's food supplies at a time when the shipping shortage impeded the Government in seeking to build up food reserves.

The practice was reported developed whereby merchants re-exported these products to Indo-China and Japan, some of which were transshipped to Germany, commanding a much higher price than the Philippine importers originally paid.

Effect of Proclamation

The White House statement said that the practical effect of the proclamation would limit the export of affected articles from the Philippines but would permit them to flow freely to the Philippines from the United States.

"General licences will be issued covering these commodities from the United States and its territories and possessions, but not from the Philippines," the proclamation said.

"They will not include exports to consignees whose names appeared in the proclaimed list of blocked nationals (the Latin American blacklist)."

The statement further said that the Export Control Administrator, Lieutenant-Colonel William Chikering, had issued new regulations.

The President simultaneously established a Maritime Commission "warrant" system whereby vessels handling stragetic or critical materials in United States ports would be given precedence of docking, sailing and loading.—United Press.

Lord Mountbatten to Command Illustrious

Washington, Aug. 28.

Lord Louis Mountbatten has left Washington to take over command of the British aircraft-carrier Illustrious, which is undergoing repairs at a United States port.—Reuter.

U.S. Sergeant in Serious Accident

Manila, Aug. 28.

Sergeant William D. Rowland of the United States Army was seriously injured today when a two-engined bomber that he was flying without official authorization crashed into a house near Nichols Field, killing two Filipinos and injuring two others.

Army authorities said that he was not a qualified flier and was not authorized to make the flight. They said that he had failed to warm up one motor sufficiently and after he had taken off the single motor died down and resulted in the crash which virtually demolished both the bomber and the house into which it crashed.

Sergeant Rowland has served eleven years in the United States Army, including one year in the Philippines. He suffered badly fractured jaws.—United Press.

Mr. Duff Cooper Arrives In Honolulu

Honolulu, Aug. 28.

Mr. Alfred Duff Cooper, former British Minister of Information, arrived here yesterday by Clipper from San Francisco. He is en route to Singapore.

Mr. Duff Cooper said that Britain wants the United States to continue present war aid and eventually to enter the war actively.

He declined to speculate on the length of the war or the winner. He would not comment on a question regarding the "potential Japanese threat to Singapore" where he will assume an important Government post.—United Press.

Decoux and Sumita Exchange Visits

Hanoi, Aug. 28.

Vice-Admiral Jean Decoux, Governor-General of French Indo-China, and Major-General Raishiro Sumita yesterday afternoon exchanged visits.

The Governor-General and his wife yesterday lunched with the head of the Japanese military mission, who later during the same afternoon visited the French official.—Domei.

Hot Weather Health Insurance

Stomach and intestinal troubles are most prevalent in the hot season. Constipation and torpid liver prison the system, increase the body's heat, make life miserable.

Pinkettes, the dainty, pink, laxative pilules, restore and ensure daily intestinal regularity, stimulate the liver, banish biliousness and sick headaches, and aid digestion and appetite, turn gloom to gladness. In short,

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On Saturday, August 30, 1941

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ADMISSION $5 PROGRAMMES FREE

ALL SIDE SHOWS $1

(Except Paddle Wheel $2)

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As postponement is not possible should weather prove unfavourable, this performance will be cancelled and all money refunded.

"Girls' Fight" Is Described in Police Court

Further evidence regarding an incident on July 25, which a witness described as a "girls' fight" was heard by the Registrar, Mr. C. H. Haines, in H.M. Police Court yesterday at the adjourned hearing of the cross-summons brought by Mrs. L. C. Cruz against Miss Mercia Mary Sharnhorst, 17, on a charge of assault contrary to common law. Miss Sharnhorst, it will be recalled, was complainant in a similar action against Mrs. Cruz, Mr. Haines who decided to deal with the two cases separately stated that he would announce his decision on Monday. Mr. K. E. Newman represented Mrs. Cruz, while Mr. E. L. Hartopp appeared for Miss Sharnhorst.

Family Registered

At the previous hearing the question arose as to whether Miss Sharnhorst was registered as a British subject. Mr. Hartopp at the outset yesterday informed the court that the whole family was registered at the Consulate.

Giving evidence regarding the alleged assault, Mrs. A. Legaspi, sister of Mrs. Cruz, told the court that she was at her sister's home on July 25, and saw Miss Emilie Sharnhorst, sister of defendant in the cross-summons, kneeling on her sister's right while her brother had an arm round the neck of Mrs. Cruz. After saying that she tried to separate them when "it was all over" Mrs. Cruz was badly bruised, had a black eye, severe bites on her thigh and arms and a partly swollen face. She added that she did not see any marks on Miss Mercia Sharnhorst while her sister's dress was torn.

Miss Mercia Sharnhorst in the witness box told the Registrar that she was attending school. On the afternoon of July 25, she said, she was passing the kitchen of her home to go to the bathroom when she met Mrs. Cruz with her arms akimbo at the door. Mrs. Cruz would not let her pass and elbowed her against the frame of the door, she continued, and hit her on the head with a clenched first. Witness then threw a mug she was carrying at Mrs. Cruz who, she said, then got hold of her and hit her on the face a number of times and she sustained a cut on the lip which started to bleed.

Screamed For Her Mother

In trying to free herself witness said she kicked Mrs. Cruz, who struck her again, and she screamed for her mother. When the latter appeared she said, Mrs. Cruz freed her and got hold of her mother's hair. With the other free arm, witness said, Mrs. Cruz also got hold of the hair of her sister Emilie when the latter sought to intervene. Miss Sharnhorst then told the court that she bit the hand of Mrs. Cruz to free her mother. Her brother, she said, also tried to pull Mrs. Cruz away from her mother and sister. Witness said her mother subsequently got her and the other members of her family into a room into which Mrs. Cruz threw boiling water and bottles. She asserted that she had done nothing to precipitate the quarrel.

Asked by Mr. Newman in cross-examination whether she ever saw a woman strike another woman with a clenched first, witness replied in the negative and added that it was a girls' fight. She was followed into the witness box by her mother, Mrs. M. L. L. Sharnhorst who, when asked if she had bitten Mrs. Cruz, replied that she did not, adding that she did not even have a chance to do so. In cross-examination she said that there was no cursing or swearing during the fight.

Bites, Mere Pleasantry

Miss Emilie Sharnhorst who was next called told the court that she bit Mrs. Cruz who was pulling her hair with all her might. In cross-examination she said she had never bitten anyone before. The last witness called was Mr. C. R. Sharnhorst, brother of Miss Mercia Sharnhorst, who described how he tried to separate his mother and Miss Sharnhorst from Mrs. Cruz. Cross-examined he denied having bitten Mrs. Cruz. At this juncture Mr. Newman pointed out that his client was bitten nine times.

Mr. Hartopp in summing-up his case submitted that undoubtedly there was a fight and that all the women were involved to some extent and emphasized that there was no medical evidence regarding the "bites" and that Mrs. Cruz had failed to make out a case on the cross-summons which he asked the court to dismiss and to register a conviction on the charge which his client brought against Mrs. Cruz.

Mr. Newman in a brief summing-up suggested that a "savage" assault had been committed against his client when Miss Sharnhorst threw the mug at her, compared to which he described the "bites" as mere pleasantry. The fight lasted for three solid minutes, he said, adding that there was a joint assault of four persons against his client. Counsel went on to describe biting as a form of cowardly attack seldom heard of in court proceedings.

Japanese to Increase Support of Nanking

Measures for a reinforcement of the Nanking Government and the establishment of an East Asia sphere of co-prosperity are expected to be taken shortly with full agreement reached between the Japanese Embassy authorities in Nanking, and the Central China Liaison Office of the Asia Development Board, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reported yesterday morning.

It was recalled that Major-General Jinkuro Ochiai, Vice-Director of the Central China Liaison Office of the Asia Development Board, returned to Shanghai on Wednesday following consultations with Dr. Kumataro Honda, Japanese Ambassador, and Mr. Shinrokuro Hidaka, Japanese Minister-at-Large to China.

Vice-Admiral Tsiji Ota, Director of the Central China Liaison Office, the "Tairiku" further revealed, will go to Nanking to consult Dr. Honda.

Exchange Expert Leaves For Hongkong

An assistant of Mr. Manuel Fox, American expert on the China Stabilization Committee who has been staying in Shanghai for many days in connection with the improvement of the local foreign exchange situation, was reported by reliable Chinese sources yesterday to have left the city for Hongkong in company with two Chinese bankers presumably to attend an important conference to be held by the Committee there. Mr. E. L. Hall Patch, British member of the Committee who recently came here and who was previously reported to be going to Hongkong, did not do so. It was said that the experts in Hongkong would try further to improve the foreign exchange situation in Shanghai.

How a Modern Army Crosses a River

A company of Engineers from the 4th. Engineer Company, U.S. Army, at Fort Benning, Georgia, demonstrate how to span a river when all permanent bridges have been destroyed. At top left one squad of engineers prepares rubber boats in foreground while another squad erects the abutment for the bridge in the rear. Lower left, two of the boats, now set for the job they have to do, are pushed into position. Top right shows the first section of the bridge roadway laid in place. Lower right shows the completed bridge, over which heavy army trucks of the Fourth Mechanized Division rumble across with ease.

Japanese Evacuees Due From Manila

Japanese evacuees from the Philippine Islands numbering about 200 persons are expected to arrive in Shanghai early this morning when the Messageries Maritimes liner D'Artagnan will tie up at buoys 11 and 12 at 8 a.m., it was reported yesterday. This is the third group of Nippon nationals to arrive here within the last few weeks.

Another group of 130 Japanese arrived here two days ago from the Philippines and were met by a number of Nipponese organizations who will be responsible for them. These 130 persons arrived on board the Messageries Maritimes liner, Khal Dinh.

It is expected that within the next few weeks, all Japanese in the Philippine Islands will have left for Shanghai and Japan due to the increasing high cost of living and difficulties encountered with the recent "freezing" act by the United States Government.

It will be recalled that complaints over the hard times the Japanese business men and residents are meeting with in Manila and other Philippine Island cities, were aired several days ago when the first group of Japanese nationals arrived here.

President Liners

Most of the evacuees will leave for Japan and their old homes, while others will remain in Shanghai in order to carry on their business here. The emigrés, before their evacuation from the Philippine Islands, were all employed in various firms or had business of their own, it was learned. With the recent "freezing" order of the United States Government, the increasing living difficulties have forced the Japanese to leave right away.

Meanwhile, the names of the two additional President Line ships which have been assigned to the Orient-California route to evacuate the remaining American nationals here, were not revealed by officials of the company yesterday. It is understood, however, that one of the vessels is the largest and most popular President Line ship.

The first of two liners is due to arrive here sometime next week, with the second evacuation liner due to arrive in port sometime during the first week of October. There are, however, two regular American President sailings planned for the second week in September and last week in October.

More Than 7,000 Still On Strike Here

With the majority of major labour disputes in the city deadlocked, there was little change in the strike situation yesterday, although the number of strikers increased to approximately 7,400 when more linotype operators struck on Tuesday after agitating for better working conditions.

The situation at the Cathay Hotels Ltd. reached its climax yesterday when the managment informed the strikers that they would be considered dismissed if they failed to return by 6 p.m. on conditions set by the administration.

No change was reported to have occurred in the bus company strike, but the weeks-old dispute at the Cercle Sportif Français is gradually being settled and the majority of the Chinese employees were yesterday said to have resumed work. The rest, it is expected, will follow suit in the next few days.

About 1,000 linotype operators, employed by some 50 establishments in the International Settlement and French Concession, returned to their jobs on Tuesday after receiving a 30 per cent. increase in their pay. Simultaneously, however, some 2,000 other operators struck to close more than 150 art printing establishments in the city.

Another strike, involving some 600 spray painters and affecting about 50 shops, broke out on Monday. They were still on strike yesterday.

The Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Andersen Mayer & Co., Sun Company Tea Room, Mayer Silk Mill, New Textile Co. and the "China Press" were still on strike yesterday.

Striking Printers Held

Five employees of Chinese printing firms faced the First Special District Court yesterday charged with breaking a glass window during a small riot staged in a printing shop at House No. 15, Lane 228 Shantung Road on Wednesday. They were all remanded in custody pending further investigations after a short hearing. The riot was staged in connection with the strike called by printers. It was alleged that accused went to the Shantung Road shop trying to prevent workers there from working.

£19,000 Sent to H. M. Treasury In Local War Fund Drive

THE latest remittance to H. M. Treasury on August 16 was £19,000 sterling, the Voluntary War Contribution Fund revealed yesterday. A balance of £3,839 3s. 2d., has been carried forward. Since the last list, $43,848 in subscriptions have been received, the same being transferred to sterling.

Local residents are urged to continue with their voluntary contributions to H. M. Treasury. A further £10,000 is the goal before this month's drive will come to and end on September 15. All contributions should be sent to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation or to the Chartered Bank for account of the Voluntary War Contribution Fund.

The detailed list of subscriptions follow:—

DOLLAR ACCOUNT

Subscriptions received since last list	$43,848
Transferred to Sterling since last list	$43,848
	Nil.

STERLING ACCOUNT

Balance brought forward	£21,180
Subscriptions received since last list	£ 1,085
Transferred from $ a/c since last list	£ 572
	£22,837
Less Remittance to HM. Treasury on the August 16, 1941	£19,000
Balance carried forward	£ 3,839

STERLING

Tientsin Remittance	200
British Consul General Moukden	301
His Majesty's Consul General Harbin	181
Mr/Mrs. J. L. Bowker	5
Mr/Mrs. G. E. Marden	100
General Electric Co. of China Ltd.	100
Chefoo Remittance	24
Veritas Co. (Far East) Ltd)	2
Mr/Mrs. Percy Colman	10
Mr/Mrs. B. Crowley	5
A. R. Burfill & Sons Ltd.	100
Inniss & Riddle (China) Ltd.	20
Miss Catherine Trumm	10
J. C. R. Wells-Henderson	4
Miss Ethel Simpson	10
Anonymous	5
M. W. H.	2
I. R. Razon	2
G. H. S. Fewkes	1

CHINESE DOLLARS

War Films—H.S.	100
Mr/Mrs. Thomas Gwynne	100
John Manners & Co. (Shanghai) Ltd.	1,000
A Grass Widow's Thanks	5
In memory of Lt. Comdr. W. A. Elliot, R.N. from Ex Sea Scouts of 1st Troop	110
2nd donation from sale of "V" for Victory Badges per Royal Air Force Association	345
Sale of Bon Appetit in Peitaiho from Lady L. G. Maze	125
J. J. Evans & Co., Ltd.	500
A. K. Fischer-ffoulkes	400
Timmie Dog	10
P. C. Levy	200
Paul Archipoff	15
G. Maze	170
R. C. Hall	20
In memory of Ronald Wallace Mr/Mrs. W. Thomson	50
King in the hole	184
Part proceeds of a Raffle—J. Shute	75
Resale of two "Follies" tickets	20
E. and J. Mackenzie	5
Mr/Mrs. W. K. Sharman	100
Miss J. R. Darroch	60
G. J. Manning	50
G. M. Mellin	100
In memory of Mrs. Collette Cook —A. Woods	50
Richard to Rae—lost bet	5
Mrs. A. W. Meathrel	10
Mr/Mrs. Geo Morphew	50
Mrs. E. M. Newton	50
Mrs. Margaret Jane Smith	100
M. W. W. McNeill	276
Mrs. Saune	10
Wm. Hutton	1,000
In memory of Harry Ashford Mr/Mrs. H. Jackson	15
Anonymous	10
R. C. Hampton	1,000
Some Members of the Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd. Staff:	
3 British Members	35
W. J. Brown	500
D. H. Davidson	33
A. G. Davies	50
A. Graham	50
G. Sadler	64
Net proceeds of sale of Scottie Pups by Bridgett of Peppers at her residence—269 Route Boissezon	750
From Mrs. Dorothy Ellis (34th to 43rd thousand Dollars) being proceeds from the sale of Union Jack Emblems etc.	
$921.00 from Tsingtao,	
30.00 from Hangchow,	
356.49 from Chefoo,	
1,026.27 from Tientsin,	
332.00 from Canton)	10,000
G.	150
A Welshman	2,500
B. W. Talbot	500
L. F. S. A Set	5
L. A. S.	9.15
Master Simpson	69
Some Members of the Shanghai Telephone Co. Staff:	
Mrs. E. R. Adam	5
Miss R. Arnsberg	20
Mrs. V. M. Moore	10
F. J. M. Remedios	10
Hastings	20
J. W. Detan	40
H. Graham	40
S. P. Karanjia	20
Mrs. H. Picozzi	30
F. H.	500
Mrs. J. L. Ikin	250
Anonymous	120
S. J. Shroff	10
W.	25
H. F. Pringle	30
J. T. Rogers	150
J. E. Vickery	5
A. J. Wright	10

S.M.C. Issues List of Committee Members

A list of membership of twelve of its committees for the year 1941 with a total membership of 121 was issued yesterday by the Shanghai Municipal Council as follows:

Finance Committee.—Messrs. J. H. Liddell, Chairman; H. E. Arnhold, C. G. Gadow, Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi, Jabin Hsu, F. S. Hsu, G. Kambe, R. T. McDonnell and T. S. Powell.

Watch Committee. — Messrs. I. Okamoto, Chairman; N. F. Allman, Theodore C. Chang, W. A. Hale, F. Hoehnke, C. F. Hsia, Jabin Hsu, R. G. MacDonald, R. T. McDonnell and O. Okamoto.

Works Committee.—Messrs. Y. Hanawa, Chairman; C. H. Chen, P. H. Chen, T. Haraguchi, F. J. Hookham, R. T. McDonnell, G. E. Marden, Pan San Hsin, H. S. Poulsen and Dr. G. Probst.

Staff Committee.—Messrs. T. S. Powell, Chairman; J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, G. A. Haley, Yulin Hsi, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan.

Public Utilities Committee.—Messrs. J. D. Carriere, Chairman; N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Chen Nee, T. S. Powell, S. H. Shao, T. K. Tsutsumi, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and Dr. Zai-Ziang Zee.

Health Committee.—Mr. A. Glathe, Chairman; Drs. P. T. Chow, E. G. Gauthier, Messrs. G. A. Haley, K. C. Hsu, Drs. R. J. McMullen, Muto Nardone, Mr. Y. Noda, Drs. W. S. Parsons, J. de Portaria, Szeming Sze and Y. Tongu.

Education Board.—Dr. R. J. McMullen, Chairman; Dr. K. Bartelt, Messrs. A. Brondal, A. V. T. Dean, Mrs. L. Giles, Messrs. Victor Hanson, W. J. Hawkings, K. Kuroda, Y. Nomura, Dr. Sidney K. Wei and Mr. L. T. Yuan.

Industrial and Social Affairs Committee.—Mr. N. F. Allman, Chairman; Mrs. F. S. Barr, Messrs. W. G. Braidwood, J. D. Carriere, J. W. Djien, C. Fumagalli, Dr. L. C. Hylbert, Mr. I. Okamoto, Mrs. J. H. Sun and Mr. J. M. Tavares.

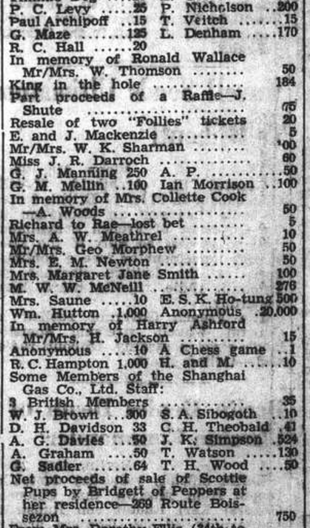
Supplies Committee.—Sir Robert Calder-Marshall, K.B.E., Chairman; Messrs. E. M. Gran, F. Hoehnke, L. W. Hutton, C. J. Knipschildt, W. Mellor, Dr. K. Sugimura, R. von der Crone and T. Wakimoto.

Library Committee.—Mr. L. T. Yuan, Chairman; Mrs. A. Baer, Dr. G. Costantini, Mr. E. Ema, Rev. P. C. Matthews, Mrs. A. W. Sherriff, Messrs. Tsu Yih Zan, E. S. Wilkinson and K. Yamada.

Orchestra and Band Committee.—Messrs. R. von der Crone, Chairman Ch. Grosbois, A. Harman, E. F. Harris, Lee Wei Ning, L. de Luca, J. S. Potter, Mrs. Satoko Tokano and Prof. B. S. Zakharoff.

Board of Film Censors.—Messrs. W. Duncan, W. J. Hawkings, Mrs. C. T. Hutchins, Messrs. Kiung Sing-wu, T. K. Li, L. de Luca, G. Miyazaki, H. G. Nelson and Dr. G. Probst.

Betty Field, who has the leading feminine role in Paramount's technicolour picture, "Shepherd of the Hills," won her first stage part by exercising her nuisance value. She pestered players and directors at a stock company with such vigour that they finally gave her a chance, to get rid of her. She was good—and stayed.



S.M.C. to Resume Meetings Soon

Following his recent return to Shanghai after a holiday spent in Japan, Mr. G. Godfrey Phillips, Secretary and Commissioner-General of the Shanghai Municipal Council, was back at his work yesterday after an absence of more than a month.

The Council official returned to Shanghai via Soerabaya due to dislocation in shipping service between Japan and Shanghai shortly before his return, it is understood.

Owing to Mr. Phillips' return early resumption is anticipated of the negotiations between the Shanghai Municipal Council and the Extra-Settlement authorities regarding matters connected with the Western Area including taxation and licensing. Prior to the departure of Mr. Phillips several talks were held between him and the Chinese officials concerned on the subject.

It was learned yesterday that following its summer recess the Shanghai Municipal Council will hold its first meeting after the holidays early next month, when various important matters will come before it for consideration and decision.

XCDN to Hold "V" Night

In response to general request an additional performance of "XCDN" "Moonlight Follies" is announced to take place on Saturday, August 30, weather permitting.

This performance which will be known as "V" Night will be at the following popular prices, viz: admission five dollars, special souvenir programme presented free. All side shows one dollar, except paddle wheel which will be two dollars on account of the value of the prizes. All drinks will be strictly at club prices.

Booking for "V" Night is now open at Moutries, but in the event that unfavourable weather should prevent the holding of this performance, it will be cancelled and tickets holders can receive their money back. It is not possible to postpone the performance to later date.

The full "Moonlight Follies" programme will be presented on this occasion together with all attractions as on previous nights.

Titlebaum Arraigned in U.S. Court on 12 Theft Counts

SAM Titlebaum, 32-year old former Deputy-Marshal of the United States Court for China, was arraigned yesterday morning before Special Judge Nelson E. Lurton on 12 counts by Mr. Leighton Shields, United States District-Attorney. Titlebaum pleaded not guilty to all charges and requested a counsel to defend him at the next hearing.

Looking grey and haggard and apparently having lost considerable weight during his three weeks of detention in the Ward Road gaol, Titlebaum played nervously with a thumb-jack pinned into a table behind which he was standing during the arraignment. The defendant spoke only a few words during the 20 minutes of arraignment and left the Court in the custody of Detective-Inspector J. G. Crighton in charge of the case.

Titlebaum, it will be recalled, was arrested on August 9 by the Shanghai Municipal Police on two counts. These two counts, however, were not brought up in Court yesterday morning in view of the fact that the former Deputy-Marshal was re-arrested last Tuesday at the Ward Road gaol on the 12 charges presented this morning by Mr. Leighton Shields, District Attorney.

Faces 14 Counts

The two undisclosed counts are expected to be of sensational nature when they will be revealed in Court during or after the present hearing. Titlebaum thus faces a total of 14 counts in the United States Court with several combined counts liable to 20 years' imprisonment or a fine of US$15,000.

Before all the charges had been read out by Mr. Lurton, Titlebaum interrupted the proceedings by stating, "If it pleases the court, there is no need to read out all the counts as I have a copy in my pocket. I plead not guilty to all the chrages and would like to waive the reading." The charges, however, were read out in full by Mr. Lurton who pointed out that it was his duty to do so.

Reading out the counts, Mr. Shields revealed that the alleged embezzlement of the United States Court property took place on or about July 24. According to the District Attorney's statements, Titlebaum had embezzled six .38 Colt revolvers and 1,500 rounds of .38 pistol ammunition. The firearms, it was reported, had been sold by the former Deputy Marshal.

Meanwhile, it was also learned yesterday morning during the arraignment that charges five, six and seven involving two .38 Colt revolvers and 300 rounds of ammunition, if found true, were liable to 10 years' imprisonment or a fine of US$5,000 or CN$90,000. Charges eight, nine, ten, eleven and twelve involving two .38 Colt revolvers and 700 rounds of ammunition, if found true, were liable for 10 years imprisonment or a fine of US$10,000 or CN$180,000.

Joined Early This Year

At the conclusion of every count read out by Mr. Lurton, Titlebaum pleaded not guilty in a fairly strong and audible voice, although it could be noticed that he was under a serious strain. Throughout the short arraignment, the defendant kept looking straight at Mr. Lurton and never once averted his face.

With the arraignment proceedings over, Titlebaum left the Court room together with Mr. Crighton who handed him a cigarette. The two then left the Consulate building with Titlebaum smiling and chatting and not attempting to hide his features when confronted by a battery of camera-men waiting for his appearance at the entrance of the Development Building at the corner of Kiangse and Foochow Roads.

Titlebaum joined the United States Court for China at the beginning of the year when he replaced Mr. Arthur Peterson. Before that he worked as an announcer and news-commentator of a local radio station. Following the departure of Mr. Charles Richardson, Jr., he took up the position of acting U.S. Marshal.

He gained local fame shortly after his appointment by arresting with the co-operation of Detective-Inspector Crighton, "Jack" Riley, Shanghai's "Slot-Machine King," in a house inside Young Allen Court off Chapoo Road.

Counts Revealed

The 12 counts presented in Court yesterday morning follow with the legal wording in part:—

1. "That Sam Titlebaum is and always has been a citizen of United States of America and at all times hereinafter mentioned was Deputy-Marshal of the United States Court for China and, on or about July 24 at Shanghai, China, within jurisdiction of this Court, the said Sam Titlebaum then and there being, did have in his possession a Colt .38 revolver, number 458423 valued at US$80, the property of the United States and which he wilfully, wrongfully and feloniously did embezzle, steal and purloin and convert to his own use."
2. One .38 revolver, number 424639, valued at US$80.
3. 300 rounds of ammunition of .38 calibre, valued at US$30.
4. 200 rounds of ammunition of .38 calibre, valued at US$20.
5. .38 Colt revolver, number 424639, valued at US$80.
6. .38 revolver, number 458423, valued at US$80.
7. 300 rounds of ammunition of .38 calibre, valued at US$30.
8. 200 rounds of ammunition of .38 calibre, valued at US$20.
9. .38 Colt revolver, number 144639, valued at US$80.
10. .38 Colt revolver, number 458423, valued at US$80.
11. 300 rounds of ammunition of .38 calibre, valued at US$30.
12. 200 rounds of ammunition of .38 calibre valued at US$20.

Meanwhile, the nomination of counsel for the defendant is expected to be made shortly by Mr. Lurton. The hearing will continue when counsel for defence will have his case ready. Mr. Shields told the court yesterday that he was prepared for the trial but the case would have to rest until the defendant's attorney would be prepared.

Acting as Assistant-Bailiffs yesterday were Sergeant John C. Hays, U.S.M.C., Corporal Floyd J. Dudley, U.S.M.C., and Chief Bailiff Sergeant Paul W. Leininger, U.S.M.C., who called the Court to order. The Marines were sworn in earlier in the morning before Mr. W. T. Collins, Clerk of Court.

Mr. Lionel Paul Stagg, 23-year old former newspaperman, it will be recalled, has been nominated to take Titlebaum's former position as Deputy-Marshal for a period of three months.

Tsubokami Leaving for Bangkok Post Shortly

Tokyo, Aug. 28.

Mr. Teiji Tsubokami, first Japanese Ambassador to Thailand, will leave for his Bangkok post shortly, it was revealed here today.—Domei.

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Delayed Mail :
A Reader's Experience

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I have taken a great interest in the reports in your columns regarding the holding-up of the U.S. mails by some of our cultured neighbours and whilst pondering over the allegations and denials, I started thinking over my own problem which I consider may be of some interest to your readers.

I was unfortunately a passenger aboard the N.Y.K. liner Asama Maru, which broke all speed records in sailing away from an imaginary enemy on the Pacific Ocean between San Francisco and Yokohama. I arrived in Yokohama at 9 a.m. on August 15, and knowing that I was to be taken back to Shanghai by August 22, I wrote two letters to my friends here requesting them to make some arrangements for me at one of the local hotels. It is now August 26, exactly eleven days since the letters were posted, and still they have not arrived in Shanghai. I can assure your readers that there definitely were no military secrets in my letters, and there was no reason for the letters not arriving here.

It seems to me that I have established a case against His Imperial Majesty's Post Office for accepting money under false pretences, but as the money I spent for stamps is of no use in any other country but Japan, I shall write it off as another price paid for experience.

My only object in writing this letter to your readers is to let them know not to expect too many letters from friends in Japan if they are treated in a similar manner to mine.

J. B.

Shanghai, Aug. 26.

Regrettable Outburst :
By Military Spokesman

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I read with astonishment and distress the report in today's issue of Lt. Col Akiyama's speech yesterday to the Japanese Press Conference. As Chief of the Japanese Military Press Bureau he is supposed to represent that great institution, the Japanese Army. After many, many years residence in Nippon I have learnt to love the country and its people. I have many personal friends among all classes of society, including the military. Therefore it comes as a very real shock when we read of an officer of high rank giving way to such a lamentable exhibition of personal resentment against Mr Winston Churchill. His audience, as experienced journalists, would know very well that his statement was a misrepresentation of facts and words, and perhaps that is the reason that the speech was not reported in either the "Tairiku Shimpo" or the "Mainichi Shimbun" of this morning. One can well understand personal annoyance, but it is sad when it leads to a loss of personal dignity.

SENSEI.

Shanghai, Aug. 27.

Eastern District :
Conditions Deplored

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It is hoped that the originators of the "Co-Prosperity" scheme are satisfied with their efforts so far; soaring commodity prices racing against H.C.L. allowances, with H.C.L.A. a very poor second.

It must be a source of deep satisfaction to adherents of the "new order" to see thousands of gallons of gasoline wasted on the Settlement bridges on account of stupid restrictions at the entrance to what is supposed to be the Japanese Defence Sector.

The lack of tram-cars, combined with exorbitant charges on the military buses, must be improving the physique of thousands living in the Eastern District; walking is supposed to be very good for the health.

The bad old days when householders could rely on a very efficient Police Force to protect property, are gone. Residents now have the satisfaction of guarding their own person or property.

While everyone deplores the recent acts of terrorism, it is a job for the properly constituted police force to rout out these gangs; it can never be done by military means; intimidation as used at present, only tends to seal the mouths of those who would be willing, under ordinary circumstances, to assist the forces of law and order. The ordinary efficient C.P.C. is not permitted to carry his gun; nests of armed Chinese are ensconced in various houses throughout the district, obviously with the acquiescence of the "Defence Forces." Are these forces sure of the loyalty of these gangs to the "new order"? More than probable they are loyal at heart to their own race, and paying "rice-bowl" lip-service to their present employers while taking advantage of the lack of Police authority while they prepare for a rainy day.

RATEPAYER.

Shanghai, Aug. 26.

Office Hours :
And Gasoline Usage

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Owing to war conditions, trade has slumped to a point where it can be said that employees of many firms are not working to capacity. The heads of certain big companies have acknowledged this fact and have fixed office hours at from 8 or 8.30 a.m. to 1 p.m.

For the rank and file, the going is pretty tough here now and the foregoing adjustment saves a double trip to town by those who go to their homes for tiffin and saves those who lunch in town the extra expense involved. The advantages of this should be apparent to all. If there are disadvantages, what are they?

It is said that gasoline stocks will possibly be rationed. Surely there would be a very big saving if the hundreds of cars which now make two trips to town were to make but one.

Summarizing, is there any valid reason for those firms whose staffs could and would gladly perform all available work in five hours, say 8 a.m. to 1 p.m., to continue their present working hours which necessitates:—

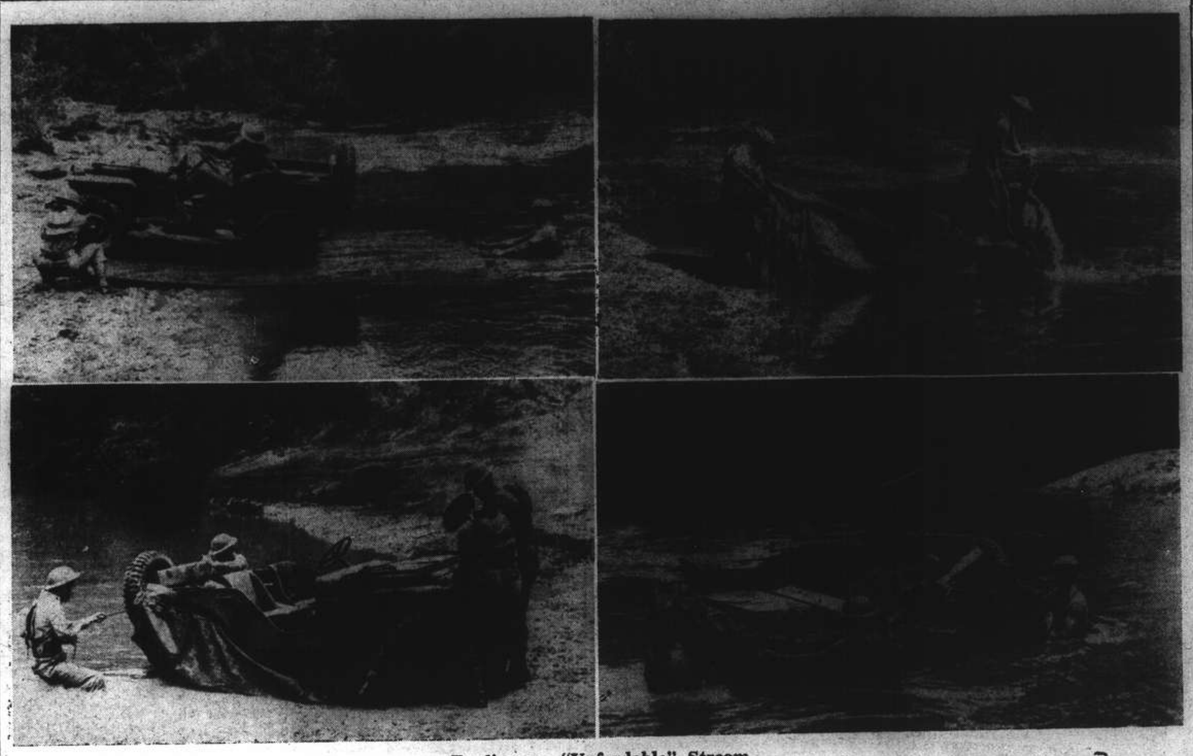
a. A double trip to town.
b. Sitting at a desk for hours on end with virtually nothing to do, which is very demoralizing.

The number of work shirkers is very small, and a person who is inclined to shirk will do so no matter what office hours are followed. For the most part, it can be said that staff are willing to work but would appreciate application of the saying "Work while you work, and play while you play."

Incidentally, this letter is being written during afternoon office hours, and my employers in no way lose thereby as I have nothing to do.

ONE-OF-THEM

Shanghai, Aug. 28.



Fording an "Unfordable" Stream

Men of the Fourth Mechanized Division of the U.S. Army demonstrate at Fort Benning, Georgia, how an "unfordable" stream is crossed with ease by a reconnaissance car. At top left the car is backed on to a square of canvas, part of which rests on the surface of the water. The canvas is then pulled up and tied, just as a shopkeeper would wrap a package. The car is then tied up in the canvas, which also contains water. Top right the water is pumped from the canvas and the vehicle, which weighs slightly more than one ton empty, then displaces enough water to float. It is then pushed across the stream, unwrapped, and is ready for a go at the enemy.

Marines May Take Masonic Hall As Club House

The British Masonic Hall premises at 1623 Avenue Road, may become the new 4th United States Marines Club in Shanghai if the discussions between the officials materialize into something concrete, it was learned yesterday. Negotiations between both parties have already opened, although nothing definite has been announced as yet.

A three-storey building with large rooms and an auditorium which suit the requirements for a United States Marines Club, the building is conveniently located and if taken over by the American military authorities would be an excellent substitute for the present Marine Club, it was declared.

The Marines Club, located at present in the former International Recreation Club on Bubbling Well Road, was sold to the local Jewish Club last year for CN$1,000,000. With the occupation of the building postponed several months by the Marines due to inability to find suitable premises the Jewish Club will move in from the beginning of next month, it was learned.

The Masonic Hall, if rented to the Marines, would be turned into an N.C.O. Club, with privates invited to attend movies each night, it was declared. Indications yesterday all pointed to the successful conclusion of the reported negotiations between the Marine authorities and the Masonic Club representatives.

Where the Masonic Hall would move to in the event the Marine Corps take over the premises, is unknown, but it is believed that discussions on the subject have already been opened by the authorities concerned.

Free French Forces Steadily Increase

London, Aug. 28.

Growth of the forces of Free French since last November was revealed by General de Gaulle, speaking at Brazzaville yesterday, on the occasion of the first anniversary of the rallying of Equatorial Africa to Free France.

"We assure the nation that among 40 French vessels commanded by Admiral Muselier (Commander-in-Chief of the Free French Navy), as well as 100 French merchantmen, and among 2,000 airmen under General Valin as well as 60,000 soldiers led by our young generals, there is one dream and one determination—the liberation of France".

On November 29, 1940, General de Gaulle said, Free French forces consisted of 35,000 men under arms, 20 fighting ships under commission, 1,000 airmen and 60 merchantmen.—Reuter.

West African Ports Put At U.S. Disposal

London, Aug. 28.

Interest in the position of West African ports continues here, so that a report from America that General de Gaulle had offered to put the Free French ports in Africa at the disposal of the United States as naval bases, presumably to counteract German influence at Dakar, has been read with attention, states Reuters Diplomatic Correspondent.

The Free French headquarters in London state that they have no knowledge of such an offer, though in any case a decision would be made by General de Gaulle himself at Brazzaville. From what is known of the general's views, however, it is thought that if America considers these ports would prove useful to the United States, the Free French would gladly place them at America's disposal.—Reuter.

New Bermuda Governor Appointed

London, Aug. 28.

Viscount Knollys has been appointed Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Bermuda, succeeding Lieutenant-General Sir Denis Kirwan Bernard, whose resignation has been accepted by the King.

The appointment follows the recent decision that the Governor should be a civilian.—Reuter.

Role of Nanking-Sponsored Unions in Labour Disputes

TURNING the pages of Shanghai's history a few years, one notices, with envy, that the number of strikers in the city in those days was sometimes as low as 75 in a day—in comparison to the 7,500 and sometimes more recorded daily now. True, the high cost of living has quite a lot to do with the current labour situation in Shanghai, but the real reason for these troubles lie deeper than it is noticeable to the eye of the majority of Shanghailanders.

Behind these strikes is a strong organization — the Nanking-sponsored Special Movement Direction Committee—an organization aiming to monopolize the entire labour movement in the city, and judging by the number of disputes, this committee has more than fulfilled its aims. It is known that even employees of establishments sympathizing with the Chungking Government have on more than one occasion appealed to the Nanking-sponsored unions to mediate in their disputes, thus acknowledging their power.

Lawyers Sometimes Engaged

The Special Movement Direction Committee has labour unions in every large establishment of the city, as the one of Cathay Hotels Ltd., the members of which incidentally were arrested by the French Police the day they met for the first time. Many of these unions have engaged lawyers to do their work for them, while at least one is known to be employing a well known foreign advocate.

It would be wrong to say that all of the hundreds of thousands of workers employed in various trades sympathize with these Nanking-sponsored unions. Far from it. There were cases—in the Compagnie Francaise de Tramways et d'Eclairage Electriques de Shanghai, for instance—where workers refused to join the unions and this resulted in many a pitched battle between the union supporters and the rest. The former won out eventually and all the members of the French Tramways Company now wear the union badge.

No Stop at Violence

These unions do not stop at violence and many cases have been recorded where the non-striking employees suffered because of their loyalty to their employers. Neither do they stop at damaging property or bombing establishments refusing to join the movement. These occurrences have become associated with almost all labour disputes in the city.

The most serious acts of violence were perhaps committed a few months ago when the employees of the French Tramways Co. went on strike and defied the local French authorities to put out skeleton services of trams and buses. These vehicles were put into operation, but despite strong police protection, the strikers—all members of the union—attacked the non-striking personnel and hurled bottles with acid and quicklime into the trams, causing many casualties among drivers, conductors and the public.

When the local foreign hotels were hit by an organized strike some ten days ago, some of the Chinese continued to remain on the premises and one of them was asked whether he intended to leave. His answer was that he had no desire whatever to strike, but that remaining on the premises would result not only in a possible beating by the strikers, but also in intimidation of his family.

Union Interference

Incidentally, the Nanking papers issued a few days ago a statement by the strikers of Cathay Hotels Ltd. in which they said that the sole object in forming the Mutual Aid Association was to render assistance to the injured and to the families of deceased workers, and to promote education of the children of employees. This, however, was not the case, as it was ascertained from the management that the association or union had on several occasions interfered with the running of the establishments, objecting to transfers and dismissals and always insisting on a "good" reason for the discharge of an employee. This last issue can always be questioned, as it is doubtful that any employer will dismiss a worker without sufficient cause to do so.

The demands presented to employers now sometimes border on the impossible, but it is also true that they make concessions when negotiating with their management. Fully realizing that they are indispensable to their employers, the strikers on the whole get the majority of their demands granted.

Lately, however, some concerns have shown that the strikes may be broken if they assume a firm attitude in refusing to negotiate with their employees unless the latter resume work. And, after a few days, the strikers do agree to open negotiations. Such was the case in the last strike at the French Tramways Co.

Unfortunately, good as the idea is, it is unacceptable to the majority of commercial enterprises in Shanghai. This too is well known to the workers, who understand very well that their employers must agree to some of their terms or suffer losses.

S.M.C. Issues Its Second List of Commodity Prices

The Shanghai Municipal Council yesterday issued the second list of its weekly unit of commodity prices compiled by its Industrial and Social Division for the guidance of employers seeking a basis for allowances to employees. The list for this week with prices ruling on Monday given instead of Wednesday, owing to the approaeh of the end of the month follows:

Commodities	Unit	Average Prices Aug. 25 1941	Average Prices for calendar months Aug. 1941
Non-glutinous rice (Kan Mee)			
First grade	shih	$153.00	$153.08
Second grade	shih	147.33	146.23
Saigon rice			
Best quality	shih	131.60	130.71
Second grade	shih	124.80	124.28
Rangoon rice	shih	120.00	118.99
Glutinous rice (Noo Mee)	shih	125.00	124.53
Wheat flour (Bicycle)	49 lb. net	35.075	34.831
Chin-ts'ai	Chin	.380	.274
Yellow bean sprouts	chin	.260	.243
Fresh pork	chin	3.000	2.588
Fresh fish	chin	1.030	.967
Soy bean oil	chin	2.183	2.161
Soy bean sauce	chin	.573	.552
Coal briq.	100 shih	17.075	16.527
Grey shirtings	ch'ih	.633	.603

Chinese Charged With Child Murder

A Chinese servant employed by a foreigner living in Ferry Road confessed in the First Special District Court yesterday that he had killed his eight-month old son because of the high cost of living but said that he was mentally unbalanced. Kao Shiao-fu appealed for leniency but Judge Fu remanded him in custody pending an examination by judicial doctors.

Kao has been a cook of a foreign employee of the Shanghai Power Company living at Apartment No. 3,106 Ferry Road. He was said to have been receiving a monthly wage of $40. Nine years ago, it was revealed in court, he began living with his common law wife by whom he has three children, including the one killed.

Several Disputes

Soon after the birth of the third child, it was said, Kao wanted to send him to a philanthropic organization for care, but his wife did not agree. There have been several disputes. It was alleged that many weeks ago, Kao put the eight months old baby into a tin barrel full of water and covered it with a stool during the absence of his wife. The wife later returned but it was too late to save the baby.

Meanwhile, it was said, Kao escaped to Soochow after resigning and recently returned to Shanghai again trying to take up his old job. He was arrested the other day. Although Kao said in court that he had killed his son because he could not afford to support him, doubt was expressed by the prosecution as to the real causes of the trouble. It was asked that, if he had killed a son because of economic difficulties, why did he resign before fleeing?

Child Burnt to Death

A Chinese woman named Mrs. Sun Chen-sze was brought before the same court yesterday in connection with the discovery of another dead baby about two months old by the Gordon Road police. On Wednesday, a constable attached to the Gordon Road Police Station saw the baby lying in a hot pan placed on a piece of vacant ground in Markham Road. The baby had been so seriously burned that its face could not be recognized, it was alleged. The constable wailed and soon Mrs. Sun came slowly. She said that she did not know anything about the tragedy and that the pan had been lent to another woman by her. Judgment was reserved pending an inquest and Mrs. Sun was remanded in custody.

A dead Chinese baby apparently born recently was yesterday seen wrapped up in a piece of mat at the foot of a bamboo fence surrounding a foreign-style building in Chengtu Road near Weihaiwei Road.

British Papers Criticize Japan

London, Aug. 28.

Japan has no sort of right to interfere with relations between Russia and the United States, says the "Daily Telegraph," and the assumption that she can dictate the transport of goods between them is an amazing novelty in diplomacy.

"The moment chosen is singularly inopportune. Only a few days ago, the Anglo-American declaration made freedom of the seas one of their eight cardinal principles for joint action. Less than five months have passed since Japan signed a neutrality pact with Russia. The Japanese have made an even grosser miscalculation than usual in supposing that this attempt to bluff Russia and the United States into submission to their orders can succeed. The bluff is called.

"Support for China has long been on the American programme; now, the first supplies to Russia are en route to Vladivostok and a great expansion is being organized. Tokyo may well dislike the fact that aviation petrol and lubricating oil, which its war machine sorely needs, pass by to Siberia, but it will not frighten the countries winning the Battle of Freedom into weakness which would delay victory."

The "Liverpool Daily Post" declares both in the sphere of action and diplomacy Japan, for a country that used to be distinguished for cautious, careful statesmanship, has acted with singular arrogance and lack of foresight. Yet, a little consideration might have shown her that a time would come whom the countries she has flouted and insulted must come forward to defend their interests, and that is the situation today. It is of Japan's own making, the paper asserts.

"There have been rumours in the past few days that her rulers are beginning to see the light. Obviously, the sooner they do so, the easier it will be for Japan to adapt herself to a pacific settlement in the Orient."—Reuter.

Wavell Sends Ultimatum To Djibouti

Vichy, Aug. 28.

General Sir Archibald Wavell, Commander-in-Chief of British forces in India, has sent an ultimatum to the Governor of French Somaliland, demanding that he rally to the Free French movement or face a continuance of the British blockade of Djibouti, radio reports heard here yesterday.

The French Governor replied to General Wavell, stressing Somaliland's strict neutrality, Djibouti radio said.—United Press.

Berlin Denies Death of Ukraine Commander

Berlin, Aug. 28.

Berlin officials yesterday denied a report from Moscow that Colonel-General Karl Rudolf von Runstedt, commander of the German armies in the Ukraine, had been killed.—United Press.

CATHEDRAL GIRLS' SCHOOL

Reopens Monday, September 8.
Interviews: Friday, August 29, 9.30-12.

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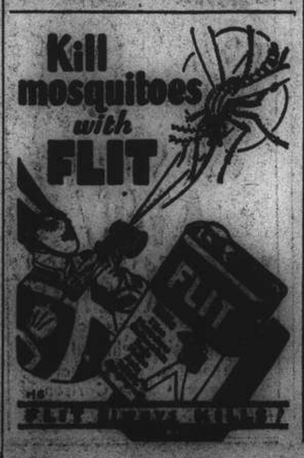

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF AUGUST 29, 1871

At the Kiushiu was proceeding to sea yesterday morning, she came into collision with the Kiangse, striking her on the port paddle box, and making the paddle wheel completely useless. The accident occurred about 3 a.m. and the Kiushiu proceeded on her voyage but we hear the Kiangse had to be towed into port.

TO-DAY'S RADIO

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FFZ
193 Avenue Joffre, Shanghai.
TELEPHONE 80567

Medium wave: 214m., 1400kc.
Short wave: 24.80m., 12.09mc.

Daily broadcast in four languages.

Time table

12.00 Classical music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Assorted music (requests).
4.30 Light music.
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners.
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students.
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 Light music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers.
7.50 Semi-classical music.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière. Interview of the Father Leroy. Oceanographical Institute of Nha-Trang.
8.15 Semi-classical music.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Concert:

French music from the Renaissance to the XVIIIth century.

Lully: Moonlight; Gluck: Gavotte; Destouches: The land of tenderness; Loeillet: Sonato for flute and piano in fa major; L. C. d'Adquin: Noël in the ground; Martini: Happiness of love; Gretry: The nightingale Rameau: Hyppolite and Aricie.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"
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Telephone 19967

To-day's Programme

7.30-12.10. Chinese Programme with News at 7.45 and 11.00 and Chinese lesson at 8.30
12.10 Indian Programme
12.30 Selections from Operettas
12.45 News in English
1.00 News in Chinese
1.15 News in French
1.30 News in German
1.45 News in Russian
2.00 Czechoslovak News and Commentary
2.30 Dance Music for the Connoisseur
3.30 Woman and Home
4.30 Chinese Programme, including "The Foundations of Chinese Music," by Professor Wei Chung-loh at 5.00. News at 5.20 and 6.00 and Commentary at 6.15
7.00 Russian Commentary
7.30 Summer Evening Melodies
8.00 Relay of B.B.C. News, War Commentary and Listening Post
8.30 Noel Abbott's Programme
9.00 News in English and B.B.C. Programme Announcements
9.20 "Weekly Commentary" by Alfred Morley
9.30 "The Battle of Britain"—A radio dramatization. Achievements of R.A.F. Fighter Command from Aug. 8th—Oct. 31, 1940. (An M.B.C. recorded programme)
10.00 Nights at the Ballet
10.30 Paris to Piccadilly
11.00 Late Night Final
11.10 Dance Music
11.40 Moviegoers' News Summary
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese

BBC

The main items in the London programme which can be heard on GSV in the 16 metre band and later on GSF in the 19 metre band are:—

p.m.
8.00 News and War Commentary and Listening Post.
8.30 The Blue Peter. A magazine programme for the Merchant Navy.
9.15 Dancing Through. With Geraldo and his Concert Orchestra, Mervin Sanders and Olive Groves.
10.00 News and News Commentary.
10.15 Starlight. The Jack Simpson Quartet and Betty Kent.
11.00 Makers of History. Madame Curie.
11.15 After the Raid. The work of the Rest Centres.
11.30 Concert by the London Studio Players.
Midnight. World Affairs—Talk by H. Wickham Steed.
7.45 French Programme on GSG 16 metre band.

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To-day, Friday, August 29, 1941, at 9.30 a.m.

Books, pencils, brass and glass ware, camera, radio, gramophone, records, table lamp, electric fan and coffee percolator, child's motor car, steel filing cabinet, organ, binoculars, carpets, tape measure, leather suit case, suit length, Gent's and Ladies' clothing, suit, dresses, shoes, hats, and sundries.

In Main Salesroom—Now On View
On Saturday, August 30, 1941, commencing at 9.30 a.m.

Peking and Axminster carpets, rugs, upholstered double spring couches and arm chairs, day beds, studio couch, gramophones, records, Hawaiian guitar, radio receiving sets, loud speaker, violet ray set, electric vacuum cleaners, "Arozone" air conditioner, child's tricycles, walking chairs, slider, perambulators, billiard table and balls, problem bridge set, table fan, oil paintings, pictures, books, magazines, telegraphic codes, music books, 24 vols. Modern Business, sloping and flat top desks, desk chairs, bookcases, blackwood cupboard, large double sided wardrobe, E.P. ware, cutlery, electric toaster, rubber hose, ornaments, camera, baby's bath tubs, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, mirror door wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, bedsteads, mattresses, child's cots, kitchen cupboards, utensils, willow settee, etc., also

1 "G.E." 10-tube combination radio and gramophone 110 volts
1 "Stewart-Warner" 11-tube radio 110 volts, 1 "Sunbean Shavemaster" elec. razor 110v.
1 E.P. Canteen set 183 pieces in cabinet, 1 "Underwood" Portable Typewriter

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

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IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

THE RUSSIAN FRONT

While news from the Russian front is scarce, with the Russians more than usually reticent, indications are that the Germans have been making some progress, though painfully slow, in the direction of Leningrad. The slowness is to be attributed on one hand to the stubborn resistance of the Russians, who are fighting every inch of the way, and on the other to the difficulty of the terrain, and the need for the Germans to move up large numbers of men and very substantial equipment over long distances. It is apparent that the further the Germans penetrate into Russia the more difficult does the problem of the maintenance of lengthy communications become, and it is expected that with the advent of the autumnal rains, which will render the earth soggy, the difficulties of the Germans will become all the greater. There is every indication that Leningrad will be defended to the last and all reports indicate that the possibility of a successful defence is not lightly to be discounted.

Further south, the Germans, striking at Velikilugi, succeeded in capturing this important station on the Riga-Moscow railway. It is in this area that the junction of the armies of Marshal Voroshilov and Marshal Timoshenko occurs and it would be a natural thing for the Germans to attempt to drive a wedge between the two. Though the German command claims to have inflicted heavy casualties and to have taken a large number of prisoners, it is significant that they do not say they have separated the two armies, and it is to be assumed that, despite German efforts, the front in that area remains intact. The German left arm of the anti-Ukraine pincer-movement in the neighbourhood of Gomel appears, according to some observers, to have sustained a considerable reverse as a result of the determined Russian counter-offensive, and, at any rate for the time being, the German drive on towards Briansk, Kharkov and the Don basin has been frustrated. It is interesting to note that the German claim to have captured Dniepropetrovsk has not yet been admitted by the Russians, and, as the Germans have made so many claims which have been proved to be false, judgment in this particular case needs to be suspended.

It is also reported that the German drive against Kiev has manifestly failed, and that they in fact received a severe beating in this area a few days ago, while it is also reported that Odessa is proving a thorn in the side of the Germans who up to the present, despite every effort, have failed to reduce the place. The general impression to be gained is that the German offensive which started over a fortnight ago is definitely exhausting itself. From the map it is clear that the Germans have made less progress in this onslaught than in either of the two which preceded it, and, it is doubtful whether they will be able to launch another before weather conditions come to the assistance of the Russians. Indeed it may not now be long before rains hamper operations throughout the whole of the northern front, in which event the chances are that the Germans will devote more attention to the Ukraine in their endeavours to secure the passage of the Dnieper.

The general impression to be gained from the reports which have come to hand is that the Russians have done excellently in holding the German onslaught in the manner they have, and assuming the counter-offensive which has wrought so much destruction on the enemy. Clearly the German plans have gone woefully astray, and only by superhuman efforts, and extraordinary good fortune can they now hope to make up for the large amount of time they have lost and the disruption of their plans. Hitler had hoped to be able to complete his campaign against Russia before the advent of winter, but the chances are that, unless something untoward occurs, he will be bogged down, and will have to fight under conditions to which the Russians are accustomed and the Germans not. On the other hand it would be unwise to expect a repetition of the fate which befell Napoleon's army, for communications, despite bad going, will still be swifter than they were in those days.

SEETHING FRANCE

The attempted assassination of M. Pierre Laval serves to draw attention to the acute situation which has recently developed in France. For some time past, it has been apparent that, while some French leaders were all out for collaboration with their German conquerors, the ordinary people would have none of them. The dismay which pervaded the French masses after the fall of Paris and the capitulation, has given place to a bitter resentment and hatred of the Germans. Passive resistance has been transformed into something more active. Anti-German demonstrations are becoming the order of the day, and, despite the repressive measures taken by the Germans and the French authorities, are continuing. Sabotage against traffic, the organization of railway accidents, murders of German officers, the mass arrests of thousands of alleged Communists, the establishment of special tribunals by the French Government and the German threats to shoot hostages, should fresh offences occur, all go to paint a particularly lurid picture of conditions in occupied and unoccupied France.

Already the special court for dealing with cases of Communism has sentenced two men to death, one unfortunate fellow receiving the death sentence on his appeal against a punishment of two years imprisonment originally imposed in the court of first resort. Others have been sent to hard labour for life, fifteen, ten and seven years. The fact of the matter appears to be that all people who are not reconciled to German domination are being regarded as Communists in an endeavour to justify the wholesale slaughter of French people whose only offence is that of hating the loathesome German invader. The German commander-in-chief in France in a notice he has issued placing Germanophobia on the same footing as Communism significantly mentions that there are "not only prisoners in the hands of the German military authorities, but also those placed at the Germans' disposal by other official sources."

If that means anything at all, it means that the French authorities are extending their collaboration to the extent of surrendering their fellow countrymen to an enemy, the common denominator of whose policy towards subjugated people is the application of the death penalty. It is a striking commentary upon the mentality of the Germans, and those French who would assist them in binding the shackles firmly about the French people that the Germans threaten even to execute innocent hostages should sabotage continue, while the French authorities apparently are prepared to keep up the supply of hostages should their numbers, because of the reign of terror which the Germans are seeking to create, become exhausted. This is not the first time that the Germans have resorted to such tactics. Innocent villagers were shot during the last war on the ground that someone or other had fired a shot at the German forces, and it is clear that in this struggle many Frenchmen loyal to the ideals for which they fought are to suffer martyrdom to which they are to be assisted by the actions of some of their fellow countrymen. It is a hideous picture, but, unhappily, a true one.

It has quickly been stated that the man who attempted to murder M. Laval is a Communist. There is every possibility that he is but another of those millions of Frenchmen proudly resentful of the manner in which their country has been betrayed, and is still being betrayed into the hands of a hated foe. There is but a small section of French people who have any use whatever for the Germans, and then in all probability merely for the purpose of serving their own selfish ends. The greater part of the masses are loyal to the old ideals, and want nothing of the much-vaunted new order which Hitler boasts he intends creating in Europe. They, like their fellows in other countries which have been overrun, are seething with discontent and hatred of their oppressors. The time is not yet, but it will come when these people will arise against their enemies and take a terrible revenge. For the moment the Germans with their French assistants may succeed in maintaining some sort of control, chiefly it is to be believed by means of the firing squad. That will not last for ever and those men who are now traitors to the real France will in their turn, beside the Germans they are so enthusiastically serving, be brought to judgment.

Empire Collaboration

Reuter's Political Correspondent discusses elsewhere some of the difficulties which face the composition of an Imperial War Cabinet. These are many. The British Empire is widely scattered and the Dominions, being self-governing, have their own affairs to look after. Internally, each has its own politics, which are different from the politics of the Mother Country, and more important to each of them than can be the struggle between parties elsewhere. The result is that senior ministers, such as Prime Ministers, are needed in their home countries, and the length of time they would be forced to spend abroad, if they were to make periodical visits to London for consultations with the Prime Ministers of other Dominions, might have a serious effect upon the government of their own peoples. It is understandable that only ministers plenipotentiary from the Dominions would be acceptable in an Imperial War Cabinet, since no others would be empowered to make or acquiesce in decisions of importance. Yet the appointment of such ministers plenipotentiary, with powers equal to those of any member of a Dominions' cabinet, might easily be interpreted as an encroachment upon the powers of that cabinet, and be resented all round. The problem is therefore by no means easy, but it is not incapable of solution. This is a total war, as has often been emphasized. There have in the last few months been magnificent examples of co-operation among the military forces of the Empire. General Sir Archibald Wavell commanded Australians, New Zealanders, South Africans, Nigerians, Rhodesians, men from Kenya, Indians, and West Africans in the north and east African campaigns. General Freyburg, a New Zealander, commanded British, Australian, New Zealand and Greek troops in Crete. General Carton de Wiart commanded British, French, Norwegian, and Canadian troops in Norway. And in none of these cases was any friction between the different nationalities under the one command reported. In each case there was a fusion of individual national command in a single person. It was admitted that only thus could the maximum efficiency be attained. The parallel between this unity of military command and a similar unity of political command throughout the Empire is not a strictly true one, since many factors exist in the political sphere which fortunately do not intrude into the military. But there can be little doubt that the formation of an Imperial War Cabinet in which all members of the Empire are represented would considerably increase the Empire's efficiency in prosecuting this war, provided the members of the Cabinet have been conceded sufficient powers by their respective governments. Such a cabinet need not include the United Kingdom War Cabinet, and need only assemble when there are major strategical problems, of importance to the whole Empire, to be considered. But its members would have to be within easy call of London, or whatever city is chosen as the meeting place for this cabinet. As a result it would mean the permanent stationing of a responsible minister from each of the Dominions in the Empire's capital. If it would speed up decisions in any way, the fact that this is not easy should not be allowed to prevent the formation of such a cabinet. The Empire is firmly bound together by a common purpose and a common allegiance, and no means to further this common purpose should be neglected.

STRAY NOTES

Aug. 25.—Now the Swallows will soon be leaving us and already the young birds, first broods of the year, may be seen congregating on the telegraph wires, while anxious parents are still getting second broods ready for the long journey South. Refreshing my memory, I have just been reading Gilbert White again, and it is fascinating to see how his observations, made between 1740 and the early 1770's (when he published his paper on the subject) fit in exactly with my own in recent years . . . but subject to some slight changes caused by changes in the habits of human beings.

We must remember that in England the bird which built beneath the eaves was the Martin (hence known as the house-martin) while the swallow built inside the big wide chimneys—for warmth—and was thus known as the chimney-swallow; but there were not suitable chimneys everywhere, and so the swallows would build in barns, etc.; by the time I was of "first school age," about fifty years ago, I distinctly remember seeing swallows building under our eaves like martins; and here in China they not only build inside the tea-shops and cottages, but under the eaves where the Chinese often put boards and cotton nest-frames to encourage them. But up in Weihaiwei (where it is colder) there is something even more interesting; for the swallows, reverting to their old habit of getting artificial warmth, have taken to building on the electric lamps in the verandahs of foreign bungalows.

Again, White explains that when the birds first come out of their chimney they become *perchers* in the boughs of trees where they can be fed until they have become *flyers*; they do precisely the same thing now but they use for perches nothing but telephone and telegraph wires. I see that White, too, in an earlier paper, mentions the special signal call which is given when hawks are sighted—the very thing I mentioned only a week or so ago. How I would have loved to talk to that wizard of Selborne . . . but what would he have thought if I had said to him, just about 200 years ago, that my swallows built on an electric light lamp and perched on a telephone wire in my garden?—E.S.W.

Take care never to seem dark and mysterious—which is not only a very unamiable character but a very suspicious one too. If you seem mysterious with others, they will be really so with you, and you will know nothing.—*Lord Chesterfield.*

* * *

It is pleasant to observe how free the present age is in laying taxes on the next: "Future ages shall talk of this: this shall be famous to all posterity"; whereas their time and thoughts will be taken up about present things, as ours are now.—*Dean Swift.*

* * *

Loud laughter is the mirth of the mob, who are only pleased with silly things; for true wit or good sense never excited a laugh since the creation of the world. A man of parts and fashion is therefore only seen to smile, but never heard to laugh.—*Lord Chesterfield.*

* * *

With women there is no caste or rank; and beauty, grace, and charm have the same action as family and birth. Natural delicacy, the instinct for what is elegant, flexibility of wit, are the only hierarchy, and make women from the people the equals of the very greatest ladies.—*Guy de Maupassant.*

ISOLATIONISM FALLACIES

Our national defence will never be adequate, and our perils will grow greater even though we arm much more, as long as the American people do not renounce and reverse radically the theory of the passive defence, writes Walter Lippman in "Life." No competent soldier or sailor in the world believes in it. But most civilians are disposed to believe in it. And our whole foreign policy from the end of the other war to this day has been built upon this absolutely false, this demonstrably foolish, this disastrously wrong theory of national defence.

The policy of isolation is, as the results after 20 years have shown, incompatible with the effective defence of the United States. However good the intentions of the isolationist policy, it rests upon and carries with it the strategical plan which has already placed us in such great danger and will, if it is not scrapped, bring us to defeat and disaster. The military doctrine of the isolationists is that the nation must defend itself passively and alone; the consequences of the solitary and passive defensive are disastrous, and we shall never again be back on the road to security until we purge our minds of this false doctrine and free our soldiers and sailors of its devastating influence.

The passive defensive which the isolationists have imposed upon this country is based on the notion that an armed circle can be drawn round the United States, and that behind the protection of our two oceans we can never be successfully attacked. Therefore, we have been induced to think, first that we needed no allies and, second, that it did not matter how many nations were allied against us. For isolationism is the theory that we do not need friendly allies and need never fear hostile alliances.

It is a false theory. Every nation needs allies for its own defence. For there is no such thing as the perfect geographical frontier; every nation has a soft side through which it can be attacked. France had the Maginot Line covering the frontier between Germany and France; France was invaded through the soft side, through Belgium and the Netherlands which should have been allied with her, but were not, for a common military defence. Germany has a soft side—along the whole eastern and southern frontier where her defences are fixed among peoples who hate their Nazi masters.

We have a soft side. The oceans are wide at their widest point, just as the Maginot Line was impregnable at its strongest point. But the Atlantic Ocean is narrow at its narrowest points, and where the ocean is narrow our defences are the softest. The Atlantic is narrow in the north by way of Britain, Ireland, Iceland, Greenland and Canada, and Canada is a small nation on our northern frontier. The ocean is also narrow in the south—from Spain and Portugal and French Africa to the Azores and the Cape Verde Islands to Brazil and the lower part of South America.

Even the isolationists realize that to defend the United States we must make what amounts to a military alliance with Canada and with Brazil; just why they object to having Britain as an ally also, no strategist will ever be able to explain. For if we need Canada and Brazil—which do not have navies—to defend the hemisphere against attack from overseas, then surely we need Britain even more to help see to it that no attack from overseas can ever get started.

Britain Best Possible Ally

The isolationists profess to object to entangling alliances. But in fact they have persuaded us to confine our alliances to weak countries and they have done their utmost to prevent us from making allies of strong countries like Britain and France. All alliances are entangling in the sense that the troubles of one's allies become one's own troubles. A Nazi revolution in Brazil or Mexico would be an entanglement for the United States. But if nations have to have allies—and in fact they do have to have them in some form and under any name one may prefer—then obviously an alliance with a strong power is a less dangerous one than an alliance with a weak power. There is no sense, therefore in a policy that favour alliances with the relatively weak nations of the Western Hemisphere and opposes an alliance with a great power, like Britain, which is able to contribute to the defence of the Western Hemisphere the world's largest organization of total seapower—of warships, of merchant ships, bases and shipyards, supported by a people imbued with the greatest traditions of the sea.

Allies are necessary, furthermore, to the defence of any country, because no other great power on earth is run by isolationists. Therefore, the failure to make allies of potential allies will mean sooner or later that they become conquered by and allied with one's enemies. There is no such thing as real neutrality in the modern world, and a nation which rejects an ally or fails to hold on to it will make an enemy. The democracies should have learned this bitter truth at long last. Twenty years ago we had as our allies Great Britain, France, Italy, Russia and Japan. We have lost Japan and she is in the camp of our enemies. We have lost France, or a large part of France, and she—alas—is in the camp of our enemies. Yet in the face of this ghastly record there are still supposedly sane persons at large who want to push Britain away and let her gravitate—somehow or other—into the other camp.

But among modern nations America is unique—not as our isolationists tell us because she cannot be defeated, but because America possesses all the attributes of military power. Germany is a great power on land but, unless she wins this war and subjugates Britain, Germany is without power on the sea. Britain and Japan are island empires. We alone have a great Navy based upon the resources of a continent—a combination which Hitler dreams of but which only the American nation actually possesses. This power, once it is fully mobilized and is rightly directed, will give us the means not only to repair our mistakes but to shape the world in which Americans must live.

IN PARENTHESIS

Neat Trick

When radio patrolmen arrived, they found the embattled cook, arms akimbo, standing on the front porch, thumbing her nose at them.—*Pittsburgh "Post-Gazette."*

* * *

She Knew

"Are you sure your wife knows I'm going home to dinner with you?"

"Knows? I should say so. I argued with her about it this morning for half an hour."

* * *

Speed

"I see one of our destroyers is reported fast in the mud."

"Well?"

"I was just thinking that a ship fast in the mud ought to be a record breaker on the open sea."

* * *

"No Hoein'!"

Visitor: "I see you raise hogs almost exclusively here. Do you find they pay better than corn and potatoes?"

Hill-Billy: "Wal, no. Yu' see, stranger, hawgs don't require no hoein'."

* * *

Some Job

Miss Webster will become the bride of Selden C. Greves, son of Mr. and Mrs. Selden C. Greves, Sr., of 124 Fifth avenue, east, at St. Luke's Church, Roselle, on May 28. Miss Webster will be one of the bridesmaids.—*Elizabeth (N.J.) "Journal."*

* * *

Rough on Mother

Brown on meeting his young lady remarked—My, I'm pleased to see you, my dear and how is your charming mother?

She—I don't know.

Brown—What do you mean, you don't know?

She—Well it is like this I have only one mother you know.

* * *

Of Course It's Long

Two workmen sat down to eat their lunch, and one began unwrapping a parcel about 18 or 20 inches long.

"What's that?" asked his friend.

"Well, my wife is away, so I made a pie for myself."

"A bit long, ain't it?"

"Of course it's long. It's rhubarb."

* * *

Nazi Politics

Three men were sitting on a park bench in Germany. One, who was reading a paper, finished an article, looked up, and said, "Tsk, tsk."

The second man looked over, read the article, and he, too, said, "Tsk, tsk."

The third man stood up and said, "If you guys are going to talk politics I'm going."

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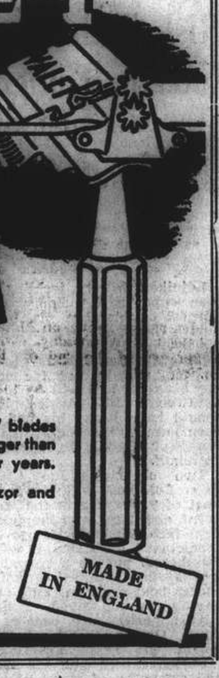
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1 cup hot water
1 cup cherry juice
1 cup seeded, canned white cherries, halved
1 banana
Dissolve Jell-O in hot water. Add fruit juice. Chill. When slightly thickened, fold in cherries. Turn into small shallow pan. Slice banana over top of Jell-O. If desired, sprinkle with ¼ cup broken walnut meats. Press slices gently below surface. Chill until firm. Cut in squares. Serves 6.

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Unconquered Cricket Club Teams to Clash in Crucial League Encounter Tomorrow

THIS Saturday afternoon brings together in their first clash of the season the two crack S.C.C. sides, the Wanderers and Stragglers, and on the result of this game the eventual league championship is likely to be decided. The meeting of these two elevens has been eagerly awaited for a long time for it is rather rare for two Club sides to go so far in the same season beating all other opposition that Shanghai has to offer.

They have swept away the threats offered by the remaining local elevens with considerable ease and though at times there have been doubts during the course of certain matches as to whether the S.C.C. sides would eventually triumph, they have never faltered in their stride.

Both Teams Confident

Now they come together, and while it is not impossible for the big game to result in a draw, such a decision is highly improbable. Both teams are highly confident regarding their chances of gaining yet another victory and the clash should attract more attention than any game played this summer.

Present league standings are:

	P.	W.	L.	D.	Pts.
Stragglers	7	7	0	0	21
Wanderers	7	7	0	0	21
Tyros	7	4	3	0	12
Police	7	2	4	1	7
Colts	7	0	6	1	1
Parsees	7	0	7	0	0

Many Favour Wanderers

Many followers of the game are inclined to the belief that the Wanderers will defeat the Stragglers in the struggle for supremacy which will begin at 1.45 p.m. on the S.C.C. Ground. On paper, there seems little doubt that the Wanderers, under the capable leadership of Donald Leach whose last game this will be for a considerable time, are a trifle stronger than their rivals from the batting angle. They have at their command such fine batsmen as Stokes, Marshall and Leach while Dunkley, Duckitt, Pate and Underwood are all capable of knocking up their fifties in a match of this sort and Elliot, Graham and Reynolds can all score runs at a pinch.

In other words, the Wanderers are potentially an extremely powerful batting side—on paper. On the other hand, the Stragglers can call upon the services of such tried and tested bats as Dean, Sinclair, Jenkins, Pote-Hunt and Simpson while Orr, if his eye is in, can punish any bowler in unmerciful fashion. Brown, Pearson and Sluis can get runs, too, though their defensive qualities are not quite up to the standard of the others.

Fielding Evenly Balanced

There is little difference in the fielding qualities of the teams, the Stragglers, if anything, being a little more nippy in their ground work. At Leach's disposal in the attack he has himself, Elliot, Duckitt, Graham, Rawsthorne and Stokes while Sinclair can call upon the services of Chadwick, Dean, Jenkins, Orr, Pearson, and possibly Sluis. The Stragglers' attack seems to be better balanced than that of the Wanderers in that it contains slow, spin and pace bowlers.

All in all, this is a most difficult match to forecast with any degree of exactitude. The elements and the luck of the game—a dropped catch or two or poor running between the wickets for example—may go a great way in deciding the course of the game. The tense situation that is certain to prevail throughout the game may also affect the nerves of some of the lesser experienced players, but whatever happens, a splendid match should be witnessed by a large crowd which will naturally hope that the better team wins.

Other Fixtures

With the championship out of the grasp of the remaining local sides, the matches between the Tyros and Police on the former's ground, and the Parsees and Colts on the Police matting wicket, though not devoid of interest, will not be attractive as the big encounter.

On Sunday, in the only game so far arranged, a friendly encounter will take place on the S.C.C. Ground between two elevens captained respectively by W. Marsay and R. F. Scott.

Schedule follows:—

Tomorrow

1.45 p.m. Wanderers *v.* Stragglers (League), S.C.C. Ground.
1.45 p.m. Tyros *v.* Police (League), S.R.C. Ground.
1.45 p.m. Parsees *v.* Colts (League), Police Ground.

Sunday

1.45 p.m. W. Marsay's XI *v.* R. F. Scott's XI (Friendly) S.C.C. Ground.

The wrist-watch which Anne Shirley wears in her role as a hospital nurse in Paramount's "West Point Widow," would never stand scrutiny in a close-up. Anne dropped it on the bathroom tiles after the first day of camera work and never had time to have it repaired.

Lawn Bowls Teams

Country Club

Country Club (*v.* Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club at C. C. greens 4.30 p.m.):—I. A. Beith (skip), R. Lock, J. Davidson, E. F. Bateman J. T. W. Brooke (skip), J. B. Gilroy, A. H. Aicks P. W. Massey; C. W. Porter (skip), A. K. Ward, Dr. J. H. Jordon, H. C. B. Way. Reserve: E. S. Booth.

Police Recreation Club

P. R. C. (*v.* Clube Lusitano Greens at P. R. C. greens 4 p.m.):—R. C. Martin (skip), I. H. Williams, D. Crawford, J. J. Gavan; J. M. Sanbrook (skip), C. McCahey, G. Knifton, J. Boll; M. L. Crowther (skip), W. Hutton, G. H. Craik, S. Nancarrow. Reserves: C. White, S. Knowles, E. Gigarson, F. Cornish, H. Ekelund.

Yangtszepoo Bowling Club

FIRST DIVISION

Y. B. C. (*v.* Shanghai Junior Golf Club at S. J. G. C. greens 4 p.m.):—A. Marshall (skip), A. B. Hogg, H. McMahon, A. McLean; W. R. Chisholm (skip), R. Matheson, J. Colquhoun, W. C. Grant; A. Cheetham (skip), S. S. Wilkinson, J. Campbell, W. G. Francis. Reserve: L. A. Greenhalgh.

SECOND DIVISION

Y. B. C. (*v.* Shanghai Junior Golf Club at Y. B. C. greens 4 p.m.):—A. Sharp (skip), D. MacCallum, G. Mitchesl, H. Booth; L. Beattie (skip), C. M. Keenan, J. T. Wakelin, J. Kearns; J. O. Drysdale (skip), W. Simpson, H. Jackson, R. M. Jordan. Reserve: W. Butterworth, J. S. Mudford.

Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club

FIRST DIVISION

S. L. B. C. Reds (*v.* S. L. B. C. Blues at S. L. B. C. greens 4 p.m.):—W. J. Monk (skip), W. J. Ward, D. A. McFarlane, H. S. Bartley; W. A. Turnbull (skip), W. J. McDermott, J. F. Evans, L. A. Whittaker; E. Owen (skip), A. S. Russell, E. Jacobs, J. Stevenson.

S. L. B. C. Blues (*v.* S. L. B. C. Reds at S. L. B. C. greens, 4 p.m.):—C. Richards (skip), F. S. Ward, A. Braid, E. E. Wallwork; J. E. Harvey (skip), T. J. Goodman, A. T. Barrett, F. McLennan; E. R. Harmer (skip), J. Munro, H. S. Bell, J. P. Stalker.

SECOND DIVISION

S. L. B. C. (*v.* Country Club at C. C. greens, 4 p.m.):—T. Sayle (skip), S. G. Mills, J. Close, D. E. Harbottle; C. Pratt (skip), J. A. Stoddart, H. N. Davies, A. E. Howkins, D. B. Scrimgeour (skip), J. Henry, R. R. Russell, F. Marshall.

Hongkew Golf Club

FIRST DIVISION

H. G. C. (*v.* Shanghai Recreation Club at H. G. C. greens, 4 p.m.):—C. M. Sequeira (skip), A. G. Gosta, A. H. Corveth, J. A. Rorba; J. M. M. Britto (skip), M. F. Campos, J. J. Souza, A. Portaria; A. M. Gutierres (skip), E. C. J. Pereira, A. S. Braga, G. Marques. Reserve: S. A. Pintos.

SECOND DIVISION

H. G. C. (*v.* Shanghai Recreation Club at S. R. C., 4 p.m.):—C. A. Pereira (skip), A. M. Gonsalves, V. O. Remedios, F. J. Skinner; J. M. O. Sequeira (skip), A. F. Dinis, F. Medina, O. R. Holmes; C. A. Silva (skip), Alb. G. Costa, G. C. Jorge, A. M. Jesus. Reserves: A. M. Correa, E. C. Rozario.

Shanghai Recreation Club

FIRST DIVISION

S. R. C. (*v.* Hongkew Golf Club at H. G. C. greens 4 p.m.):—G. V. Jensen (skip), W. T. Manley, W. Hall, A. L. Roberts; F. O. Madar (skip), G. N. Manley, J. M. C. Lopes. T. G. J. d'Almeida; G. B. Storms (skip), C. Thompson, R. E. Manley, B. A. Shirazee.

SECOND DIVISION

S. R. C. (*v* Hongkew Golf Club at S. R. C. greens 4 p.m.):—G. Madar (skip), V. L. Xavier, T. C. Avery, E. Gifford; W. H. Richardson (skip), W. Moore, J. J. Aldeguer, H. R. Hotchkiss, P. Madar (skip), J. R. McDonald, C. J. Merritt, F. M. R. Remedios.

Shanghai Junior Golf Club

FIRST DIVISION

S. J. C. C. (*v.* Yangtszepoo Bowling Club at S. J. G. C. greens 4 p.m.):—R. Thomson (skip), J. Aquino, W. Watson, M. Benton; A. Denton (skip), A. Evans, O. Schmied, C. Fletcher; K. Swartzell (skip), H. Hill, P. Shaw, R. Miles.

SECOND DIVISION

S. J. G. C. (*v.* Yangtszepoo Bowling Club at Y. B. C. greens, 4 p.m.):—P. Fothergrave (skip), D. Macrae, W. Fischer, G. Watt A. Hayward (skip), F. Stebbeds, C. Holt, J. Scott; H. Cranfield (skip), C. Avison, T. Barry, A. Whitmore.

Reserves for both teams: O. Nordling, R. Ekin.

When Shall We Two Meet Again?

The answer is tonight. Knocker Nakano (left) is out to redeem himself in the eyes of local boxing fans when he clashes with Paul Lojnikoff in a return bout at the Canidrome. It may be recalled that the Korean was rather piqued in his first meeting, throwing one of his gloves into the ring to show his annoyance at the way which the crowd treated him. Tonight's appearance will be Lojnikoff's farewell fight here, after which he will be going to Singapore. The Russian is seen above in a shirt of many colours.

"Family Game" for S.L.B.C. in Lawn Bowls League When Reds Tackle Blues This Sunday

THE Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club Blues aggregation who made remarkable progress in the league standings, rising from fifth to second position, will be facing an acid test on Sunday when they clash with their colleagues, the Reds. Though the possibility of the Blues overhauling the Clube Lusitano Reds is very remote, it is nevertheless mathematically possible, especially as the Portuguese, having drawn a bye this Sunday, will not be able to accumulate further points.

Though the Blues are placed second in the standings and defeated the Reds in a first-round engagement it does not mean that the verdict will not be reversed this time. It will be recalled that in their first meeting, the former emerged victorious by the small margin on only 10 shots.

Bitter Struggle Likely

Meanwhile, a dour struggle is likely to be waged at the greens of the Hongkew Golf Club where the golfers will be at home to the Shanghai Recreation Club. Both sides have slumped badly in the league standings. The Recs and H. G. C. were both at one time placed second on the standings but disastrous defeats have caused them to drop to fourth and fifth places respectively.

This was entirely due to their inconsistency this summer. The S. R. C. men have not even shown a glimpse of their former prowess—the form that made them league champions for the last three years. The Hongkew golfers were doing quite well until recently when, through the inclusion of several reserves in their rinks, they failed to maintain their earlier good form.

Stern Test for J.G.C.

It will be a distinct feather in the cap of the Junior Golf Club if they can triumph over the Yangtszepoo Bowling Club when the two sides clash on Sunday. A win for them, however, appears unlikely as they have not shown any form of consequence during the whole season.

The fourth first division tussle will see the cellarites, the Police Recreation Club, and the Clube Lusitano Greens battling for last place. On the strength of the Portuguese aggregation's last performance in which they scored an upset by defeating the Hongkew Golf Club, they should be able to account for the weak Police side who have yet to win a match.

The following is the complete schedule for Sunday:—

First Division

S. L. B. C. Reds *v.* S. L. B. C. Blues.
Police Recreation Club *v.* Clube Lusitano Greens.
Hongkew Golf Club *v.* Shanghai Recreation Club.
Junior Golf Club *v.* Yangtszepoo Bowling Club.

Second Division

Country Club *v.* S. L. B. C.
Shanghai Recreation Club *v.* Hongkew Golf Club.
Yangtszepoo Bowling Club *v.* Junior Golf Club.

Paul Lojnikoff to Risk Title Against Nakano Tonight

Paul Lojnikoff, the China Lightweight Champion, will be defending his title for the fourth time tonight when he will swing fists in a return bout with a worthy challenger in Knocker Nakano. Both will be weighing in at 135 pounds and as both have shown that they can take it as well as dish it out, the main event promises to be packed with action.

Lojnikoff will be tackling the Korean opponent not only with the purpose of retaining his belt but to punish Nakano for the lacing he gave his brother Peter in the Shanghai Boxing Association's first card. Nakano, too, will be put for vengeance but his chief aim will be to win the lightweight title which he feels should have been his had he not been impulsive and quit in the third round of his last fight with Paul Lojnikoff.

Two old rivals, Joe Clara and Peter Lojnikoff, will continue their feud of yesteryear in the semi-final event, and here, even the most expert fight fans are reluctant to make a prediction. Joe Clara, it will be remembered, put up a splendid showing against Paul Lojnikoff in a titular bout early in July although having the nod given against him. His supporters are bearing this in mind. On the other hand, Lojnikoff's magnificent stand against Nakano recently, earned him the admiration and sympathy of many supporters.

Preliminary Events

The card is well balanced with four preliminaries, each of six two-minute rounds, and a four two-minute round curtain-raiser. Local boxing fans who followed this sport some years back will remember the inimitable "Charlie Chase" Collaco, who is probably funnier than Ritz the three Brothers plus Stan Laurel and Oliver Hardy put together, will be keenly anticipating his re-appearance in the squared arena tonight when he clashes with "One Eye" Victor Maltzeff. It is understood that during his absence from the local ring he has fought in Indo-China where the foot is also used. He will consequently be entering the ring with a brand new repertoire of tricks.

LEAGUE STANDINGS

First Division

	P.	W.	L.	D.	Poss.	Pts.	Pct.
C.L. Reds	6	6	—	—	30	26	.867
S.L.B.C. Blues	7	5	2	—	35	22	.629
Y.B.C.	6	4	2	—	30	17½	.583
S.R.C.	5	3	2	—	25	14½	.580
H.G.C.	7	3	4	—	35	19	.543
S.L.B.C. Reds	6	3	3	—	30	14	.467
J.G.C.	6	2	4	—	30	13	.433
C.L. Greens	6	2	4	—	30	10	.333
Police	7	—	7	—	35	4	.114

Second Division

H.G.C.	6	5	1	—	30	24	.800
S.L.B.C.	5	4	1	—	25	19½	.780
Y.B.C.	5	3	2	—	25	15	.600
Country C.	5	2	3	—	25	11	.440
Clube Lus.	5	2	3	—	25	9½	.380
B.B.C.	5	2	3	—	25	9	.360
J.G.C.	4	1	3	—	20	5½	.275
S.R.C.	5	1	4	—	25	6½	.260

Portugal to Face The World Tomorrow In Ladies' International Softball

The ladies softball leagues will be pushed into the background when the first tussle of the International Series will be held tomorrow afternoon on the City Baseball diamond, starting at 5.45 p.m. The game will feature Portugal, defending champions, against a powerful aggregation, The World.

In the meanwhile, the Amazons will be having a busy time during the next nine days. On week days they will be having their hands full with league fixtures while the following week-end will see two more games of the International Series.

Another engagement which should attract wide-spread interest should be the "A" division clash between the two leading teams in the senior standings, the unbeaten A. S. P. "A" and the Erin Villa "A". This encounter will be held on Tuesday, September 2.

Though the Portuguese are strongly favoured to triumph over the World temorrow, strong opposition may be seen as the line-up of the latter contains a wealth of talent. Portugal will have a strong advantage over the World—as a matter of fact over the other teams too—as far as mutual understanding among their players is concerned, as their line-up will be almost indentical to the A. S. P. "A" team.

The following are the line-up of the Portuguese and "The World" teams tomorrow:—

Portugal

Verna Remedios (ASP "A") p.
Jiggy Pereira (ASP "A") c.
Frances Caldas (ASP "A") 1b.
Marie Silva (ASP "A") 2b.
Marie Canavarro (ASP "A") 3b.
Margaret Oliveira (ASP "A") ss.
Waldo Oliveira (ASP "A") r.
Bella Barros (Y. Reds) lf.
Noemi Machado (ASP "A") cf.
Thelma Collaco (ASP "A") rf.
Reserves:—Priscilla Remedios, Margie Favacho, Elvie Correa, Nadia Canavarro, Yvonne Canavarro.

Rest of World

Leah Chernoff (Y. Reds) c.
Madeleine Lespinasse (Y. Reds) p.
Elsie Betines (ASP "B") 1b.
Marie Remedios (ASP "C") 2b.
Ruth Riege (Y. Reds) 3b.
Lucy Drozdovsky (Mollers) 22.
Cissy Bettines (ASP "A") lf.
Patsy Lonborg (Race Club) cf.
Florrie Cruz (Y. Reds) rf.
Lollie Gaan (J. A. C.) ss.
Reserves:—Celia Hanin, Ellen Nielsen, Lecia Hekking, Colette Mary, Carla Dammers.

The complete schedule for the next nine days follow:—

TOMORROW

p.m.
5.45 Portugal *v.* Rest of the World (S.A.B.C.).

SUNDAY

a.m.
8.30 C.S.F. *v.* Lantern (K.P.I).
8.30 Ching Woo *v.* Rangers (K.P.2).
10.00 "Y" Reds *v.* A.S.P. "B" (K.P.I).

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 1

p.m.
6.00 A.S.P. "A" *v.* C.C.C. (R.G.).

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2

5.45 A.S.P. "A" *v.* Erin-Villa "A" (E.V.).
5.45 Race Clubbers *v.* C.C.C. (C.C.C.).
5.45 "Y" Reds *v.* Texaco (P.C.).

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3

5.45 Mollers Ltd. *v.* Erin-Villa "A" (E.V.).
6.00 A.S.P. "C" *v* C.S.F. (A.S.P.).

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4

6.00 Mollers Ltd. *v.* C.C.C. (C.C.C.).
6.00 Erin-Villa "B" *v.* F.M.C. (E.V.).

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 5

6.00 Race Clubbers *v.* "Y" Reds (R.G.).

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 6

5.45 Russia *v.* British Empire (S.A.B.C.).

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 7

9.45 China *v.* Portugal or Rest of the World (K.P.).

Two Lawn Bowls Finals Scheduled For Tomorrow

To-morrow should be a red letter for lawn bowls enthusiasts for they will be able to see at least three sparkling games at the Race Course. At the greens of the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club, the final matches of both the Singles and Rinks Championships will be held. Meanwhile at the grounds of the Shanghai Recreation Club, a semi-final tussle of the Pairs Championship will be played off. All matches will start at four o'clock. The second semi-final of the Pairs Championship will be held on Tuesday, September 2, at the greens of the S. L. B. C.

Chisholm is Favoured

A dour struggle should be seen when B. F. Marques and W. R. Chisholm go on the greens to battle for the Singles title. Though the former is strongly favoured to triumph, even his most ardent supporters fear that it will not be a cut and dry proposition for him. In the semi-finals, Chisholm eliminated Hogg after a scintillating game in which the standard of play rose to great heights.

Marques, however, also gave a splendid performance, especially over half and three-quarter ends, to defeat a strong contender in A. Marshall. Neither have won the title before although Marshall has figured prominently in the earlier rounds of several. Marques, until this year, has been more or less an unknown quantity.

Two Veteran Skips

The Rinks Championship final will see two veteran skips of the Yangtszepoo Bowling Club fighting out the issue. R. C. Aitkenhead's rink—R. C. Aitkenhead (skip), A. Cheetham, L. Beattie, F. C. McPherson—entered the final at the expense of R. Thomson's four by a convincing margin of 25-15, but they actually received sterner opposition that the scores indicate. Meanwhile, A. Marshall's rink—A. Marshall (skip), A. B. Hogg, R. Matheson, A. McLean—did not encounter much difficulty in entering the deciding round. With W. J. Monk's four completely offcolour they scored an easy triumph of 30-11.

At the greens of Recs, W. J. Monk and W. J. Ward will be making every effort to improve on their performance of last year when they finished up as runners-up for the Pairs title. Should they be able to hit their stride, they should be able to dispose of the Portuguese couple, H. A. Ozorio and F. Machado. The latter two showed their mettle in the quarter-finals when they trounced C. M. Keenan and L. A. Greenhalgh by the one-sided score of 28-12.

Porpoises Run Up Ten Goals Against Tritons

The Foreign "Y" Porpoises completely overwhelmed the A. S. F. Tritons last night in a league water polo match when they literally swam circles around the French side to triumph by the lopsided score of 10-0.

Smith was top scorer, netting the ball four times—twice in each half. Wyatt, who filled the centre-forward berth, scored two goals while Vernich also accounted for the same number. C. Grebenschikoff and Pure registered one apiece.

The teams were:—

Porpoises: Pitts; Gregg, Grebenschikoff, Vernich; Pure, Wyatt, Smith.

Tritons: Levi; Pindel, Lyon; Ballerand, Choliot, Le Bas, Eidel.

Dodgers and Cards Continuing Battle for Supremacy

New York, Aug. 27.

THE hectic National League battle between the Brooklyn Dodgers and St. Louis Cardinals remained unchanged today when they both emerged victorious.

The Dodgers nosed out the stubborn third place Cincinnati Reds by a 4 to 2 score while the second place Cards turned back the New York Giants, 8 to 5.

Walt Higbe hurled the Dodgers to their 80th victory of the season. He yielded seven hits and opposed Johnny Vander Meer, who was chased from the mound in the eighth inning. Brooklyn led throughout and scored single runs in the first, third, fourth and seventh innings. Both of the Cincinnati scores were made in the eighth frame.

Carl Hubbell Relieved

The Cards chased Carl Hubbell from the mound in the seventh inning as they came from behind to defeat the Giants. The defensive play of the St. Louis club was weak, but they were hitting the ball hard, nicking two Giant hurlers for fifteen safeties.

The Pittsburgh Pirates battered four Philadelphia hurlers for 21 safeties in scoring a 12 to 2 victory over the senior circuit's cellar club. John Leanning went the route for the Pirates and held the Phillies to ten hits. He hurled shutout ball until the seventh inning.

Five Safeties By Vaughan

Arky Vaughan, Pirate shortstop, led the batting attack by connecting with five safeties out of six trips to the plate. Three of the hits were doubles.

The Chicago Cubs divided a twin bill with the Boston Braves, losing the opener, 6 to 0, and coming back with a ninth inning rally to win the nightcap, 6 to 4. In the first game, the Braves scored all of their six runs in the third inning on a series of singles and a pair of Chicago errors.

Manuel Salvo turned in his best performance of the year in limiting the Cubs to five hits. Claude Passeau was on the hill for Chicago and looked good aside from the disastrous sixth inning.

Ninth Inning Rally

In the second game, Bill Nicholson started the scoring for the Cubs with a homer in the second inning. In the ninth inning, when trailing by one run, the Cubs pushed over three scores to take the game.

The New York Yankees increased their lead to 17 games when they turned back the St. Louis Browns, 11 to 1. The Yanks collected five runs in the third inning and six more in the fourth. Ernie Bonham was on the mound for the winners and held the Browns to three paltry hits.

Heath Clouts Double Homers

Geoffrey Heath connected with a pair of homers and a three bagger as the Cleveland Indians trounced the Philadelphia Athletics 11 to 4 today.

Both of the circuit drives came with two mates on base and there was also one runner aboard when Heath hit his triple. The three mighty blows accounted for 7 out of the 11 Cleveland scores.

The second-place Chicago White Sox suffered an 11 to 3 setback from the Washington Senators, Kendall Chase was on the hill for the Senators and held his foes to seven safeties.

Solters in Mighty Form

Julius Solters wielded the mighties bat for the winners, getting a homer, three bagger and a single. The Senators piled up a four run lead in the first two innings and then added to their total in the fifth, sixth and ninth frames.

Detroit's Tigers, though badly outhit, came through with a 6 to 3 win over the Boston Red Sox. The Boston club played ragged ball behind their hurlers who allowed only five hits. Boston took the lead in the first inning but the Tigers soon forged ahead. Rudy York contributed to the Detroit victory with a circuit drive in the sixth inning.

American League

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	4	11	2
Cleveland	11	18	0

Batteries: Ferrick and Hayes; Gromek and Desautels.

Boston	3	8	3
Detroit	6	5	1

Batteries: Grove, Wilson and Peacock; Newhouser, Gorsica and Tebbetts.

Washington	11	18	0
Chicago	3	7	4

Batteries: Chase and Early; Rigney, Hallett and Tresh, Turner.

NIGHT GAME

New York	11	17	1
St. Louis	1	3	2

Batteries: Bonham and Dickey; Niggeling, McKain, Krammer, Trotter, and Ferrell.

National League

Chicago	6	9	2
Boston	6	13	0

Batteries: Passeau and McCullough; Salvo and Berres.

Chicago	6	8	3
Boston	4	9	1

Batteries: Raffensberger, Root and George; Javery, Johnson and Montgomery, Berres.

NIGHT GAMES

Cincinnati	2	7	0
Brooklyn	4	7	0

Batteries: Vander Meer, Beggs and Lombardi; Higbe and Owen.

St. Louis	8	15	3
New York	5	10	0

Batteries: White, Gumbert and W. Cooper; Hubbell, Brown and Danning.—United Press.

Golf Starting Times

Shanghai Golf Club

SATURDAY

1.36 Vice President/Captain
1.56 Openshaw, Brown/President
2.08 Iseri, Ban/Jourdin, Cameron

SUNDAY

9.32 Jourdin, Reierstad/Clark, Pratt
9.48 President/Vice President
10.04 Captain/Iseri, Matsunaga
10.20 Openshaw, Evans

SATURDAY

2.30 Raworth, MacEwen, Fisher
2.45 Bond, Arnold, Kidd, Cheetham
3.10 Willson, Smith, Geibel
3.15 King, Perry, Adamson, Rigden
3.20 Hadland, Partner
3.25 Smith-Wright, Cumming
3.30 Gibbings, Partner
3.35 Huxter, Kearton, Terrace, Cleland
3.40 Mrs. Barton, Mrs. Wentworth
3.45 Hayim, Glass., Gauntlett, Forbes
3.50 Wood, Glass, Newman, Little
3.55 Laffond, Partner
4.00 Maclean, Beveridge, Scott, Camp
4.05 Kearton, Huxter, Partner
4.10 Watts, Maitland, Andrews
4.15 Captain's time/Howell, Partner
4.25 Reynell, Mrs. Reynell
4.30 Berthier, Partner

SUNDAY

8.16 Willson, Davies/Reynell, Gordon
8.44 West, Robinson/Hadland, Partner
9.04 Watts, Andrews/Huxter, Kearton
9.12 Gande, MacEwen/Cheet., Partner
9.24 Laffond, Partner/Adam., Cleland
9.32 Gibbings, Rigden
9.36 Smith-Wright, Dean
9.44 Captain's time/Taplin, Mrs. Taplin

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MAIN EVENT (10 rounds)
FOR LIGHTWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF CHINA
PAUL LOJNIKOFF vs. "KNOCKER" NAKANO

Semi-Final (8 rounds)
JOE CLARA vs PETER LOJNIKOFF

SPECIAL EVENT (6 rounds)
KID RUCKENSTEIN vs YAMAKAWA

(6 rounds)
KID TEDDY vs "BRUTE" BRUSNETSOFF

(6 rounds)
"WALLOPER WEISS vs "SLUGGER" KATAYAMA

BATTLE ROYAL (1-3 minute round)
Six blood-thirsty Sluggers (6 rounds)
CHARLIE "CHASE" COLLACO vs VICTOR MALTSZEFF

(4 rounds)
TINY LING vs CHONG HO CHI.

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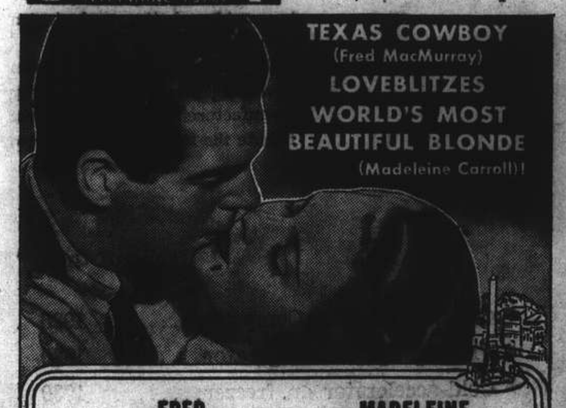

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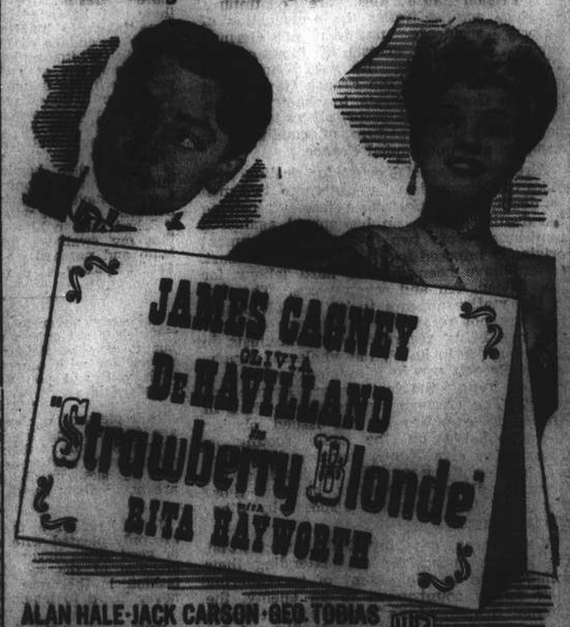

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Serious Shortage of Small Money Faces Shanghai

A SERIOUS shortage of small money is facing Shanghai, reminiscent of the acute shortage of small money more than a year ago in this city when stamps had to be used in lieu of coins and cent notes. Shop keepers and customers are finding it difficult to give change. The shortage causes many of the former to increase their prices although they do not mention it, while the latter are forced to spend more therefore increasing the already high cost of living.

The shortage has been experienced for some time past but it is quickly becoming a serious problem to all residents, especially to the poor and salaried individuals who have to use every cent of their income carefully. When one buys a package of cigarettes presenting a $1 bank note the store keeper may refuse to accept the money if the cigarettes are priced less than $1. He may say that he cannot give the change, having paid seven cents for each dollar's worth of five or ten cent notes. In consideration of a small profit, however, he will probably be willing to give change if the goods one wants to buy are worth, say 60 cents or more.

Difficulties on Trams

Tram conductors are shouting to passengers: "Please bring five-cent notes and we do not want dollar notes." Many goods formerly priced at two cents apiece are now sold at five cents for two pieces and those formerly priced at say seven cents are now priced at 10 cents. When one buys a four-cent stamp he must pay five cents. Although there may be an actual increase of cost of production, it is believed by many that the shortage of one-cent and five-cent notes has accounted for increases of prices of cheap goods.

Why? The question has been asked by practically all residents for a long time. Formerly they did not emphasize it since they paid more attention to commodities valued much higher but now when they have paid for the necessaries, all of which are very highly priced as a result of alleged hoarding, they are paying attention to goods of smaller value. To give alms to beggars is now a matter of some consideration by the average resident.

Organized Groups Blamed

It is generally believed now that some organized groups are behind the absorption of small money from the Shanghai market and storage keepers of small exchange and cigaretteshops where sweets and what not are also usually sold have testified to this. They say that, frankly speaking, they do not want to turn down their customers but really they themselves are experiencing difficulties in obtaining cent notes. They pay seven cents for every dollar's worth of cent notes which they keep for the purpose of giving change to customers. They pay the money to exchange shops which thus make a profit of $70 for each $1,000 they receive. They make a profit bigger than the law allows (The Chinese law allows only a 20 per cent. interest at most) but there is a shortage of small money and scarcity means an increase of value.

Where does the small money go? Several organized groups are rumoured to be behind the business and each of them is said to be interested in a particular kind of small money. And the reasons are said to be many. Excepting the one-cent notes issued by the Central Bank of China long ago when the acute shortage of small money faced Shanghai, we have the nickel coins of various denominations minted by the Central Mint, aluminium coins of one-cent, five-cent and 10-cent denominations minted by special order from the Shanghai Bankers Association, and the five-cent notes issued also by the Central Bank of China. While many of the one-cent notes have been worn out, interest is said to have chiefly centred around the other kinds of small money.

Big Prices Paid

Nickel is said to be very useful to the military. Rumour has it that a certain big building in Nanking Road and many exchange shops (most of which have not registered with the Chinese government) are the meeting places of those interested in obtaining nickel coins. The fact has become fairly known that for 20 pieces of five-cent nickel coins some one will pay more than $10 and for 10 pieces of the 10-cent nickel coins about $9 will be paid. One may pay $17 for 10 pieces of 20-cent nickel coins. In other words, prices are almost ten times the face value of the coins. Nickel coins are rarely seen in the market now.

One still can see many aluminium coins but they are quickly disappearing. Rumour has it that some people are willing to pay between 30 cents for each dollar's worth of aluminium coins. The five-cent notes are also disappearing but many of them have become so worn out that they cannot be circulated. Chinese circles also believe that in addition to the purchasing activities by organized groups, hoarding by ordinary residents when they learn that the coins are becoming rare may also contribute to their shortage to some extent. "Certain quarters" are purchasing small money, according to store keepers and reports, notably the one appearing in yesterday's economic section of the "Shun Pao," agree with them. The writer says that it is an "organized movement" which will be started "openly" when one-cent and five-cent notes and coins have disappeared.

New Regime's Notes Increase

Meanwhile, notes issued by the new régime's Central Reserve Bank the face value of which ranges between one-cent and 10-cents are being circulated in both foreign areas here in increasingly larger numbers. Having the same colour, they are printed almost the same as those issued by Chungking and many illiterate persons take them for Chungking notes. They are not accepted in trams in the Settlement but some shops here occasionally accept them. In the French Concession, their circulation has become more or less general.

Another important aspect of this serious question is that it is not likely that Chungking will print more one-cent and five-cent notes for Shanghai (as one Chinese report suggests) while coins are disappearing. It is said that the printing cost is much more than the actual value represented by such notes. The question asked by Shanghai residents now is: Who are going to print cent notes or mint coins for this city? So far, the writer does not know of any organized movement urging the authorities here to settle this important problem.

Anti-Semitic Drive In Japan

Tokyo, Aug. 27.

The Japan Anti-Espionage Federation, among whose sponsors are personalities such as Generals Senjuro Hayashi, former Premier, Takashi Hishikari and Eisuke Yamamoto, have decided to combine their anti-espionage vigilant activities with militant anti-Semitism, reports the nationalist daily "Hochi Shimbun."

The new trend of the Federation is to be launched at a public meeting in the Asakusa Public Hall on the 7th of next month, when an affiliated Anti-Semitic Association is to be formed.

The "Hochi" explains that the Anti-Espionage Federation had heretofore followed a line of passive defence by propagating the motto of the Three Monkeys: "See no evil, hear no evil, speak no evil", but with the aggravation of the situation at home and abroad a strengthening of the anti-espionage drive will be aimed at under such slogans as: "Jews are the enemies of the World", tending at a "complete destruction of espionage."

The new association will set up organizations throughout the country and let the people know about "the menace of espionage and Jews."

The high military personalities heading the anti-espionage federation will participate in this crusade.—Havas Telemondial.

Communists Given Death Sentence

Paris, Aug. 27.

A Russian communist, Abraham Tzebrucke, and Jean Bastard, a member of the French communist party, were sentenced to death while four other individuals charged with having engaged in communist activities received hard labour terms for life, fifteen, ten and seven years respectively.

The communists were tried in camera in the course of the first session of the newly created third section of the Paris Court for the suppression of communist propaganda.

Though the precise activities of Abraham Tzebrucke were not revealed it is known that Jean Bastard was tried in second resort after having appealed against a sentence of two year's imprisonment which he was given in the first resort. Lucien Sampaix, who was sentenced to hard labour for life, is the one-time secretary general of the suppressed communist paper "L'Humanite." He was charged with having engaged in communist activities after having escaped from a concentration camp. The agitator given ten years hard labour was arrested while posting communist propaganda bills.—Havas Telemondial.

Hull Unaware of De Gaulle Offer

Washington, Aug. 27.

Secretary of State Cordell Hull today said he was completely unaware of the alleged offer made by General De Gaulle to place several African ports at the disposal of the United States to enable the latter to establish bases in them.

The Secretary of State made this statement at his usual press conference.

Questioned as to whether he would insist, despite Japanese objections, upon the freedom of sending war material by sea to Soviet Russia, Mr. Hull replied that this policy was being followed at present and that he saw no valid reason why it should be altered.

Regarding the possibility of objections being made by Japan to the United States, Mr. Hull declared that the initiative in this matter belonged to the Japanese Foreign Ministry.—Havas Telemondial.

"Free French" Unaware of Report

London, Aug. 28.

A spokesman for the Free French movement here today said that he was not aware of the statement printed aboard stating that General Charles de Gaulle, leader of the movement, had offered the United States Free French African bases and urged the United States to develop them as naval bases to offseet Dakar's fortifications.—United Press.

Thailand to Make Plea For World Peace

Bangkok, Aug. 27.

The Thai Government will despatch, within a few days through diplomatic channels to various belligerent countries, a plea to establish an international peace, citing the Buddhist principle against murder, hatred and jealousy, reliable sources reported today.

Meanwhile, the public is making preparations for a gigantic demonstration to support such a petition and the radio and press prominently commented on the report that Thailand was preparing a petition to belligerents including Britain, Germany, Italy, Russia, Japan and China requesting an immediate cessation of hostilities and the establishment of peace.—Domei.

Tank Brigade for New Zealand Army

Wellington, Aug. 28.

The Defence Minister, Mr. Jones, announced yesterday the proposed formation of a New Zealand Army tank brigade for overseas and the establishment of an armoured vehicle fighting school. Experienced personnel is returning from overseas and officers are being lent by the British War Office to act as instructors.

Training of the brigade is starting soon and will continue in advanced form when the brigade joins the expeditionary force. Three of the British officers will be officers of the Royal Armoured Corps.—Reuter.

Nazi Plane Shot Down in Russia

A Nazi plane, shot down in the fighting on the Russian front, being examined by Soviet air force experts. Large numbers of these planes have been destroyed by Russian fliers.

Hitler's Attempts to Force Way Out of Europe Blockade

HITLER'S attack against Russia is but an attempt to force his way out of Europe by the back door and bring himself nearer to his Axis partner, Japan. In the battle against the Red Army, the Nazi plan is to take the keys of seagates now controlled by Britain. The Germans have tried to force the north-western gates of Europe by attacking the British Isles; they failed here, next they tried to force the south-eastern gate by a direct assault in the Mediterranean early this summer, but failed again. Now they are trying against Eastern Europe.

Blocked in Iran, Hitler must send his army round the Caspian Sea and down against the North-east frontier of Iran, an undertaking of such magnitude that the Nazi resources will be taxed to the uttermost. With General Sir Archibald Wavell in India as commander, the Nazi hordes find themselves in serious predicament.

This interesting and informative review of the war in Iran and Russia and the plans of Germany, was delivered over Radio Station XCDN on Wednesday by John Harford. The full text follows:—

When we read in our newspapers or hear on our radios the latest reports of the fighting in Russia we are inclined to be overwhelmed by the size of it all. The length of the front, stretching all the way across Europe; the vastness of the armies and air forces opposed to each other; the huge numbers of casualties. Attention is focussed on the advances and retreats up and down this immense battle-front so that one is apt to regard immediate gains and losses as of ultimate importance. They are, however, only incidentally important to the final objective which is not confined to Russia alone.

Why did Hitler attack Russia? To try and gain possession of Russian oil supplies? Yes, for he needs them. To try and gain control of the Ukraine? Yes, because he wants the products of that rich area. To try and secure himself against the menace of the Red Army always on his eastern flank? Yes, because he didn't trust Stalin any more than Stalin trusted him. But the final objective is beyond Russia.

What Hitler has been doing ever since the war began is to try and force his way out of Europe, which Britain and her allies have successfully blockaded. The gates of Europe are seagates and all of them are in the hands of Britain.

First, there are the British Isles and Gibraltar which bar the way out across the Atlantic and secure for Britain the use of that sea for military and commercial purposes. The third sea-gate is in the centre of the British Middle East position and consists of the Suez Canal and the Red Sea surrounded by Egypt, Palestine and the other countries abutting on this strategic line of communication between Europe and the Far East.

Hitler Rebuffed Everywhere

Hitler tried to force the north-western gates of Europe in the summer of 1940 by the Air attack on the British Isles. He failed in this direct assault but has continued with the indirect tactics of submarine, surface and air attacks on shipping.

He then tried to force the south-eastern gate by a direct assault in the early part of this summer, but found himself unable to reinforce the army in Africa up to the strength necessary for a successful offensive against Egypt and the attack on Crete did not draw off enough of the British Naval and Air Forces in the Mediterranean to make the transport of these reinforcements any more easy.

In fact so long as British sea power is paramount in the eastern Mediterranean Hitler has found he cannot break down this 'Strategical Arch' of the British Empire by direct assault. So his next move was to try and outflank the British position in the Middle East, to attack it indirectly—by way of Russia.

It has been suggested that the German High Command always wanted to use this method and that the direct assault was only tried on the insistence of Goering who undertook to protect the lines of communication with the airforce which was found to be quite inadequate for this purpose. However, that may be, the attack on Russia as part of a vast outflanking movement opens up entirely new possibilities and explains a move that at the time it was made seemed somewhat difficult to understand—the transfer of General Wavell from the Middle East to India.

The Germans are apparently aiming at disintegration rather than annihilation of the Red Army. If they could succeed in forcing the Russians back behind the Volga and could break up their forces sufficiently to be free from the possibility of counter attack, they could then proceed towards the Caucasian region where the oil is and make a bid at breaking out of Europe by the back door which incidentally would land them fairly near their axis partner in the Far East, Japan; how near would depend on what Japan had been able to do in the meantime.

That seems to be the plan, but what are the possibilities of its execution?

Undertaking Gigantic

First of all there is the great natural barrier of the Caucasus mountains with only two or three practicable passes. The Russians alone could probably hold up the German advance through the Caucasus at least until Spring; but, and here is the second major difficulty confronting the Germans—the Russians will not be alone, and this is where General Wavell comes in.

The present British and Russian moves in Iran have for their object no less than the shifting of the North West frontier of India up to North-western Iran and it can be taken as certain that strong British support will be provided for the defence of the Caucasus.

Blocked in this direction, what must Hitler do next? He has only one alternative and that is to force the Volga River and send his army round the Caspian Sea, down against the North East frontier of Iran, an undertaking of such magnitude in itself as to tax the resources of the Nazis to the utmost and one moreover which would bring them up against the Russian Turkestan divisions—traditionally among the best fighting troops in Russia and against the extremely well equipped and practically self supporting Army of India.

Wavell Know's Russians

This is the plan that already as we watch we can see taking shape in the preparations that are being made. But it is a plan, remember, which depends for its chance of success on the ability of the Nazis first of all to beat the Red Army in the North. After fighting on a front that runs from the Baltic to the Black Sea, the Nazis would have to wheel round and continue the assault on a line reaching from the Himalayas to Libya. Here, too, as in the Near Eastern campaigns the Nazis would be at the disadvantage of having long and not easily protected lines of communication, while the Anglo Russian defence based on India and with the command of the Sea would be strategically in a much stronger position.

General Sir Archibald Wavell has shown himself to be essentially the man for this job, and there can no longer be any doubt that at the time of his transfer to India the situation was already foreseen as Mr. Churchill has since said. General Wavell's qualifications as a Commander in Chief have been amply demonstrated in this war, but he has unique experience for this particular campaign for he served in the Caucasus during the last war as Chief of a British Military Mission and has a wide knowledge of the Russian Army, the Russian people and the Russian language.

The size of these plans and the extent of the anticipated fighting area are somewhat staggering to the imagination, but there is the comforting reflection that Hitler is unlikely, judging by what has happened up to now, to be able to bring his army out of Russia even by the same way that he brought it in, for some considerable time, if at all. In the meanwhile, too, not only is resistance in the Caucasian and Trans-Caucasian areas being obviously well prepared, but in the West, thanks to America's aid, Britain is getting stronger every day. It will not be long before advantage can be fully taken of Hitler's pre-occupation in the East of Europe to hit him hard in the West, by means more formidable than the extensive raids through which the Royal Air Force has already in recent weeks been able to take such a toll of German war industrial productivity.

Price Control for U.S. Territories Studied

Washington, Aug. 28.

Governmental legal experts today studied the desirability of applying price control legislation to Hawaii, Puerto Rico and Alaska following conflicting representations of price situations in those United States territories.

Senator Munoz Marin, on behalf of Puerto Rico, conferred with the Federal Price Administrator, Mr. Leon Henderson, and other Federal officials, asserting that prices of food and other essentials were rising far ahead of wages.

He asked for immediate Federal action to prevent local distress.

Mr. Samuel King, Hawaiian delegate to Congress, when questioned by the United Press regarding the price situation, said that he was studying all available data on it and also pending legislation to determine the advisability of asking the inclusion of Hawaii.

It was understood that none of the territories was included in the bill which at present was awaiting action in the House.

Mr. King said that offhand he believed that all laws applicable to the mainland are applicable to Hawaii to maintain a principle of equality.

But, he added, he was not acquainted with specific merits and disadvantages of the price control law. He said that he had canvassed retail food prices and found them fairly reasonable.—United Press.

Bus Company Discusses Employees' Demands

There was no change in the strike situation at the China General Omnibus Company yesterday, but it was learned from an official of the Company last night that the management was discussing the demands which they had received.

Japanese Press Assails U.S. Oil Shipments

Tokyo, Aug. 28.

Tokyo's vernacular press today warned that the United States would be solely responsible for whatever consequences might follow shipment of American goods to Vladivostok.

The "Hochi," supporting the Governments representations to the United States and Russia, said "it would not be difficult to imagine what reply the United States is likely to make to Japan's representations. However, the responsibility for whatever consequences might arise from such an American policy must be borne by the United States.

"Whether Japan will be able to break the Anglo-American-Soviet encirclement front will depend on the united strength of the Japanese people and strengthening of the Axis with Germany and Italy," said the "Hochi."

"No Act More Insulting"

The "Nichi Nichi" said that American and Soviet authorities might quibble that Japan has no ground to protest against ships of the non-belligerent United States going to Russia, which country is a signatory to the Russo-Japanese neutrality pact.

However, said the "Nichi Nichi" "no act would be more insulting to Japan than this very move by the United States. For under the present situation, of all times, that country means to transport under the very nose of this country aviation petrol whose destination is unknown.

Asserting that the issue was not merely tankers but a grave question concerning Japan's foreign policy as a whole, the "Nichi Nichi" said that Japan no longer was able to tolerate such American policy under prevailing international tension.—United Press.

Hitler Believed Contemplating New Counter Move

London, Aug. 28.

The "Daily Mail," in a despatch from Beirut yesterday said that renewed German diplomatic pressure on Turkey, coupled with spectacular military preparations in the Bulgarian and Aegean islands, resulted in the belief that Chancellor Adolf Hitler was contemplating a new move to counter the Anglo-Soviet march into Iran.

The newspaper said that Herr Franz von Papen, German Ambassador to Berlin, had been summoned to Chancellor Hitler's eastern front headquarters after a lightning visit to Ankara.

The despatch also noted reports that an "important British military conference was just concluded in Jerusalem surveying all possibilities" regarding new moves in the middle East.—United Press.

Black Sea Agreement

Istanbul, Aug. 27.

A naval agreement concerning the Black Sea is being negotiated between Germany and Turkey, it is reported from reliable sources here.

The recent conversations of Führer Adolf Hitler with Baron Franz von Papen, the Reich Ambassador to Turkey seem to have been chiefly concerned with an exchange of views on the conclusion of such an agreement.

A treaty with Ankara giving Germany full liberty of action is sought by the Reich now that it is about to undertake operations in the Black Sea, it is explained in the same reliable circles.

Germany will guarantee Turkish interests in the Black Sea while the question of the Straits is not to be brought up, it is added.—Havas Telemondial.

Von Papen Arrives in Ankara

Ankara, Aug. 27.

Baron Franz von Papen, German Ambassador to Turkey, arrived in Ankara today coming from Istanbul. —Havas Telemondial.

KLM Air Service Not Affected by Iran War

Batavia, Aug. 28.

Allied action in Iran does not affect the KLM air service as the company for a long time has discontinued flying over Persian territory and has been using a route via the west coast of the Persian Gulf. If the occupation of Iran is completed it will probably use the former and shorter route between Karachi and Basrah, in which case Bushir and Djask might again be stopping places instead of the British island of Bahrein.—Reuter.

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TRAIL OF THE VIGILANTES
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MISCHA AUER
PORTER HALL
PEGGY MORAN
Original Screen Play by Harold Shumate

At Russian Night

Mr. V. N. Rogov of the Tass Agency, making an inspiring speech at Russian Night of the "XCDN Moonlight Follies" on Wednesday. "Victory will be ours," Mr. Rogov declared.

Sen. Wheeler Again Attacks U.S. Policy to Japan

Washington, Aug. 28.

Senator Burton K. Wheeler yesterday said that if the United States fights Japan it will be doing so "to preserve British domination of Asia rather than to help the United States."

Senator Wheeler, staunch isolationist and bitter Administration critic, said that there was no sentiment in the United States for war with Japan "although some within the Administration apparently are anxious for war sometime."

He said that Mr. Winston Churchill's Sunday speech "indicates clearly that he expects hostilities between the United States and Japan."

Senator Wheeler said it was laughable for Mr. Churchill to say that England would stick by the United States, since Britain always has controlled Shanghai, Hongkong and India. He said he was unable to conceive of either the United States or Japan being foolish enough to commit acts to provide excuses for the war makers of either party to plunge into war.

Japan a Good Customer

"Japan was one of our best customers for cotton and petroleum," Senator Wheeler said, "and we were one of her best. There is no reason why we should not live in peace.

"We did not go to war with Japan when she took Manchoukuo, Peiping and North China or when she took control of all the ports of China," Senator Wheeler said.

"We kept on selling Japan war materials with one hand to fight China and with the other loaned money to China to carry on the war against Japan," said Senator Wheeler. Naturally both Japan and China are suspicious of us.

"Only when British possessions and interests are vitally affected does the Administration seem greatly concerned in the Orient," Senator Wheeler said.—United Press.

Gen. Huntziger to Take N. Africa Command

New York, Aug. 28.

The National Broadcasting Company yesterday heard the British radio report that Vichy had announced General Charles Huntziger, War Minister, had been appointed commander-in-chief of all Vichy troops in North Africa.

The former commander, General Odet, was recalled, said the report, and was named military commander of Toulouse.

No mention was made of General Maxime Weygand, supreme commander of French African forces.—United Press.

German Orders Placed With French Concern

Vichy, Aug. 27.

An agreement has been reached between the French Iron and Steel Authority and the occupation officials concerning the execution of German orders placed with French industrial concerns.

Since French iron and steel production is practically all reserved for French needs, the steel necessary for the execution of the German orders will be furnished by Germany under this agreement.—Havas Telemondial.

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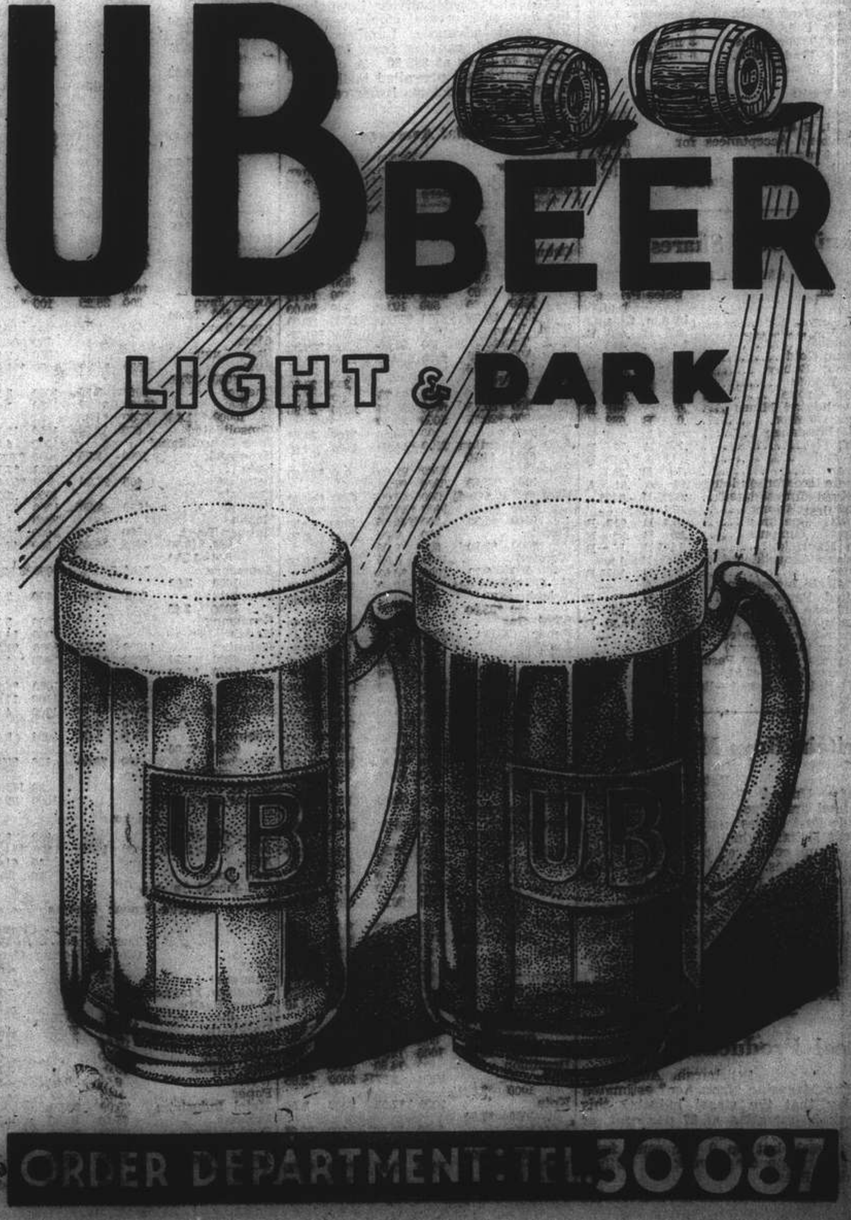

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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

THURSDAY, AUGUST 28, 1941

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 1/16d.		$ 76.03
U.S. $100 @ 5 7/16		$1,882.35
Guilders	9⅞	$100
Rupees	17½	100
Pesos	10⅝	100
Hongkong	$21	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3¼d.		$ 73.84
U.S. $100 @ 5 7/16		$1,839.06
London—demand, $1=		3¼d.
4 months' sight credits		3 3/8d.
4 months' sight docts		3 3/8d.
6 months' sight credits		3 3/8d.
6 months' sight docts		3 3/8d.
New York—demand, $100=		U.S. $5 7/16
4 months' sight credits		U.S. $5 7/16
4 months' sight docts		U.S. $5½

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03¼ U.S. $1=59.52d.

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HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling basis	@ 6d per H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling Rate	@ 9¾ per H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) buying	@ 190 per H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing CRB$ or	$2.796 @ 195
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar	$5.453

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

		Highest	Lowest
£		2 13/16	2 7/16
U.S. $	Open Market	4⅞	4 15/16
Yen		—	—

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

OFFICIAL BANK SELLING

£	T.T.	3 5/16 Approved Imports only
U.S.$	T.T.	5 7/16 Approved Imports only
Rs.	T.T.	17½ Approved Imports only

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	23½	23½
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34¾	—

U.S. $/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

New York closing rate for Aug. 27	4.03½
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	4.02 *
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	4.02 *

*—Nominal.

The local exchange "free" market opened with sellers at 2 7/16d. for Stg. and 4 3/16 for U.S.$. For a short while during the morning, a few buyers came out at the rate for U.S. dollars and sellers retired, but shortly before the noon close, a steadier feeling prevailed and business was done as high as 4⅞. In the afternoon, this rate became a definite seller while sterling was offered at 2 3/16, and at the close, the market still appeared steady on this basis. Business, however, was quieter than usual throughout the day.

The official selling rates remained unchanged at 3 3/32 Stg. and 5 1/16 U.S.$.

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Aug. 27.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:

N. Y.	333¼-332¾	London	1/5 13/16
Shanghai	191¼ N	2 mths	
Hongkong	84¾	.. sellers	1/5 13/16
		.. buyers	1/6

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Shanghai	3 5/16d.
Madrid	40.00	Bombay	1/6
Berne	17.30	Hongkong	1/3 1/32
Bel. Congo	176½	Singapore	2/4 3/16

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Spain	9.25 N.	Brazil	5.05
Paris	2.33	Shanghai	5.12
S'zerland	23.37	Hongkong	25.34
Sweden	23.85	Hungary	19.85
Montreal	89.375	Manila	49.87 N

London	4.03¼
Buenos Aires, Paper	29.78
" " " market rate	23.83
Montreal on London	4.51½

N—Nominal.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:	Aug. 27.
Fine Bank Bills, 3 months	1 1/16%
Bank Bills, 6 months	1 1/16%
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months	2¾%
Fine Trade Bills, 6 months	3½%
Call Money	0⅝%
New York:	
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0½%B
	0⅝%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0⅝%B
	0⅝%A
Call Money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

Aug. 28.	Sales 10 a.m.		Prices p.m. Closing	
Atoks	.405	B	.405	B
Antamok	Unq.		.045	
Bagiuo Gold	.16	B	.16	
Batong Buhay	.0040	B	.0039	B
Big Wedge	.51	B	.52	B
Coco Grove	.065	B	.0675	B
Consolidated Mines	.054		.051	B
Demonstration	.032	B	.032	
East Mindanao	.0875	A	.075	B
I. X. L.	.185	B	.19	B
Ipo Gold	.013	A	.013	B
Itogen	.19	B	.205	
Mambulao Consolidated	.01	A	.01	A
Masbate Consolidated	.0825	B	.0825	
Mine Operations	.017	A	—	
North Camarines	.013	B	.013	B
Paracale Gumaus	.25	B	.25	B
San Mauricio	.1475	B	.15	B
Surigao Consolidated	.195	B	.19	
Suyoc	.105	B	.1075	B
Syndicate Investment	.020	A	—	
United Paracale	.165	B	.17	B
Mindanao Motherlode	.385		.39	
Manila Hal-Alai	10.00	B	10.25	B
Benguet Consolidated (over the counter)	3.70	N	—	

Turnover 332,200 Pesos.
Shares Index 47.53.
B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Britain Buys More Tea

Batavia, Aug. 28.

The United States during July yielded first place among the Netherlands East Indies' main tea buyers to Great Britain which imported 795,711 kilograms compared to 310,525 by the United States. Third fourth and fifth place buyers respectively were Australia, South Africa and Canada.

In the course of next week 12,000 kilograms of Java tea will be sent to Britain for distribution among the Netherlands Legion as a present from Netherlands East Indies tea growers. Shipping companies will transport the tea free of charge.—Reuter.

Steel Production Down

Pittsburgh, Aug. 27.

The Magazine "Iron Age" estimated today that the steeel industry this week is operating at 97 per cent. of mill capacity, off 2.5 per cent. from last week but up 9 per cent. from the corresponding week of 1940.—United Press.

Local Stocks Advance on Active Demand

While the international theatre of war and politics presented various dramatic aspects yesterday what with American merchantmen steaming towards Soviet harbours and approaching areas which might perhaps witness some unforeseen scenes of action, and what with French internal political struggles reachihg a new climax, Shanghai traders and speculators more or less ignored these reports yesterday and displayed a rather brisk buying sentiment throughout the two sessions.

There was ample evidence that the speculating public has come back into the market again, due perhaps to the absence of any reports bearing directly upon the Pacific situation.

Rubbers again received much attention and registered a steady-to-firm undertone. Rubber trust shares stood in good demand on account of various mergers which actually have taken place or have been rumoured to occur in the near future.

Industrials Neglected

Industrials were somewhat neglected, with the exception of Lumbers, which staged a comeback and improved to 82, representing a gain of seven points as against Tuesday's closing price. Lumbers have become the number one mystery share these days, and one is inclined to wonder for how long this merry-go-round of liquidation, no liquidation, will continue to induce local traders and speculators to dance to the tune of some undoubtedly very able manipulators.

Financial shares too lagged behind the advance of other sections of the local stock market. Although considering the fact that rubbers have scored heavily these days, one might assume that financial companies, which are not only holders of these shares but also, and that to a considerable extent, operators on the market, have registered sizeable profits for the past two weeks.

Rubbers Advance on Hedging

The advance in rubbers has been brought about, however, not so much by the rate of earnings of these shares, a rate which becomes less and less the more the market price is being pushed into higher ground, but by the fact that rubber shares have been considered a good hedge against the expected fall in the value of the Chinese dollar.

Since the chances of the National Chinese dollar of survival have become vastly greater these days than they were a year ago, there might come a day when the holders of rubber shares will devote their attention to the industrial section again where the rate of earnings, especially in the textiles group has reached rather satisfactory levels.

Hedging Overdone

Speaking of hedges, one has also to mention the activity of local hoarders of all sorts of commodities, and the boom on the local real estate market. Since many of these hoarders and real estate operators have been financed by local banks, it might happen that once it has been found out that hedging activities have been overdone these loans will be called and, accompanied by a selling wave, prices of these particular assets might slump considerably.

The foreign exchange situation has remained the same, and it is understood that two representatives of leading local foreign banks have gone to Hongkong in order to discuss pertinent matters. In view of the fact that for the time being nobody exactly knows where he stands with regard to legitimate imports, insurance premiums, and so forth; it is highly desirable that a satisfactory result is reached without too much delay.—W.H.W.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The market at the opening yesterday was steady, later becoming firm. There was good activity throughout the day, with several stocks registering good advances. Lumber again strengthened, ranging from $75.50 to $83.00, to close at $82.00. A cheerful sentiment again prevailed in the rubber section, with some issues reaching new highs.

Official Averages

High	Low		Yesterday's Average	Change
466.70	105.32	General	317.06	+ 2.62
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	324.60	+11.16

Total 730,822 shares 80 bonds

Morning Session

China Finance				2000	1.40
Yangtsze Finance				500	19.60
	1500	*19.60	500 19.50	4500	*19.50
	1000	19.60	1000 *19.70	1500	19.70
	1000	19.80	500 19.90	500	20.00
	1000	20.25	500 *20.00	2000	20.00
S'hai Loan			7000 21.25	500	*21.25
I. I. Trust			500 32.50	500	*32.50
	500	32.75	4000 *33.00	1500	33.00
	1000	33.25			
Central Prop.				200	22.00
S'hai Land			1000 20.75	500	*21.00
	500	*20.75	6000 20.75	5000	*20.50
	400	*20.75	5000 20.50		
Dockyards			100 *29.50	2100	29.50
Asia Navigation			2500 *14.70	1500	*14.80
	6000	14.70			
Wheelock			1600 97.00	300	*97.00
	1000	*97.50	2000 97.50		
Ewo Mills (Ord)			500 40.00	4000	*40.00
	3600	40.25	1400 *40.25	600	*40.50
	9800	40.50	200 *40.75	1000	40.50
Textile			500 8.85	2000	8.90
	2000	*8.90	500 8.95		
Worsted			1000 6.05	500	*6.10
	500	6.10	1000 *6.05		
C. G. Omnibus			200 18.80	800	18.70
Telephone			100 32.75	300	33.00
	100	*33.00			
S'hai Gas				300	16.90
Paper (X.D.)			4000 *5.40	6500	5.40
Lumber			1200 76.00	200	*75.50
	300	*76.00	300 76.50	800	77.50
	800	78.00	700 78.50	1300	*78.50
	400	78.00	1600 78.50	1100	*79.00
	100	*78.50	2200 79.00	1800	78.50
	300	*78.50	2000 78.00	300	*78.00
	500	77.50	100 *78.00	1000	78.50
	400	*78.50	400 79.00	700	*79.50
	200	80.00	200 *80.50	1700	80.00
	600	79.80	100 *80.00	1500	80.50
	900	*80.50	800 80.50	100	80.00
	100	*80.50			
Metal			4900 35.00	500	*35.00
	500	*34.75			
Exploration			7000 25.75	1500	*25.50
	2500	*26.00			
Anglo Dutch			400 19.20	100	19.10
	300	19.20	1800 19.40	500	*19.30
	3400	19.30	800 19.40		
Anglo Java			3500 36.00	100	35.75
	100	*36.00	100 *36.25	1700	36.25
	400	36.00			
Batu Anam			1000 2.35	1000	2.40
	8000	2.37½	7000 2.35	5000	2.25
Bute			500 10.90	1000	11.30
	500	*11.60	1000 11.70		
Chemor			2000 3.15	6000	3.17½
	3000	3.25	3000 *3.30	5000	3.25
Cheng			4000 1.42	6000	1.40
	3000	1.42			
Consolidated			1000 12.00	500	12.30
	2000	12.50	500 *12.50	1000	12.70
	500	12.60	1000 12.50	500	12.60
Dominion			500 14.50	2500	15.00
Kroewoek			3000 2.87½	2000	*2.85
	1000	2.87½			
Kota			2000 *7.35	5000	7.50
	1000	*7.50			
Langkat			3700 23.00	300	23.25
	400	*23.25	100 23.00	400	*23.00
	1600	23.00			
Padang			5000 3.50	1000	*3.50
Permata				3000	2.20

China Lumber Company To Liquidate

At a meeting of the board of directors of the China Import & Export Lumber Co., Ltd., which was held yesterday the future position of the company, in the light of existing world conditions, was discussed and a decision was reached that it would be advisable at this juncture to restrict the company's activities with a view to voluntary liquidation, rather than enter into fresh commitments.

Simultaneously, it was resolved, as a result of the company's excellent trading profits during the first six months of the current year, to make a cash distribution to shareholders in the form of a bonus of Ch.$15 a share, payable on September 16 to shareholders on the register of the company on September 12. The transfer books and share register of the company will be closed from September 8 to 12, both days inclusive.

U.S. Trade Commissioner Arrives in N.E.I.

Batavia, Aug. 28.

The Trade Commissioner for the United States, Mr. E. C. Zimmerman, yesterday afternoon arrived by special plane from Singapore. He will give an interview to the press in a few days.—Reuter.

Dutch to Intensify Tap

Batavia, Aug. 28.

In connection with the decision to increase the rubber quota for the last quarter of this year to 20 per cent above standard production, it is learnt that important experiments and discussions are now taking place regarding increase of rubber production by intensifying the tap. Rubber growers believe that not only native rubber but also estate rubber will reach the increased quota.—Reuter.

Repah		2000	1.94	3000	1.98
	9000	2.00	4000 *2.00	12000	1.98
Rubber Trust			500 15.70	500	15.90
	500	16.00	1500 *16.20	1000	16.20
	1000	16.30	3000 *16.20	1000	*16.40
	1000	16.30	2000 16.20	2500	16.30
	1500	16.40			
Samagaga			1000 3.00	3000	*3.05
	5000	3.05			
Semambu			3000 2.35	1000	2.37½
	1000	2.40			
Senawang			12000 *3.10	2000	3.15
	3000	3.20	2000 *3.20		
Kedah			1000 *14.20	1000	*14.60
	500	14.70	500 14.60		
Kapayang				400	40.00
Kelantan			15000 1.26	2000	1.24
	5000	*1.26	10000 1.25	3000	*1.28
	6000	*1.30	1000 1.30	12000	1.26
	3000	1.30			
Pahang				1000	7 15
Seremban			11000 4.00	1000	4.05
	1000	4.10			
Sungala				1000	10.60
Tanah Merah			2000 *4.50	4000	4.60
	1000	*4.60	4000 4.70	2000	4.65
	2000	*4.65			
Tebong			3000 1.94	2000	*1.94
	4000	*1.96	8000 1.96	3000	1.98
	1000	*2.00	6000 *1.99	13000	2.00
	6000	2.02½	4000 2.00	3000	*2.00
	8000	1.98	1000 *1.98	2000	2.00
Ziangbe			600 22.50	200	22.75
	100	23.00	1700 23.25	300	*23.25
	700	23.00			
Power (Pref)				30	140.00
Power 5½% Debs				7000	99.25

ODD LOTS

Asia Navigation			220	14.60
Textile			200	*8.80
Paper			250	5.35
Exploration			300	*26.00
Bute	125	11.00	247	11.20
Consolidated			115	12.50
Ziangbe			50	23.00
Sungei Duri			15	65.50
Batu Anam			500	2.32½
Worsted			200	6.00
Ewo	50	40.00	50	40.25
Land	200	21.00	400	20.25
Cheng			580	1.38
Senawang			150	3.15
Samagaga			160	3.00
Kota			170	7.30
Tebong	500	1.96	62	2.02½

Afternoon Session

China Finance				5000	1.50
Yangtsze Finance		1500	20.00	1000	19.90
	500	*19.80			
S'hai Loan		1000	21.00	500	*21.50
	1000	21.25	500 21.00		
I. I. Trust				500	33.50
China Realty				500	13.30
S'hai Land				5000	20.75
Dockyards				3400	29.50
Asia Navigation		6500	14.80	1000	*14.80
Ewo Brewery				1000	7.85
Wheelock		700	97.50	400	*98.00
	500	97.50	200 98.00		
Ewo Mills (Ord)		1000	*40.75	2300	40.50
	1700	40.75	1000 *40.75		
Textile		1000	*8.90	1500	8 90
	3000	*8.95			
Worsted		2500	6.10	500	6.15
	500	*6.10			
Telephone				100	*33.00
Paper		3000	*5.45	500	5.45
	1500	5.40	500 *5.45	4000	5.45
Lumber		600	*81.00	1300	81.00
	600	*81.50	900 81.50	900	82.00
	1000	82.50	700 83.00	100	*83.00
	2100	82.50	700 *82.50	100	*83.00
	900	82.00	900 81.50	100	*81.50
	100	82.00	100 *82.00	200	81.50
	600	82.00			
Metal		200	*34.75	3500	35.00
Exploration		2000	26.00	5500	*26.00
	10500	*25.75	4000 25.75	6500	*25.50
	4000	25.75			
Anglo Dutch		1000	19 30	100	19.40
Anglo Java		200	36.25	100	*36.25
	400	36.00			
Ayer Tawah		500	8.40	500	8.20
Alma				100	64.00
Batu Anam				3000	2.35
Bute		500	11.70	1000	*11.80
	1000	12.00			
Chemor		1000	3.25	1000	3.30
Cheng		10000	*1.42	1000	1.40
	10000	1.42	3000 *1.42		
Consolidated		500	12.50	1500	12.80
Java Consolidated				1000	4.60
Kroewoek		1000	2.85	2000	2.82½
Kota				1000	*7.50
Langkat		400	23.00	300	*23.00
Permata				1000	2.20
Padang		1000	3.50	1000	*3.45
Repah				3000	1.96
Rubber Trust		500	16.50	1000	16.60
	500	*16.70	1500 16.60	500	16.50
	500	16.70			
Samagaga		5000	3.02½	10000	*3 02½
	1000	3.05			
Semambu		1000	2.45	1000	2.50
	5000	2.45			
Senawang				3000	3 30
Kedah				1000	14.80
Kelantan		11000	1.28	2000	*1.28
	4000	1.30	5000 *1.30	7000	1.28
	5000	*1.28			
Pahang				1000	*7.20
Sungala		500	10.80	1500	11.00
Tanah Morah		2000	*4.70	1000	4.70
	2000	4.75	5000 4.70		
Tebong		3000	1.98	3000	2.00
	6000	*2.00			
Ziangbe		100	23.00	100	23.25
	500	23.00			
Power Pref)				20	140.00
Power 5½% Debs				1000	99.50

ODD LOTS

Ayer Tawah			350	8.15
Asia Navigation	300	14.60	100	*14.80
Alma			10	61.00
Telephone			60	32½

*—Direct Business.

Active Local Stocks

	Tuesday Closing	Yester-day's Closing	Change in Per Cent
I.I.T.	32.50	33.50	+3.1
Shanghai Loans	21.00	21.00	0
Yangtsze Finance	19.60	21.00	+2.0
China Realty	13.50	13.30	—1.5
Shanghai Land	20.75	20.75	0
Dockyards	29.25	29.50	+0.9
Wheelock	97.00	98.00	+1.0
Ewo Beer	7.80	7.85	+0.6
Ewo Cotton	40.00	40.75	+1.8
Worsted	6.00	6.10	+1.7
Paper	5.45	5.45	0
Metal Industries	35.00	35.00	0
Lumber	75.00	82.00	+9.3
Exploration	25.75	25.75	0
Anglo Java	36.00	36.00	0
Anglo Dutch	19.10	19.40	+1.5
Kroewoek	2.80	2.82½	+0.9
Langkat	22.75	23.00	+1.1

New York Stocks

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

New York, Aug. 27.

Quietly steady conditions were witnessed on the Stock Exchange today, with quotations closing mostly fractionally higher. The advance today was decidedly modest, with gains in steels, rails, coppers, aircrafts, metals, rubbers and specialties quickly levelled out, leaving the usual narrow market, which, however, closed firm.

Dealings were light, with numerous issues untraded, while the improvement was again technical, prompted by the recent stability in face of the absence of bullish outside news and a scarcity of unloaders during the prolonged stalemate.

Rails, while heartened by the earnings recovery, were wary over the Senate Finance Chairman's suggestion that they be brought within excess profits tax levy. "Iron Age" comment on the plant closing down constituted one of the principal speculative drawbacks.

The volume of business done totalled 430,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	127.37	126.60	127.06	+0.52
20 Rails	30.49	30.33	30.38	—0.02
15 Utilit.	18.63	18.50	18.57	+0.07
40 Bonds	—	—	90.72	+0.06
11 Commod.	—	—	79.93	+0.72

Aug. 26	27		Aug. 26	27
Adams Exp 7	7	Int T & T	2¼	2⅜
Alg Lud 23⅜	24	Johns Man	66½	67
Allis Chal 29½	29¾	Kennecott	38⅜	38½
Amer Can 80½	81½	Libbey O F	28	28
Amer Cyan 40¼	40	Lockheed	28¼	28⅜
Am For Pr *0⅛	0½	Loew's	36½	37⅛
.. $7 pfd 22	21½	Martin	27⅜	27⅝
Am Loco 13¾	14⅜	Mont Ward	34	34⅜
Am Metal 19½	19½	Nat Avia	8⅜	*9¾
Am Rad 6¼	6½	N C Bank	*27	*27
Am R Mill 14½	14½	Nat Dairy	15	15
Am Smelt 42	42½	Nat Dist	22⅜	22⅞
Am Sugar *19	*18	Nat P & L	5¼	5½
Am T & T 154⅜	155½	Nat Supp	7	7⅛
Am Tob 69¾	70½	N Y Cent	12⅞	12⅞
Am Wtrwrk 4¼	4½	Niag Hud	2⅜	2⅜
Anaconda 28⅞	29	N Am Avia	15	15
Atchison 23⅛	23⅜	N Am Co	12⅝	12⅞
Atchison 3⅜	3⅜	Nthrn Pac	7⅛	7⅜
Bald Loco 15	15½	Packard	3	3
Balt & O 4⅛	4⅛	Pant Oil	4¼	4⅜
Barns Oil 10¼	10½	Paramount	15¼	15
Bendix 38	38¾	Penn R R	23½	23⅝
Beth St 68½	70	Phil Pet	44¼	44⅝
Bliss 16⅜	16½	Pullman	26⅜	27⅛
Boeing 19½	19⅝	Pure Oil	9⅛	9⅛
Borg War 19½	19½	Radio	4	4
Briggs 19	19	Reading	16⅜	16⅜
Budd Mfg 4¼	4½	Rem Arms	*4¼	*4¼
Can Pac 4⅛	4⅛	Rep A'rtn	3¼	3¼
Celanese 25½	25½	Rep Steel	19½	20¼
C N Bank *30⅛	*30½	Reynolds	32¼	32⅝
Ches & O 38	37½	Schenley	16¼	16½
Chrysler 57⅛	57½	Shell U Oil	13⅝	14
Col G & E 2⅛	2⅛	Soc Vac	9¼	9½
Coml Cr 23⅜	23½	Sthrn Pac	14⅛	14⅜
Com & S 0⅛	0⅛	Sthrn Rly	31½	31½
Cons Ed 17⅛	17⅜	Spicer	38	38
Cons Oil 5⅛	5	Stan Bran	5⅜	5⅜
Cop St 15¼	*15⅜	St. Gas	*17⅛	17⅛
Curtis Wr 9	9¼	Stand	43⅜	42⅞
Dist Corp 16½	17	Studebaker	5⅛	5⅛
Doug Air 70¾	70½	Swift	*22¼	22⅜
Du Pont 156½	156	Technicolor	9⅛	9⅛
E P Lead 9½	9½	Texas	42⅜	42⅝
E A Lite 28⅛	28½	Transame	4¼	4½
Elec B & S 2¼	2¼	Tw C Fox	8¼	8½
.. $5 pfd 54⅜	54½	Un B & P	11	11
.. $6 pfd 59⅜	59	Un Pac	81⅜	81½
Erie & L 35	34½	Un Air	40⅜	41
Flintkote 14½	14¼	Un A Lines	11	11½
Gen Elec 32½	32⅜	Un Corp	0⅜	0⅜
Gen Motors 39½	39½	.. $3 pfd	23½	23½
Gen Rly 15	15½	Un Gas	7⅛	7⅛
Gen T & R *12½	12⅜	U S Rub	23	23⅜
Goodrich 18⅛	18⅞	U S Steel	57⅞	58
Goodyear 19⅛	19	Vanadium	25½	25⅝
Gt N I Ore 17⅛	17⅛	Vultee	7⅛	7⅛
Gt N Rly 26	26½	Walworth	5	5
Gt W Sug 26	26½	War Br Pct	5¼	5½
Int Nickel 27⅛	27⅛	West Elec	91⅛	91½
Int Paper 18⅜	18⅜	Wood Iron	25¼	*25¼

BONDS

Am & For	61⅛	61	Int T & T	44⅛	46
Aust Com	71⅛	71⅜	New Eng	60½	61⅛
Brazil	22⅜	22⅝	Sthrn Pac	51⅛	51⅜
.. 6½%	18⅞	19	St G & E	86½	86½
C S P & L	98¼	98½	*—Bid.		
Erie	30⅛	30½			

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices ruled firm today, with specials featured in a quiet market. Traders were reticent to accumulate stocks before the holiday, but a small demand brought increases wherever it appeared. The market ignored reports that M. Pierre Laval had been shot. Business news included the estimated rise of 10,000 cars over last week's loadings, the 18 per cent rise in electricity production, compared with last year, and numerous favourable corporation reports. The Senate Finance Committee has eliminated the House-approved soft drink tax and has also approved the 7 per cent automobile sales tax.

U.S. Commodities

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

New York, Aug. 27.

The cotton market opened firm today, with quotations ruling from 9 to 14 points up. Later, the market forged further ahead on heavy mill buying, coupled with New Orleans and speculative support, on fears of a crop shortage after the numerous boll-weevil damage complaints. Further large Government bids for cotton-goods absorbed scale-up hedging and profit taking. Finally, the market partially receded on realizing on the more favourable weekly weather report, but the decline continued to encounter a good trade demand. The market closed steady, with quotations ranging from 14 to 18 points up from the previous final levels.

Firm conditions again prevailed in the Chicago Wheat Pit today in sympathy with the impressive advances of the cotton and edible fats markets, indications that numerous North-Western farmers were reluctant to sell wheat while new crop loan rates remain above the current spot market levels, and buying by Wall Street and millers. At the final bell, gains from 1⅛ to 1¼ cents were registered.

N. Y. Cotton

Oct.	16.86-86 +14	Mar.	17.21-23 +14
Dec.	17.04-04 +16	May	17.27-28 +16
Jan.	17.06-06 +00	July	17.23-23 +16

N. Y. Sugar No. 3		N. Y. Sugar No. 4	
Sept.	2.66-69 +02 B/A	Sept.	1.89½ N +05
		Dec.	1.93-94 +05 B/A
Jan.	2.72-74 +04 B/A	Mar.	1.93½-94 +05 B/A

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
Sept.	113⅞-114 +1⅛	Sept.	76⅞ A +½
Dec.	117¾-118 +1¼	Dec.	80¾-80¾ +½

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

London, Aug. 28.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 13⅝ unc; sellers 13¾ unc; Sept. del. buyers 13⅝ unc; sellers 13¾ unc.

London Tin: Standard, cash, buyers £256½ +½; sellers £257 +¾; 3 mths del. buyers £259¾ unc; sellers £260, unc.—Reuter.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn, 20's, D.H. p.b. Cash		$1.722
Tungchow cotton .. per picul		330
Shanghai cotton .... per picul		270
		picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78%		$7,000
		Nom.
Flour, local .. per bag (49lb.)		$29.00
Flour, imported ..		32.10

London Stocks

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

London, Aug. 27.

Generally quiet and steady conditions prevailed throughout the day, apart from home rails, which after the early continued firmness partially reacted on profit taking, and Kaffirs in which section some speculative issues early advanced on Cape support but later receded when interest subsided.

British gilt-edged securities remained unchanged, while some good features were recorded among industrial issues, including tobaccos and South African ores. In the foreign bond section, Japanese bonds continued their upward move, but South American rails were a shade easier.—Reuter.

	Aug. 26	27
U.K. LOANS		
3½% War Loan (Red.)	£105 1/32	106 1/32
3% Defence Loan	101	101
CHINESE LOANS		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	47	47
4½% Anglo-French Loan

FROM DAY TO DAY

MR., Mrs. C. D. Longhurst and Patsy have returned to Shanghai after a vacation spent in the Philippine Islands.

BY courtesy of the Free French, the Allied Federation will hold its regular weekly broadcast over station XMHA at 9.45 tonight. The speaker will be the Netherlands' representative.

AT about 9.15 a.m. yesterday, Koo Tsung-fah, a male Chinese aged about 40, was picked up lying sick on Burkill Road near Myburgh Road. He was taken to Paulun Hospital, but died on the way there.

THE Japanese Residents' Corporation of Chinkiang has decided to form a Nippon Club in that city, according to the "Shanghai Mainichi." The projected club will be situated in the Shiroki department store building.

A CHINESE cyclist was taken to the Shanghai Sanitarium Clinic at 11.20 a.m. yesterday after his bicycle was knocked down by a lorry at the corner of Seward and Tiendong Roads. The victim suffered compound fractures.

A LIAISON office of the Japanese Residents' Corporation and Associations in Central and South China, will be opened in the offices of the Shanghai Japanese Residents' Corporation on September 1, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

A CHINESE pedestrian sustained concussion of brain when he was knocked down by a trolley bus on Robison Road, near the China General Edison Co. An S.F.B. emergency ambulance was called out and the victim was taken to St. Luke's No. 2 Hospital.

DR. Haruo Mizushima, Professor of the Kyushu Imperial University of Japan, arrived here on Wednesday afternoon in the ss. Shanghai Maru for the purpose of studying malaria and other diseases existing in Central China, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

THE Shanghai Special Municipality will open a new normal school sometime during the middle of September to train primary school teachers, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports. The new institution will be opened at the site of the former Wan Chu Primary School in Nantao.

PART of the second group of 139 Japanese evacuees from the Philippine Islands, who arrived here on Wednesday, left for Japan yesterday in the ss. Shanghai Maru, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports. The remainder are expected to leave tomorrow in the ss. Taiyo Maru, the paper said.

FOLLOWING Mr. Alfred Morley's Weekly Commentary at 9.20 p.m., over station XCDN today there will be a radio dramatization "The Battle of Britain." This M.B.C. recorded programme describes the achievements of the R.A.F. Fighter Command between August 8 and October 31, 1940.

APPROPRIATIONS totalling Y.3,010,000 for the establishment of four additional Japanese schools in Shanghai will be brought up for discussion at an extraordinary meeting of the Assembly of the Japanese Residents' Corporation to be held in the auditorium of the Fourth National School on September 2, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

PRECAUTIONS undertaken by the Japanese on various bridges over the Soochow, Hongkew and Yangtszepoo bridges were relaxed yesterday, and only the Pingliang Road bridge was closed for about half an hour in the morning. Pedestrian and vehicular traffic was normal over other bridges, although Chinese were still subjected to searches.

FIREMEN from Sinza station, under Sub-Officer G. F. R. Jack, were called out to 315/9 Tatung Road at 12.58 p.m. yesterday when the house, occupied as a godown for storing chemicals and for manufacturing of women's toilet articles, became the scene of a minor blaze when a quantity of lipstick was overboiled. No damage was done to property.

MR. Toru Ike, close friend of the late Dr. Sun Yat-sen, founder of the Chinese Republic, will be the official guest of the Nanking Government at the special invitation of President Wang Ching-wei, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports. During his recent trip to Japan, according to the "Tairiku," President Wang met Mr. Ike for the first time in 34 years.

THE Dai-Ni Byoin, branch of the Central Hospital in Nanking will be opened to patients from December of this year, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports. The hospital staff will consist of 40 doctors and 100 nurses. The hospital will be able to accommodate 250 patients. The institution will be under the direction of the Ministry of Home Affairs of the Nanking Government.

UP till Wednesday no instructions had been received by the local Chinese postal authorities from the Central Postal Administration of the Chinese National Government in Chungking, concerning the reported increase of postal charges as from September 1, says a report to the "Shun Pao." It is learned that post offices in "free China" have also not received any instructions to put the revised postal rates into effect.

CEREMONIES for the reopening of the Paoying-Hwaiyin section of the Grand Canal, which connects North and Central China, were held on the banks of the canal outside the East Gate of the walled city of Hwaiyin, in western Kiangsu, on Tuesday morning, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports. The ceremonies were attended by many prominent persons including local Chinese officials and representatives of the Japanese military and naval forces, the paper said.

GUIDANCE as to the pronunciation of Gen. Auchinleck's name is given in a letter to the "Sydney Morning Herald" of July 14:—"If General Auchinleck derives his name from Boswell's Auchinleck, in Ayrshire, Scotland, it is quite correct to call it "Affleck." I lived there as a boy over 50 years ago, and the common pronunciation of the town's name, at least among the older generation, was "Affleck." Visiting Australian sheepmen must, in the course of past years, have seen or heard of the "Affleck" lamb fair, now abandoned."

THE Chinese Overseas Educational Association in Chungking has established a number of branches in foreign countries since its inauguration sometime ago, a Chungking Chinese message to the "Sin Wan Pao" states. There are branches in Hongkong, Burma, and some new ones are to be set up in Macao and other outports. The branch association in Ottawa has succeeded in raising a sum of $460,000, Canadian Currency, during a campaign to raise subscriptions from Canadian Government "victory bonds." It also raised US$7,000 among the Chinese community and forwarded it to Queen Elizabeth for British refugee relief funds.

British Action in Iran "Outrageous" Says "Chugai"

Tokyo, Aug. 28.

Denouncing the British invasion of Iran as "outrageous," the "Chugai Shimpo," leading commercial daily, today editorially declared, "Now we know what Britain stands for—aggression and communism."

Britain always has been denouncing others, and only recently she described the despatch of Japanese troops to French Indo-China as an "aggression." Japanese troops were sent to Indo-China following the conclusion of a joint defence pact with the Vichy Government on the understanding of creating a prosperity sphere in East Asia, whereas the Anglo-Soviet action in Iran was made despite Iran's repeated declarations of adhering to strict neutrality, the paper asserted.

No other government than Vichy better understood Britain and that was the reason why the Vichy Government was willing to conclude a joint defence pact with Japan, the "Chugai" pointed out, adding, "How would the United States, which claims to be the world policeman, atone for the Anglo-Soviet invasion of Iran with the Stimson Doctrine which denounces aggression under any pretext?"—Domei.

Room Left for Talks Between Japan and U.S. Says "Hochi"

Tokyo, Aug. 28.

The "Japan Times and Advertiser" afternoon edition today prominently featured an article translated from this morning's "Hochi Shimbun" which said that there was still room left for diplomatic negotiations between Japan and the United States as well as Britain.

The "Hochi" article was written by Mr. Makoto Komuro, well-known commentator, who said that such negotiations in the Pacific crisis were possible because the United States and Britain "will never welcome Japan's jumping on the springboard."

He warned, however, that Japan should never follow a "fill gap" policy in such negotiations but should be firm in order to reject the Anglo-American "utmost demands."

The commentator, according to the "Japan Times and Advertiser," said that in the event American tankers landed oil and ammunition at Vladivostok such action "would be a direct challenge to Japan."

He said, the journal added, that even if the United States' arbitrary interpretation of the freedom of the seas should be admitted in the eastern half of the Pacific "it will never be recognized in the western half."—United Press.

Works of Maupassant Banned in Japan

Tokyo, Aug. 27.

The works of Guy de Maupassant, French author whose novels were very widely read by Japan's younger generation, will disappear from the bookshops in this country.

Sales of existing volumes both in the French original and the translation were banned by the Home Office on the 18th of this month.

As a result of this ban, the Japanese Publishers' Cultural Association decided to bar the translation of Guy de Maupassant's complete works in six volumes from their programme.

Motivating their decision, they declared that they recognized the literary merits of the author, but expressed fear that they would produce a harmful effect on the public mind at this time of national emergency.

Commenting on the decision of the Association, a spokesman of the Information Bureau stated: "These books are made of individualism and are crammed with jealously, eroticism and what not, and no Japanese should indulge in such morals at this time."—Havas Telemondial.

Philippines Reservists Mobilized

Manila, Aug. 28.

Eighteen thousand reservists in the Philippine army today flocked to assigned posts in the islands to report for duty preparatory to induction of 10 Philippine army regiments into the United States army.

Formal ceremonies will be held at the main army barracks on September 1, with Lieutenant-General Douglas MacArthur, Commander-in-Chief of United States Far Eastern forces, expected to attend one of the posts near Manila.

Meanwhile, it was reported that other reservists soon may be called up, in line with Gen. MacArthur's plan to muster the entire Philippine army reserve force.—United Press.

"Nichi Nichi" Wants All Thai Exports for Japan

Tokyo, Aug. 28.

The "Nichi Nichi's" Bangkok correspondent today reasoned that all Thai exports should be allotted to Japan.

The correspondent said that Japan and Thailand were bound closely through Thai Rice shipments to Japan. He said other important Thai resources, particularly tin and rubber, also should be used for the "East Asia co-prosperity sphere," and therefore that all Thai exports should be allotted to Japan.—United Press.

Population of India On Increase

Simla, Aug. 28.

Preliminary census returns of India's population, taken early this year, disclose an increase by 46,000,000 over the figure of 1931, and possibly the actual increase is approximately 60,000,000.

Although it is generally unofficially assumed that India's population numbered 400,000,000, the census reveals a mere 389,000,000, being 11,000,000 short in India alone. The 1931 census, showing a population of 353,000,000, included Burma, which has a population of about 14,500,000.—Reuter.

Japan's Rice Crops To Be Surveyed

Tokyo, Aug. 28.

Mr. Hiroya Ino, Minister of Agriculture and Forestry, will leave Tokyo tomorrow on an inspection tour through Aomori, Akita, Yamagata, and Niigata Prefectures, it was revealed. Mr. Ino is expected to make a close survey of rice crops in the northeastern prefectures. He is expected to return to the capital on September 2.—Domei.

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Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Tuckshing	Hsinkong	Hwachung
Tientsin M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Sanko M.	Tsingtao	T.K.K.
Buyo M.	Tsingtao	T.K.K.
Myoho M.	Japan	T.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Shanghai M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Taga M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Eldorado	Pana.	E. Asiatic
Kindia	Fr.	M.M.
Tientsin M.	Jap	D.K.K.
Husah M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.R.
D. de Lagrea	Fr.	Gbt.	K.B.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Sbt.	Upper S.
E. Carlotto	Ita.	Gbt.	1-3 B.
Lepanto	Ita.	Gbt.	1-3 B.

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A Ship sailing last week in August
A Ship sailing second week in September
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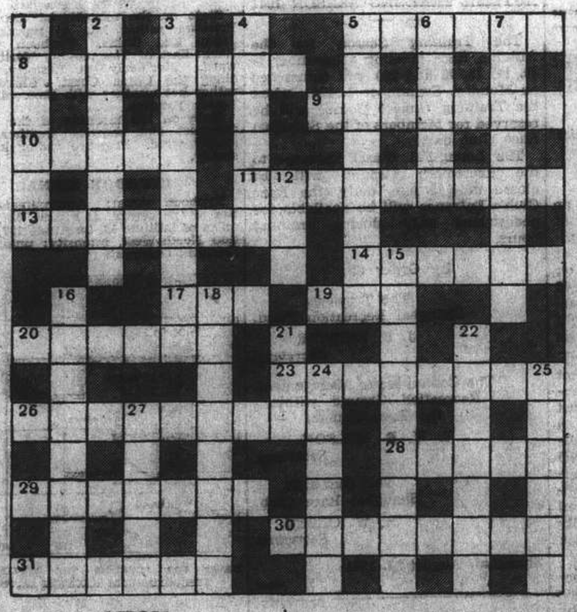
(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph")



ACROSS

5 Arrived with the gunners for a snappy affair (8)
8 Talking of war damage a building of this description is not covered (8)
9 This up slows one down (7)
10 It helps one to pull up one's socks, and braces (5)
11 Think of a number, try this, and you'll get another one (9)
13 Nice joint, but keep it warm for your friends (8)
14 Boxes if curtailed; rather rare (6)
17 If round about can use 14 across for a clue (3)
19 "Go to it" is advice to sailors (3)
20 Base part of possibly a noble piece of architecture (6)
23 They may be good statutes, of course (two words—4, 4)
26 He hesitates to say what he means (9)
28 Re this code irks the conscience (5)
29 Part of an island put out of sight (7)
30 Topping feature for climbers (8)
31 Taken from a famous stretch of water (6)

DOWN

1 'Tis ended, and all for nothing (5)
2 A good head for grain (7)
3 No bright inclination for a roll of dishonour (two words—5, 4)
4 Hardly devoid of cunning (6)
5 Talk about the opposite (8)
6 Emil Charles' factual part (5)
7 Luxuriance of growth (8)
12 A spot of work (3)
15 Inheritance (9)
16 Would moving to a house cure this extreme defect? (two words—4, 4)
18 Rate then constitutes menace (8)
21 Just a bit of paper (3)
22 Would soldiers do this if they did not like the accommodation? (7)
24 Flower (6)
25 An aid to joint cohesion (6)
27 A picture may do for this decoration (5)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 1, Pigtail; 5, Tackles; 9, Nearing; 10, Tornado; 11, Cadence; 15, Oil-tank; 16, Orion; 21, Redeem; 22, Tracer; 23, Posse; 24, Rotate; 25, Nit-wit; 26, Tress; 29, Dead Sea; 32, Peerage; 36, Car park; 37, Nigeria; 38, Tallest; 39, Treadle. DOWN: 1, Panic; 2, Gland; 3, Allen; 4, Lugger; 5, Tattoo; 6, Coral; 7, Llama; 8, Stock; 12, Anemone; 13, Emerald; 14, Compete; 16, Intense; 17, Tractor; 18, Needing; 20, Issue; 27, Racket; 28, Spinet; 29, Ducat; 30, April; 31, Shave; 33, Eagle; 34, Acrid; 35, Evade.

Motor Cars and Cycles

1941, American Bantam de luxe open tourer, Radio, five white-walled tyres, 30 m.p.g., excellent condition throughout, one owner driver, only US$800. Telephone 11462. -2574

1937 air-conditioned Nash sedan, US$800; 1937 Lafayette sedan, US$775. View by appointment. Box 1532, NCDN. -11002

ESSEX sedan, owner-driven. New tyres and battery. $3,000 or best offer. Telephone 70346. -2587

WANTED one secondhand motor-cycle in good running condition. Particulars address Box 1587, NCDN. -11009

CHEVROLET sedan, good condition, bargain, US$250. Telephone 74500. -2535

FIAT, 1939 4-door sedan, economical and in perfect condition. US$1,000. Please reply Box 1573, NCDN. -2569

1934 Morris Cowley four-door saloon. New tyres. Just overhauled. US$325. Telephone 22069, 1—3 p.m. or after 6.30 p.m. -2549

VAUXHALL coupe, 1934, owner driven, excellent condition. Schwarz, c/o Ka Foong Tire Comp., 425 Avenue Foch. -2554

1937 Plymouth sedan, for sale, good condition. Price US$330. Telephone 35027 from 1-3 p.m. -2512

1935 Austin seven 1936, Opel sedan. Telephone 14847. Office hours. -10967

CHEVROLET roadster, excellent condition, US$260. Telephone 74500. -2532

FORD 1940 coach, like new, for sale. Telephone 74500. -2492

PACKARD 1936 model 120. Telephone 70070, Room 1217. -2467

PACKARD 120 late 1938 5-passenger, owner driven, excellent condition, newly painted, US$1,000. Box 1513, NCDN. -2462

Office Cars

LIFT required, three times daily, corner Sayzoong, Public School for Girls. Address Box 1567, NCDN. -2538

LIFT required twice daily corner Petain, Kaufmann, Cohen, de Sieyes to Hongkong & Shanghai Bank. Office hours 8.30-4.30. Box 1511, NCDN. -2459

Chinese Servants

WANTED now for about six weeks well recommended baby amah. Telephone 20273. -2591

WELL recommended cook or cook-boy available immediately. Reply Box 1590, NCDN. -2594

WANTED now for about six weeks, well-recommended baby-amah. Telephone 20273. -2591

EXCELLENT boy or cook-boy, coolie amah, boy, willing go Singapore. Box 1571, NCDN. -2564

HONEST, industrious cook-boy, with quiet habits and good appearance, well-recommended. Telephone 32923 -2555

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73148. Central Employment Agency. British, Servants, specialists. Established 1930. Closed Sundays and every afternoon. -11004

72782 General Trading Company. Excellent cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, office-boys, coolies. Prompt service. -2391

HONEST and clean couple cook-boy and amah. Experienced, foreign cooking and washing. Telephone 21136 before 10 a.m. or write to K. L, 987 Yu Yuen Road. -2539

WANTED, a good amah cook, also can iron, must be recommended. Telephone 66129, between 1-2 p.m. -2540

WANTED, experienced, well-recommended amah for girl. Must sleep in. Address Box 1516, NCDN. -10971

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LARGE furnished room, for single person, in private family. Modern apartment, French Concession. Box 1585, NCDN. -2589

LARGE room in apartment house to let. Apply 2/36 Avenue Dubail. Telephone 32882. -2569

TO LET, nice, big, southfacing room with verandah. Park Apartment. 455/21 Rue Lafayette. -2547

TO LET, well-furnished room, modern conveniences, Lincoln Apartment, 1562 Avenue Joffre, Flat C5. -2529

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PEKIN Apartments, 157 Peking Road. Large south room, private bath, suitable married couple or two friends. Telephone 16010, Manageress -2570

PRIVATE home, large south room with verandah, full board, for two Allied gentlemen. Vicinity French Club. Telephone 79887. -2018

ROOM available, board optional, separate bathroom. Lane 1220/55 Avenue Road. -2504

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Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

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Animals

WANTED services of registered male wire haired terrier against choice of litter. Telephone 78847.

BOTH affectionate, lady wire-haired and master, looking for good home, former since latter leaving. Box 1570, NCDN. -2564

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WINCHESTER or other reliable .22 calibre rifle wanted, preferably repeater. Good condition. Box 1580, NCDN. -2550

WANTED to buy, large-sized baby's perambulator for twins. Preferably collapsible. Must be in perfect condition. Address Box 1579, NCDN, or telephone 72550. -2570

WANTED buy secondhand household furniture, carpets, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 30965 daily, Mr. Bers. -2559

Wanted to Rent

WANTED one room, good location for two gentlemen, with use of kitchen. Telephone 16563, 12-2. -2567

MODERN two/three roomed apartment wanted. Willing to pay good price. Box 1523, NCDN. -2564

YOUNG couple wants lodging and board for three/four weeks with Neutral family in Hungjao. Price immaterial. Address Post Office Box 1657. -2573

WANTED from September 1, by young American business man of good reputation: room and board with quiet Chinese family, with opportunity to study Shanghai dialect daily with member of family. Advertiser requests exchange of references. Reply Box 1547, NCDN. -11000

WANTED luxurious furnished floor/five-roomed apartment, only first-class district, preferably American or British offers. No brokers. Telephone 18909 office hours. -2558

WANTED, five/eight-roomed house, furnished/unfurnished, available September/October. Box 1534, NCDN. -2499

WANTED by responsible family, Allied, two-five-roomed apartment, flat, house, furnished/unfurnished, or furniture to be taken over. Agents need not reply. Telephone 71862 from 8-10 a.m. -2475

TWO German bachelors desire well-furnished flat or house of two bedrooms with two bathrooms and usual living quarters. Please send full particulars to Box 1548, NCDN. -2522

WANTED, three-roomed flat, furnished or unfurnished, in French Concession. Address Box 1523, NCDN. -2476

WANTED in Concession by two business ladies one/two rooms, private bathroom, quiet home, with/without board. Full particulars to Box 1505, NCDN. -2441

FURNISHED double room and bath required for two weeks from September 1. Send particulars to Box 1510, NCDN. -2482

Furnished Apartments

TWO well furnished rooms in apartment, use of kitchen, bathroom, hot water. Telephone 73734, mornings only. -2572

TWO rooms, bathroom, kitchen. Fully-furnished. Near Jessfield Park. Box 1565, NCDN. -2593

ATTRACTIVE modern two-roomed flat, with alcove, best part French Concession. Reasonable rental includes steam-heat, frigidaire, taxes, Arts Crafts dining, Tai Chong bedroom, living-room suites, to be taken over US$350. Box 1520, NCDN. -2472

TO LET, in a new apartment building, in the best residential part of French Concession, two and three-roomed furnished and unfurnished apartments with all modern conveniences. Apply A. Leonard, P. Veysseyre, Architects, 461 Avenue Joffre. -10813

Unfurnished Apartments

FOUR, three, two-roomed apartment, best part Concession. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -2570

261 Route Culty. Attractive newly-constructed three-roomed flats with bathroom and kitchen available for occupation about September 7. Rent $580/$600 per month, including hot and cold water only. For further particulars apply Palmer and Turner, Property Office, 17 Canton Road, telephone 15059. -10881

UNFURNISHED three-roomed flat with one bathroom, to let. Apply 470 Seymour Road. -2537

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HUNGJAO House to be let for one year, six rooms, large kitchen, spacious verandah, outside servants' quarters and garage, garden, etc., fully-screened, S.W.W. water and power, moderate inclusive rental, furniture to be taken over by arrangement. — Box 1575, NCDN. -2574

FOR SALE, private residence, Yantszepoo. Five big and two small rooms, two bathrooms, kitchen, garage, big garden, two telephones, servants' quarters, latest style furniture. Address Box 1560, NCDN. -11016

AVAILABLE about middle September, vicinity Route Delastre, eight roomed house, new refrigerator, telephone, furniture and fixtures to be taken over. Apply Box 1515, NCDN. -72464

Unfurnished Houses

TO LET, unfurnished, on long lease, in the French Concession, one large house standing in over five mow of land. Address Box 1536, NCDN. -10978

BEAUTIFUL large rooms with bathrooms, tennis lawns, Great Western Road. Apply Chinese Post Office Box 5022. -2513

Houses and Land

SALE, six-roomed foreign house on 1.600 mow land. Vicinity French Park. Price reasonable. Address Box 1534, NCDN. -2568

FOR SALE, Zikawei district, one eight-roomed modern foreign house, garden, one mow 240, F. C. lot, US$4,000. Route Edan, nine-roomed foreign house on 18 years leased land, US$2,500. Route Culty, one mow 600 vacant land, US$5,500. Route Kaufman, about one mow vacant land US$5,000. Connaught Road, 20 shops with one floor, US$8,000. Bordes, Post Office Box 4014. -2582

FOR SALE, six-roomed house, two bathrooms, balcony. Box 1568, NCDN. -2540

FOR SALE, most beautiful modern big residence, up-to-date equipment, entirely furnished, with over 8 mow land, in best part of French Concession. Price US$35,000. No brokers. Address Box 980, NCDN. -10918

HOUSES and land, situated in the western district of Shanghai, and Hungjao; if for sale, please write full particulars to The E-W Property Department, 54 Great Western Road, Ground Floor. Telephone 22272. -2551

FOREIGNER wants to rent or buy, Hungjao district or adjacent roads, five to ten mows land or garden without house, with or without hut. Reply Post Office Box 764. -10978

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cloudy and fine weather with moderate north-easterly winds around Shantung. Overcast to cloudy with local showers and moderate and unsteady winds over our regions and the eastern sea. The typhoon over the Pacific will continue North-westward.

		At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature yesterday		min. 73.0	max. 80.0	min. 73.4	max. 78.3
" same date last year		min. 75.0	max. 84.0	min. 73.2	max. 85.6
Rainfall : .32					

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, AUGUST 29, 1941 (7th day of 7th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on Aug. 30, 5.30 p.m. registered and 6.30 p.m. ordinary. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Singapore on Aug. 30, 5.30 p.m. registered and 6.30 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Sept. 4, 14, 1941.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
Single copies 30 cents
Shanghai delivery .....6 mos. $42
China, Korea and Japan ..... " 46
Hongkong and Macao ..... " 52
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NORTH-CHINA HERALD
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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
((Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

MARRIAGE

PRICE—JENNINGS.—On August 1, 1941, at the English Church, Batavia, Java, Dutch East Indies, Stanley Price of Batavia and Bandoeng, to Muriel Irene Gordon, elder daughter of Dr. Ridley Bailey, late of Bilston, Staffordshire, England, and Mrs. Ridley Bailey late of Torquay, England.

CARD

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. CROKAM

P.P.C. -2581

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

From September 1, 1941, our office address will be
No. 39 Peking Road, 3rd Floor.
Our telepone number will remain 11159.
LIDDELL BROS. & CO., LTD.
10898

COMING EVENTS

AUGUST

30 XCDN Moonlight Follies, Popular Night, 9.30.

SEPTEMBER

7 Memorial Service for Mr. Yang Moi Nan, Huchow Guild Hall, 263 Kweichow Road 4.
13 B.W.A. Fun Fair and Tennis Tournament, in aid Red Cross, Cathedral Girls' School, 3.

G. R.

IN HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S SUPREME COURT FOR CHINA AT SHANGHAI

IN THE ESTATE OF
PETER BLAIR ALLAN
deceased.

All persons indebted to the Estate of the above named deceased are requested to make payment forthwith to this Court. All persons having any claim against the said Estate are requested to file particulars with this Court by October 29, 1941, after which date the balance of the said estate will be distributed to the persons entitled.

C. H. HAINES.
Registrar.
11004

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Eleventh Ordinary Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Offices of the Company, 150 Nanking Road, Shanghai, on Friday, September 12, 1941, at 11.30 o'clock in the morning to transact the ordinary business of the Company.

NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN that the Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from September 11, 1941, to September 15, 1941, both days inclusive; also that all proxies must be lodged at the registered offices of the Company not later than noon on Thursday, September 11, 1941.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

B. G. COYLE.
Secretary.

Shanghai, August 28, 1941.
11009

THE ANGLO-FRENCH LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that arising out of the profits from the sale of two properties in the Eastern District, the Directors have this day declared a Special Interim Dividend of $10. Local Currency per share to be paid to Members on record on September 12, 1941.

The Transfer Books and Share Register will be closed from September 8, to September 12, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,

A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.
Agents.

Shanghai, August 28, 1941.
11008

THE KAPAYANG RUBBER ESTATES COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of The Kapayang Rubber Estates Company, Limited will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road Shanghai on Friday, August 29 1941 at 11.15 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing the following Resolutions as Special Resolutions that is to say:—

1. THAT it is expedient to effect an amalgamation of this Company with The Rubber Trust Limited AND THAT with a view thereto this Company be wound up voluntarily AND THAT Frederick Newman Matthews and Harry Rennie Clelland be hereby appointed Liquidators jointly and severally for the purposes of such winding-up.
2. THAT the conditional Agreement submitted to this Meeting be and the same is hereby approved AND THAT the Liquidators be hereby authorised pursuant to Section 223 of the Hongkong Companies Ordinance No. 39 of 1932 to adopt the said Agreement and carry the same into effect with such (if any) modification as the said Liquidators may think fit.

By Order of the Board.

J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.
Secretaries.

Shanghai, Aug. 6, 1941.

A copy of the conditional Agreement mentioned above is open to inspection at the Offices of the Company and of Messrs. Hansons 49 Szechuen Road, Solicitors for the Company.
10917

THE SHANGHAI SEREMBAN RUBBER ESTATES, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of The Shanghai Seremban Rubber Estates, Limited will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road Shanghai on Friday, August 29, 1941 at 11.30 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing the following Resolutions as Special Resolutions that is to say:—

1. THAT it is expedient to effect an amalgamation of this Company with The Rubber Trust Limited AND THAT with a view thereto this Company be wound up voluntarily AND THAT Frederick Newman Matthews and Harry Rennie Clelland be hereby appointed Liquidators jointly and severally for the purposes of such winding-up.
2. THAT the conditional Agreement submitted to this Meeting be and the same is hereby approved AND THAT the Liquidators be hereby authorised pursuant to Section 223 of the Hongkong Companies Ordinance No. 39 of 1932 to adopt the said Agreement and carry the same into effect with such (if any) modification as the said Liquidators may think fit.

By Order of the Board.

J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.
Secretaries.

Shanghai, Aug. 6, 1941.

A copy of the conditional Agreement mentioned above is open to inspection at the Offices of the Company and of Messrs. Hansons 49 Szechuen Road, Solicitors for the Company.
10918

THE SENAWANG RUBBER ESTATES COMPANY (1921) LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of The Senawang Rubber Estates Company (1921) Limited will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road Shanghai on Friday, August 29, 1941 at 11.45 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing the following Resolutions as Special Resolutions that is to say:—

1. THAT it is expedient to effect an amalgamation of this Company with The Rubber Trust Limited AND THAT with a view thereto this Company be wound up voluntarily AND THAT Frederick Newman Matthews and Harry Rennie Clelland be hereby appointed Liquidators jointly and severally for the purposes of such winding-up.
2. THAT the conditional Agreement submitted to this Meeting be and the same is hereby approved AND THAT the Liquidators be hereby authorised pursuant to Section 223 of the Hongkong Companies Ordinance No. 39 of 1932 to adopt the said Agreement and carry the same into effect with such (if any) modification as the said Liquidators may think fit.

By Order of the Board.

J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.
Secretaries.

Shanghai, Aug. 6, 1941.

A copy of the conditional Agreement mentioned above is open to inspection at the Offices of the Company and of Messrs. Hansons 49 Szechuen Road, Solicitors for the Company.
10919

V AN UMPIRE V

well known on village greens wishes it to be announced that he has just got his hundredth wicket. Though many a batsman has had to retire on what he considers a thoroughly bad decision no wiser decision can be made by any man than to cover his car with a Comprehensive Policy.

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After We Sell—WE SERVE

THE CHINA IMPORT AND EXPORT LUMBER CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE

At a Meeting held on Thursday, August 28, 1941, the future position of the Company, in the light of existing world conditions, was discussed by your Directors, and a decision was reached that it would be advisable at this juncture to restrict the Company's activities with a view to Voluntary Liquidation, rather than enter into fresh commitments.

Simultaneously, it was resolved, as a result of the Company's excellent trading profits during the first six months of the year, to make a cash distribution to Shareholders in the form of a bonus of CNC$15.- a share, payable on Tuesday, 16th September, 1941, to Shareholders on the Register of the Company on 12th September. The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from 8th to 12th September, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,

ARNHOLD & CO., LTD.,
General Agents and Managers.

SHANGHAI RACE COURSE AND RECREATION GROUND WITHIN SAME

NOTICE

AUTUMN TRAINING SEASON 1941

The Training Season for the Autumn Race Meeting (November 8, 10, 11, 12, 15 and 22) will commence on Monday, September 1, 1941, when the Training (inner) Course will be reserved for Members of the Shanghai Race Club only.

The Loong-Fei (East) Entrance to the Recreation Ground will be closed until 8 a.m. daily the Race Club's Entrance will be available for pedestrians only during training hours.

By Order of:

The Trustees.
Shanghai Recreation Fund,
J. F. BRISTER.
Secretary.

The Committee of Management,
Recreation Ground within the Race Course,
T. W. R. WILSON.
Secretary.

The Stewards,
Shanghai Race Club,
A. W. OLSEN.
Secretary.

Shanghai, August 23, 1941.
10848

NOTICE

ATHENS COFFEE

quality as always, supplied freshly roasted and ground to your order. Now obtainable at:

HADJIRY'S
416 Szechuen Road
Telephone 16133
-2460

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U. S. A. celery, grapefruit, oranges, lemons, Chefoo best pears, apples, grapes, fresh red salmon.
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Telephone 12981 *General Manager.*

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10784

THE STANDARD-VACUUM OIL COMPANY

wish to announce

that effective Monday, September 1, 1941

all sales of Gasoline and Lubricating Oils and Oiling and Greasing Service at their Service Stations will be for CASH ONLY.

ALL CREDIT ACCOUNTS WILL BE DISCONTINUED AS OF SEPTEMBER 1, 1941
10827

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich+8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Reports	Aug. 27 16.00	Aug. 27 21.00	Aug. 28 4.00	Aug. 28 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.71	29.74	29.71	29.76
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.09	+0.08	+0.04	+0.04
at 59 F. (" 12 hrs.)	+0.04	+0.02	0.00	+0.02
Wind (direction)	ENE	E	E	ESE
" (miles per hour)	10.6	6.6	9.5	8.5
Temperature (Fahr.)	78.5°	76.7°	73.4°	75.0°
Humidity (per cent)	82	96	98	100
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	10	10
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	0.02	0.06

Siccawei Abridged Report Aug. 27	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.71	+0.08	29.76
Temperature: min. 75.0° max. 84.7°	79.9°	—2.5°	79.3°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	50.28	—	39.15

Time and Tide	29/8	30/8	31/8	1/9	2/9	3/9	4/9
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.27	5.28	5.28	5.29	5.29	5.30	5.31
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.22	18.20	18.19	18.18	18.17	18.16	18.15
Moon rises at Shanghai	12.00	13.03	14.02	14.57	15.47	16.34	17.16
Moon sets at Shanghai	23.05	23.58	—	0.54	1.51	2.50	3.50
Flood makes Shai. (day)	14.17	15.10	16.08	17.46	7.07	8.30	9.45
Ebb makes Shai. (day)	7.06	7.47	8.40	10.05	11.58	13.18	14.10
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	16.40	17.34	6.00	8.05	9.17	10.10	11.05
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	9.10	8.20	6.90	6.50	7.85	9.10	10.35

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 27th:—Pressure rather low to normal over Japan and China. Typhoon to the North-East of Yap moving North-Westward. Northerly to Easterly winds along the China Coast. Cloudy and rather hot weather with showers in the Lower Yangtze.

State on the morning of the 28th:—Overcast and showers weather. Unsteady wind. Pressure rather low and steady.

TYPHOON SIGNAL

Typhoon signal: Approximate positios of the centre, at 2 p.m., within 120 miles of latitude 13, longitude 137, direction North-West, intensity: unknown.—Siccawei Observatory.

CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

FRIDAY, August 29.	Reg.	Ord.
Manila and Indo-China ..	8.30	9.00
Hongkong and Canton	11.30	12.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
SATURDAY, August 30.		
Weihaiwei and Tientsin ..	*20.00	8.00
Shenkiamen and Tinghai..	9.30	10.00
Aust. N.Z. Manila S.S. Ceylon India and Suez (via Colombo) .....Ax	17.00	18.30
Hongkong and Canton	18.00	18.30
Central America and Canal Zone via Hongkong ...Bz	—	—
Tsingtao and Dairen	20.00	20.00
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	20.00	20.00
Chefoo Weihaiwei and Tientsin	20.00	20.00
SUNDAY, August 31.		
Shenkiamen and Tinghai..	9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00

*The night before.
A Parcel mail for S.S., F.M.S., Ceylon, Africa & India, closes at 16.00 on 30.
B Parcel mail for Central America and Canal Zone closes at 16.00 on 30.
X Provisional time subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.
Next parcel mail for U.S.A., closes on Sept. 4, 1941.

Canton-Hanoi-Saigon-Bangkok Air Mail

Air mails close on every Sunday and Wednesday at 9 p.m. for registered and ordinary for transmission per Shanghai-Canton Air Line to connect with the aeroplane leaving Canton for Hanoi on every Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and for Saigon on every Monday and Bangkok on every Friday. The air mails may also be sent per available steamer to Canton via Hongkong.
Netherlands K.L.M. Air Mail Service (Batavia-Lydda) per steamer to Singapore on Aug. 30, at 5.30 p.m. for registered and at 6.30 p.m. for ordinary.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.
Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow, per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow; Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.
Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tungshan, Haichow, Kweiteh, Kaigan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaiwan Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan, Yuncheng and Linfen by the planes of the China Airways Co. close daily at 10.30 p.m.
Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.
Canton, Swatow and Hoihow per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Daily Train Mail

Nanking only at 7 a.m. and 1.30 p.m.
Entire N.S.R. and River Ports up to Ichang at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
T.P.R. north Pinghan, Lunghai and Kiaotai Lines at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Entire S.H.N.R. including Siaoshan, Kokiao and Shaoshing daily at 1 p.m.
Sungkiang and Hangchow only at 10.30 p.m.
Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per trains via Nanking and T'sin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains (for time of closing see above.)

1941 MERCURY

Drive this Mercury—Judge for yourself whether its extra comforts, performance and Big-Car Luxury are not well worth the little difference you pay over lowest priced cars.

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PALM
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MARGARINE
COLONIAL MARGARINE

We regret to announce that due to increased costs Palm Margarine will be increased by 30 cents per lb. and Colonial Margarine by 25 cents per lb., effective as of August 29, 1941.

HENNINGSEN PRODUCE COMPANY
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
11088

A REMINDER

If your car has constantly been through the flooded areas—water has possibly contaminated the engine, gear box and rear axle oils. These and other points if left alone may cause expensive repairs.

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10900

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the injured in Air Raids and the brave Army of Red Cross workers who tend them and

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Lincoln Bennett and Townend Hats only obtainable from
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Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED a radio serviceman, Chinese preferred. Telephone 20397. 10929

YOUNG Russian, perfect command of English, wanted as interpreter, occasional work during evening. State age, education, salary expected. Box 1588, NCDN. -2592

WANTED experienced steno-typist with good knowledge of English and Russian. State in own handwriting age, nationality, qualifications, experience, and salary expected to Box 1580, NCDN. -2526

WANTED Eurasian or Portuguese girl speaking English and Chinese for doctor's office. Box 1545, NCDN. -2517

Business Opportunities

FOR SALE, sound business concern established 1933, good monthly returns easy to manage. Reply Box 1576, NCDN. -2575

FRUIT juice factory, well known and best introduced brand, many regular customers, for sale. Apply Box 1562, NCDN. -2593

CHINESE silk mill under foreign management. Excellent production in pure silk neckties and ties, piece goods. Chance for exporter. Box 1501, NCDN -2430

FOR SALE: A flourishing business. Capital required US$23,000. Owner leaving. Apply Box 1539, NCDN. 10977

WILLING invest $25,000/$200,000 in any sound business or proposition. Address Box 1522, NCDN. -2474

FOR SALE: Up-to-date foundry and machine shop, etc., in best running condition, Yangtzepoo district, with working permission, 13 mow land, outstanding contracts to be taken over. Investment: $1,000,000. Box 1540 NCDN. -2507

For Sale—Miscellaneous

IMPORTED pedalling Scooter run. Good excellent diversion for boy or girl. Solid steel driving gears; perfect running condition. Inspection test invited. Telephone 36952. -2548

SECONDHAND piano for sale, 90 per cent. new. Please call telephone 78336 between 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. -2565

FOR SALE, owner leaving. Record radio, six American tubes, short and long wave, $375 new. You can have it for $250. Genuine English Hercules lady's bicycle. Excellent condition. $195. Box 1563, NCDN. -2552

SUPERIOR dining room set (19 pieces), man's and ladies' desks, easy chairs, carved chairs; Chinese carved mirror, chairs and inlaid cabinets, 110 v. desk fan, etc., all in perfect condition. Prices reasonable. Telephone 71094. 10998

PERFECT white diamond, nearly two carats, for quick sale, by private party, US$400 or equivalent local currency. Belajeff, Post Office Box 5026. -2508

MOUTRIE "Minnie" piano, privately, new condition, $2,000. Telephone 37627 for appointment. -2487

GLOVES 22 colours, 75 cents, guest towels, 75 cents; ladies' handkerchiefs, $3.50 dozen; lace curtains, $7.50 pair. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 10893

ELECTRICAL cosmetic apparatus and medical lamps. Special bargains. Inspecton without obligation: 124 Sassoon House. -2510

SOONG Pang Kee Iron Works, established 1892. Expert in chemical, pharmaceutical machines and instruments. 278 Avenue Road. -2209

DINNER, coffee, tea, fruit sets, crystal-ware, cutlery, best European brands: good value. Also in stock: European table cloths, sheets, etc. General Magazine, 337 Haig. -2403

FOR SALE, various selections of operas, symphonies, orchestral and miscellaneous recordings. Also many London-made recordings. All in excellent condition. Please apply Box 1542, NCDN. 10983

SUMMER shirts, ½ sleeves, made to measure, from $15.50; Pyjamas, knee length, $19.50. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 10899

SECONDHAND furniture, refrigerators, ice-boxes, household effects, bought/sold at best prices. G. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat. Telephone 73597. -1633

Cameras

EXPORTER urgently wants cameras of any make. Payment in USA currency. Box 1569, NCDN -2561

Miscellaneous

IF you have anything whatsoever for sale or wish to purchase, telephone or send us a note and our representative will call on you. Our terms are cash. Chesterfield Art Secondhand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road, telephone 36334. 10926

Personal

YOUNG American gentleman wishes to meet young foreign-speaking ladies for companionship. Must be good looking. Box 1559, NCDN. 10993

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Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of twenty dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.20.

LADY, steno-typist, with knowledge of general office work, desires position. Good knowledge of Mandarin and Cantonese languages. Box 1574, NCDN. -2570

EUROPEAN, four years Far East as department head, excellent knowledge of office routine, bookkeeping, etc., seeks employment. Outport no objection. Salary immaterial. Box 1561, NCDN. -2561

QUALIFIED electro-mechanical engineer, age 27, seeks any work after office hours. Box 1589, NCDN. -2582

YOUNG British girl wishing to go to England to join H.M. Forces will look after young child/children or be companion or private secretary in exchange for part passage. Please reply Box 1578, NCDN. 11001

NEUTRAL, well-connected, experienced general office hand, exports, imports, costs accounting, proficient business correspondent, seeks responsible situation. Please address Box 1561, NCDN or telephone 36952. -2548

YOUNG man, British passport, knowledge of engineering and commerce, wishes change to work in Burma or South. Willing do anything. Box 1564, NCDN. -2535

YOUNG man, 23, knowledge accounts, seeks position. Excellent testimonials. Address Box 1445, NCDN. -2536

CAPABLE, young lady stenotypist, perfect English, Russian, employed, seeks betterment. Address Box 1406, NCDN. 10891

BRITON, 29 years, married, seeks position. Experienced supervisor of labourers, godowns, also knowledge general office work. Perfect Shanghai dialect. A1 references. Box 1537, NCDN. -2502

YOUTH, aged 23, British subject, desires position as assistant bookkeeper. Reasonable salary. Please send replies to Box 1538, NCDN. -2546

YOUNG Chinese lady seeks position as stenotypist. Address 146/25 Carter Road, c/o Mr. Chiang. -2523

YOUNG Russian lady at present in good position as private secretary in outport, wishes to work in similar capacity in Shanghai. Writes and speaks fluent English and German. Perfect shorthand in both languages. Experienced in all phases of office work. Good references. Minimum wages $900 per month. Box 1517, NCDN. -2488

Educational

LEARN German: German lessons, grammar and conversation, given by Mr. Knoche, 2 Quinsan Gardens. Exceptional references. -2398

WANTED, Chinese lessons from English-speaking lady. Dr. Yamamoto, telephone 40255. -2552

FIGUEIREDO'S School, Shorthand typewriting, English. Crystal-clear explanations. 54 Garden Apts., 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 10489

SWEEPING successes, London Chamber of Commerce Bookkeeping Examination (Certificate). All certificates with distinction were awarded to students of The Shanghai Business College. All successful. No failures. 1941 Shanghai Open Typewriting Championship (School Section) was won by a student of The Shanghai Business College. Enrol for Autumn Session, Shorthand, typewriting, English, bookkeeping/accountancy. 320 Szechuen Road (second floor). Telephone 17733. 10770

MISS Moalem' School, 218 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Kindergarten, Primary Grades, Autumn term commences September 4. Telephone 14080. -2210

FOREIGNER, German, wants to improve his English by daily conversation. Apply full particulars, Box 1528, NCDN. -2466

CHINESE lady, not so well educated, would like to learn English conversation from well-educated foreigner but not refugee. Address Box 1552, NCDN. -2530

JAPANESE couple living Edinburgh Road require Chinese lessons from well educated English speaking Chinese lady. Twice weekly, evenings. Telephone 18218, Okumura. -2528

Lost

CUSTOMS Baggage Enclosure Admission Pass No. 105 is lost and hereby declared null and void. R. Uno. -2583

LOST, between Route Doumer and Nanking Theatre, ladies' diamond studded watch. Reward. Reply Box 1514, NCDN -2569

Dancing

NEW Dancing Academy, 727 Weihaiwei Road, House 3, Flat 303. Academy exclusively for the English-style ballroom dancing. Lessons are given personally step by step by an experienced teacher, Mr. L. Gay. Beginners are guaranteed to be able to dance after four lessons. The fee is to be refunded in case they can not. For the advanced, the latest variations and higher technics. -2278

MISS Lillian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -2555

Boats

DINGEY with outboard motor for sale cheaply. Reply Post Office Box 1602. 10778

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